Romeo and Juliet Unit Literary Terms

Week 1:

Prologue An opening speech that introduces a play and gives the audience the

play's basic plot.

Pun The humorous (usually) use of a word or phrase to suggest two or more

meanings at the same time.

Week 2:

Soliloguy A speech delivered by a character alone on stage to allow people to

know what he or she is thinking or feeling.

Imagery A picture drawn with words that creates a picture in the mind of the

reader.

Foreshadowing The use of clues to suggest what might happen later in the plot.

Week 3:

Reversal The turning point where the forces of the conflict come together and the

situation either begins to improve (comedy) or get worse (tragedy).

Dramatic Irony The words or acts of a character in a play that may carry a meaning

unperceived by himself but understood by the audience. Usually the character's own interests are involved in a way he cannot understand.

Climax The high point to which the plot consistently builds.