

# **Great Thinkers**

### **Unit Summary**

This unit exposes students to great minds who have made a significant impact on the world. Students take on the role of a Great Thinker and through research they answer Content Questions, such as, *How did these "Great Thinkers" change the world? What obstacles did they overcome to change the world?* and *Who did their work impact?* After synthesizing their research information, students create "I AM" poems as well as diary entries from the perspective of their Great Thinker. As a culminating activity, students become their Great Thinker, presenting the life and accomplishments of a Great Thinker to the class. In a final reflection, students answer the Essential and Unit Questions, *What does it take to change our world?* and *Which people have positively impacted our world?* 

# **Curriculum-Framing Questions**

- Essential Question
   What does it take to change our world?
- Unit Questions
   Which people have positively impacted our world?
- Content Questions
   How did these "Great Thinkers" change the world?
   Who did their work impact?
   What obstacles did they overcome to change the world?

### **Assessment Plan**

#### Assessment Timeline

This timeline shows in chronological order the different types of formal and informal assessments that occur during the unit. The table below explains how each assessment is used and who uses it for what purpose.

### At a Glance

Grade Level: 6-8

Subject(s): Social Studies,

Language Arts

**Topics:** Reading, Writing, and Communication

Higher-Order Thinking Skills: Analysis, Synthesis

**Key Learnings:** 

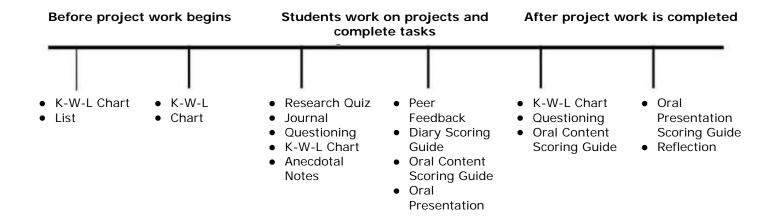
Researching, Expository Writing, Public Speaking **Time Needed:** 5 weeks daily, 50-75 minutes each

day

# **Things You Need**

Instructional Procedures Standards Student Samples





Assessment	Process and Purpose of Assessment
K-W-L Chart	Students develop classroom and individual Know-Wonder-Learn Charts about Great Thinkers. Students use these to access prior understanding, brainstorm ideas, think about questions to research, and reflect on their learning. The teacher uses the K-W-L initially to gauge readiness and interest in the topic and then during the unit to promote metacognitive skills as students revisit the charts and reflect on their learning.
List	Students generate a list of famous people and choose five that they think have made a positive impact on the world. This helps students tap prior knowledge and start to organize their thinking. The teacher uses the information to assess what types of people students think have made positive impacts on the world. This can then lead to a discussion highlighting the important characteristics in Great Thinkers
Journal	Students use journals to write down research notes and to answer reflective questions. The teacher reviews journals during conferences to provide feedback, clarify misunderstandings, and provide additional lessons if necessary. The teacher reviews journals at the end of the unit to assess analysis and synthesis skills.
Questioning	Teachers use questioning strategies to monitor student progress, probe for understanding, and engage students in higher-order thinking. Teachers question students when circulating during group and individual work time as well as during conferences. Teachers also return to Curriculum-Framing Questions throughout the project to analyze student understanding.
Research Quiz	Students are given a short answer research quiz to check on their progress. This quiz provides the teacher with a snapshot of the research up to this point. Most importantly, this quiz serves as a guide to students about what they still need to find regarding the life and work of their Great Thinker.
Anecdotal Notes	In this informal assessment, notes from observations and interactions with individuals and groups and from the conferences provide documentation for final assessment.
Poem Scoring Guide	Students use the poem scoring guide to monitor the quality of their work and to provide peer feedback during the writing, editing, and revising of the "I AM" poems. The teacher uses it to assess the final poems.
Peer Feedback	Students use the poem scoring guide to give feedback to their peers about their poems. They do not score each other, but rather highlight the descriptions in the scoring guide that correspond to the poem, citing evidence from the poem. The focus on peer feedback is on improvement, not judgment.
Diary Scoring Guide	Students use the diary scoring guide to monitor the quality of their work during diary writing. Teachers use the scoring guide to assess final entries.
Oral Presentation Content Scoring Guide	Students write and deliver a speech as their Great Thinker, using the Speech Content Scoring Guide to help prepare for the content of the speech as well as to clarify questions during the practice sessions. This is the first of two scoring guides for the students' speeches. The content

	scoring guide assesses the substance of the speech, while the oral presentation scoring guide assesses the enactment of the speech. The teacher uses this scoring guide to assess the content of the oral presentation.
Oral Presentation Scoring Guide	Students write and deliver a speech as their Great Thinker, using the Oral Presentation Scoring Guide to help prepare for the presentation or production portion of the speech as well as to clarify questions during the practice sessions. The teacher uses it to assess the oral presentation.
Reflection	Students reflect upon what they have learned in the unit, returning to the Essential and Unit Questions, "What does it take to change our world?", and "Which people have positively impacted our world?" Students cite evidence from their research and their peers' presentations. The teacher uses these reflections to assess students' growth throughout the unit.

### **Credits**

Joel Lang participated in the Intel® Teach Program, which resulted in this idea for an assessment plan. A team of teachers expanded the plan into the example you see here.

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Assessing Projects: Great Thinkers Instructional Procedures

### **Instructional Procedures**

#### Introduction to Unit

- 1. Ask the Essential Question: "What does it take to change our world?" Elicit student responses and create a K-W-L chart to record students' ideas. Leave the chart up throughout the unit for reference.
- 2. Pose the Unit Question to the class, "Which people have positively impacted our world?" and record the brainstormed list of these people. Ask questions to ensure students are thinking about people from all cultures, professions, age groups, and time periods.
- 3. Ask students to choose three people to write about in their journals, giving reasons as to why they think these particular people have had a positive impact. Review journal entries to gauge student understanding, thinking, and reasoning. Then lead a class discussion highlighting the characteristics and reasoning that are important to consider while researching.
- 4. Introduce the scenario for the project telling students that they will take on the role of a "Great Thinker" and present to the class after conducting research to find out all they can about the thinker's life and how they impacted the world.
- 5. Expose students to additional possible Great Thinkers through guessing games and book passes. Using the original brainstormed list and these additional activities, have students add twenty to thirty names to their journal of possible Great Thinkers they would like to become for this project.
- 6. Ask students to choose the two "thinkers" from the list who they would like to research in more detail and have them create an individual K-W-L chart in their journal regarding these "thinkers". Review entries to ensure there are a variety of people represented and then assign one of the chosen thinkers to each student.

#### **Research Fundamentals**

- 1. Guide students through a research process in which students read a passage from an encyclopedia and then explain what the words really mean.
- 2. Set up research folders with category questions specific to Great Thinker research:
  - Personal life
  - Major accomplishments
  - Problems or obstacles
  - What else was happening in the world or with other Great Thinkers?
- 3. Ask students to read through a variety of information from varied sources about a famous person and work in partners reading each article and deciding:
  - o Is the source reliable? Are the sources consistent?
  - o Is the information important?
  - o If yes, to which category (from Great Thinkers research folder) does the information belong?
- 4. Provide students with yet another encyclopedia article about another Great Thinker and have them complete the process alone and then compare their ideas with the class.

### **Researching Great Thinkers**

- 1. Using the research folder, ask students to gather information from a variety of resources. (Internet, books, encyclopedias, etc.) Prompt students to create a bibliography that correctly documents their sources.
- 2. Remind students that they are writing and delivering a 3-5 minute speech as their Great Thinker using the research they gather. Provide students with the **Speech Content Scoring Guide** and the **Oral Presentation Scoring Guide** to help guide their research and clarify questions during the practice sessions for their Great Thinker speech.
- 3. Take notes while **questioning** and observing students throughout the research process to monitor progress and assess student understanding.
- 4. As students gain new information, prompt them to revisit and add to their initial K-W-L charts.
- 5. After roughly one week, give students a short answer, **research quiz** to check on their progress. This quiz provides a snapshot of the research up to this point. Most importantly, this quiz serves as a guide to students about what they still need to find regarding the life and work of their Great Thinker.

### **Creating Documents with Research**

- 1. To help students prepare for taking on the role of their Great Thinker, ask them create an "I AM" poem based on the thinker's life:
  - Provide students with the Poem Scoring Guide to self-monitor the quality of work during writing.
  - Guide students through the writing process complete with rough drafts, peer feedback, and teacher editing for content and conventions.
- 2. In addition, ask students to create five diary entries based on events in the Great Thinker's life:

- o Provide students with the **Diary Scoring Guide** to guide their decisions during the diary writing.
- Guide students through the writing process complete with rough drafts, peer feedback, and teacher editing for content and conventions.
- If necessary, discuss with students ideas for writing about milestones and provide guidance as needed.
- 3. Assess the poems and diary entries using the scoring guides and ask students to consider the comments and scores when planning for their upcoming presentations.
- 4. Ask students to return to their K-W-L chart and reflect on what they learned about their Great Thinker, especially in regards to the Content Questions:
  - How did these "Great Thinkers" change the world?
  - o Who did their work impact?
  - What obstacles did they overcome to change the world?

#### **Concluding the Unit**

- 1. Revisit the **Speech Content Scoring Guide** and the **Oral Presentation Scoring Guide** to help students plan, draft, practice, and present the life of their Great Thinker. Ask students to self-assess before they present using the **Speech Content Scoring Guide**.
- 2. Ask students to design and gather props to assist with their oral presentation. Encourage students to practice their presentation before the class presentation.
- 3. Ask students to take notes in their journals as each presentation is delivered.
- 4. Assess the presentations using both scoring guides.
- 5. After all student presentations, revisit the class K-W-L chart and ask students to brainstorm everything they've learned about the Essential Question, *What does it take to change our world?*
- 6. Then have students individually reflect in their journals answering the Unit Question, Which people have positively impacted our world? and What did it take to do it? Ask students to cite specific examples from their research and their peers' presentations when answering these questions. Review these entries looking for students' abilities to synthesize information and generate the key characteristics needed to be a Great Thinker.
- 7. Review anecdotal notes, journals, all scoring guides, the research quiz, and the final reflections to determine student understanding and growth throughout the unit.

Assessing Projects: Great Thinkers

# Content Standards and Objectives

# **Targeted Content Standards and Benchmarks**

### **Washington State Standards**

#### Reading

• The student understands the meaning of what is read.

### Writing

- The student writes in a variety of forms for different audiences and purposes.
- The student understands and uses the steps of the writing process.

#### Communication

• The student communicates ideas clearly and effectively

### Social Studies

- Understand and use inquiry and information skills required by citizens in a democratic society
- Understand and apply critical thinking and problem solving skills to make informed and reasoned decisions

### **Student Objectives**

Students will be able to:

- Gather information from a variety of sources
- Make sense of what is read
- Assimilate information to forge understanding of life and times of a Great Thinker
- Use information to write poetry
- Use information to write a diary
- Use information to write a speech, assuming the role of famous person
- Deliver speech effectively in classroom setting

Assessing Projects: Great Thinkers

# Student Samples

### **Student Samples**

Here are student sample diaries at two different levels of performance. In addition, there is one student sample of a speech and one student sample of a poem.

### 1. Student Diaries

Student C Diary of Agnes Bojaxhiu Student C Diary Scoring Guide

Student F Diary of Leanardo Da Vinci Student F Diary Scoring Guide

### 2. Student Speech

Speech Student A Speech Scoring Guide A

### 3. Poem

Poem Student B
Poem Scoring Guide B

# Great Thinkers

1. With your small group, brainstorm a list of people that, over history, have made a positive impact on the world.

# [Possible student responses]

George Washington	Beethoven	Michelle Pfeiffer
Chief Joseph	William Shakespeare	George Bush
Harriet Tubman	Tom Cruise	Bill Clinton
Queen Victoria	Shaquille O'Neal	King Arthur
Mother Teresa	Vincent Van Gogh	Gandhi
Pope John Paul	Ernest Hemingway	Thomas Edison
Nelson Mandela	Marconi	Bill Gates
Attila the Hun	Martin Luther King	Albert Einstein

2. Choose the five most influential people and rank them in order of their importance.

# [Possible student responses]

- 1 George Washington
- 2 Thomas Edison
- 3 Gandhi
- 4 Bill Gates
- 5 William Shakespeare

# Possible Questioning Probes to Illicit Higher-Order Thinking

- 1. What are the characteristics of a Great Thinker?
- 2. What qualities make someone a Great Thinker?
- 3. Why did you choose your particular Great Thinker?
- 4. What about your Great Thinker makes him/her great?
- 5. What impacts did your Great Thinker have on the world?
- 6. Who does your Great Thinker remind you of in your life?
- 7. What do you think your Great Thinker would think of today's world?
- 8. If you could ask your Great Thinker one question, what would you ask him/her?
- 9. How do you think the world would be different if your Great Thinker had not been born?
- 10. What do you need to do to become a Great Thinker?
- 11. Why are Great Thinkers so important to the world?

# **Great Thinkers Research Quiz**

How well have you researched your Great Thinker? This is an open note, closed book quiz.

Name				
The Personal Life of your Great Thinker: What is the name of your Great Thinker? (Yes, spelling counts!)				
When and where were you born?				
What are the names of your parents and siblings?				
What level of education did you accomplish? (Graduated from? Self taught?)				
Did you marry? Name your spouse and any children:				
<ul> <li>Choose one additional question to answer:</li> <li>Describe your early life in one word; then tell why you chose that word.</li> <li>Briefly tell one story or piece of trivia from your early life.</li> <li>Describe one thing from your childhood that might have led to your later accomplishments.</li> </ul>				
The Work of your Great Thinker: Were you recognized in any way for your work during your lifetime (awards, positions, patents) or were you only recognized after your death? Explain.				
In one sentence, tell why you are a Great Thinker.				
What are some of the characteristics/qualities you possess that make you a Great Thinker?				
What impact did your work have on the world? How did your work make the world a richer, better place?				

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Who did your work impact?
The World of your Great Thinker:  Name another Great Thinker who worked during your time period.
Name one world event that might have impacted your Great Thinker.
<ul> <li>Choose one additional question to answer:</li> <li>Name another Great Thinker whose work would have influenced you. Explain.</li> <li>Name a future Great Thinker who might have been influenced by the work you did. Explain.</li> <li>Describe a social situation of the time period and explain how that would have made your Great Thinker's work more difficult. (Example: women's rights at that time, treatment of minorities at that time, laws, expectations)</li> </ul>
The Trivia of your Great Thinker: Share a brief, interesting story piece of interesting trivia about your Great Thinker:

Poem Writin	g Scoring Guide			
Descriptor Points	Effective 10-9	Adequate 8-7	Somewhat 6-4	Little or None
Ideas in Poem	My poem follows correct format. Each line speaks to a different part of my Great Thinker's life.	My poem follows correct format.  Most lines provide insight into to a different part of my Great Thinker's life, though some ideas are repeated.	My poem follows correct format. Each line provides some insight into my Great Thinker's life, though many ideas are repeated.	My poem follows correct format.  Most lines discuss the same ideas; very little variety in ideas. Poem offers very little insight into the life of my Great Thinker.
Word Choice	I use figurative language to create vivid mental images in all lines. Every line causes reader to ponder ideas presented.	I use figurative language to create mostly vivid mental images in most lines. Some lines are insightful whereas others are ordinary.	I attempt to use figurative language to create mental images in some lines. Most lines are ordinary.	I do not use figurative language to create mental images in lines. Poem is unimaginative reciting of basic facts.
Examples and Details	I use appropriate, vivid details and examples in my poem.	I use appropriate detail in my poem.	Some of my poem is too general and does not have enough detail.	I have very little detail in my poem.
Conventions	I am careful to check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, so I do not have any mistakes.	I check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, and I do not have any mistakes that would confuse people while they are reading.	I check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, but sometimes I have mistakes that confuse people while they are reading.	I do not check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, and I have several mistakes that confuse people while they are reading.

# **Diary Scoring Guide**

Descriptor	Effective	Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0
Diary Entry	My diary is about one event and its impact on my personal or professional life.	My diary is generally all about one event and its impact on my personal or professional life.		My diary seems to be about a lot of different, unrelated events and don't show their impacts on my personal or professional life.
Creativity		I include some unusual features to add meaning and enhance my readers enjoyment.	I try to add some unusual features, but they may not add to the meaning.	My interpretation is predictable.
Word Choice	I use emotional and interesting words that make my entry seem realistic.	I use emotional and interesting words when I can.	I often use ordinary, predictable words.	I usually use ordinary, predictable words.
Examples and Details		I use appropriate detail in my writing to prove I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.	Some of my writing is too general and does not have enough detail to prove I know very much about the life and times of my Great Thinker.	I have very little detail in my writing and offer little or no proof that I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.
Sentence Fluency	Some sentences are long, some are medium, and some are short. I start my sentences with different words and phrases so they do not all sound the same.	I have some variety in my sentence length and beginnings.	Many of my sentences are about the same length, and some of them begin with the	My sentences are mostly about the same length, and many of them begin with the same kind of phrase or word.

Conventions	I am careful to check my writing	I check my writing for accuracy	I check my writing for accuracy	I do not check my writing for
	for accuracy in spelling,	in spelling, capitalization,	in spelling, capitalization,	accuracy in spelling,
	capitalization, grammar, and	grammar, and punctuation, and	grammar, and punctuation, but	capitalization, grammar, and
	punctuation, so I do not have	I do not have any mistakes that	sometimes I have mistakes that	punctuation, and I have several
	any mistakes.	would confuse people while	confuse people while they are	mistakes that confuse people
		they are reading.	reading.	while they are reading.

Oral Presentation Content Scoring Guide					
Descriptor		Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None	
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0	
Organization	Beginning of my speech is very engaging and captures audience's interest.	Beginning of my speech is engaging and mostly captures audience's interest.	Beginning of my speech is somewhat engaging.	Beginning of my speech is not engaging.	
	My transitions between ideas are smooth, logical, and seamless.	ideas are smooth and	My transitions between ideas are somewhat logical, though rough or awkward.	My transitions between ideas are rough and not logical.	
	My conclusion effectively summarizes the speech and is related to the whole.	My conclusion summarizes the speech and is related to the whole.	My conclusion is ineffective and may not relate to the whole.	There is no logical plan to my speech.	
	I include an effective final appeal and a very memorable ending.	I include a final appeal and a memorable ending.	I include an inadequate appeal and a forgettable ending.	I provide no real sense of closure or impact, leaving my audience confused.	
Personal Address the Content Question: How did their personal life affect their work?	The facts and ideas I share give audience a very good sense of Great Thinker's personality.	give audience a sense of Great Thinker's personality.	The facts and ideas I share give audience a minimal sense of Great Thinker's personality.	The facts and ideas I share do not give audience a sense of Great Thinker's personality.	
Role Play	I stay in character throughout all of the presentation.	I stay in character throughout most of the presentation.	I stay in character throughout some of the presentation.	I do not stay in character during the presentation.	
Professional Address the Content Questions: How did my Great Thinker change	The major accomplishments are clearly stated and fully explained.		The major accomplishments are partly stated and explained.	The major accomplishments are not clearly stated nor fully explained.	

the world? What	The importance and meaning of my	The importance and	The importance and	The importance and
obstacles did they	Great Thinker's work is very clearly	meaning of my Great	meaning of my Great	meaning of my Great
overcome to change the	discussed. His/her path to success	Thinker's work is	Thinker's work is not very	Thinker's work is not
world?	(obstacles, awards won, etc.) is	discussed. His/her path to	clearly discussed. His/her	discussed. His/her path to
	clearly explained.	success (obstacles, awards	path to success (obstacles,	success (obstacles, awards
		won, etc.) is explained.	awards won, etc.) is not	won, etc.) is not explained.
			clearly explained.	
Historical	Significance of my Great Thinker	Significance of my Great	Significance of my Great	Significance of my Great
Address the Essential	and his/her impact on the world is	Thinker and his/her impact	Thinker and his/her impact	Thinker and his/her impact
and Content Questions:	clearly explained. My audience	on the world is explained.	on the world is partly	on the world is not
What does it take to	absolutely knows why he/she is	My audience has a good	explained. My audience	explained. My audience
change our world? Who	considered a Great Thinker. Time in		has to guess as to why	does not know why he/she
did their work impact?	which my Great Thinker lived and its	considered a Great	he/she is considered a	is considered a Great
	impact on his/her life is clearly	Thinker. Time in which my	Great Thinker. Time in	Thinker. Time in which my
	described and explained.	Great Thinker lived and its	which my Great Thinker	Great Thinker lived and its
		impact on his/her life is	lived and its impact on	impact on his/her life is not
		mostly described and	his/her life is partly	described or explained.
		explained.	described or explained.	

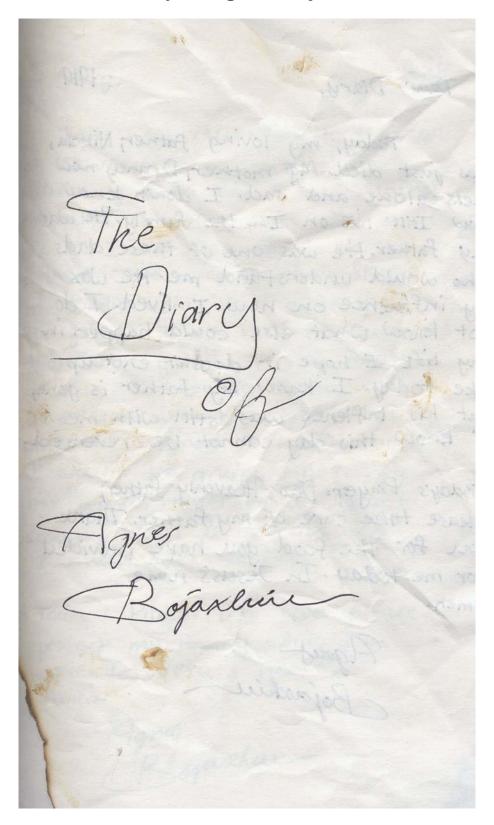
# Oral Presentation Scoring Guide

Name	<b>Great Thinker</b>	

			ı	ı
Descriptor		Adequate	Somewhat	Little/None
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0
Eye Contact	The speaker is looking at the audience almost all of the time. The speaker makes direct eye-to-eye contact with most of the members of the audience at some point in the speech.	The speaker is looking up for most of the talk. The direct eye contact with members of the audience is sporadic.		Most of the time, the speaker is not looking at the audience.
Voice	Every spoken word can be heard and understood clearly with no difficulty by each person in the audience.	A very brief portion of the talk may be unclear or inaudible to some members of the audience, OR the audience has to make an effort to hear and understand.	unclear or inaudible to some	Several portions of the talk are unclear or inaudible to most of the audience.
Preparation	Preparation is highly evident. The speaker makes smooth transitions between parts of the talk. There are no delays in the use of visual aids.	Preparation is evident. Most transitions between parts of the talk are smooth. There may be a small pause or two in the talk or in the use of visual aids.	or pauses exist in the talk or in the use of visual aids.	preparation. Talk seems to be
Pace	Talk moves at natural rate and rhythm. There are no inappropriate pauses or silences.	Talk is slightly hurried or slow. There may be occasional gaps of "dead air," that do not detract very much from the meaning.	are several noticeable pauses	Talk is noticeably rushed or protracted OR there are several lengthy pauses in the talk.

Expression	The speaker uses a variety of volume modulations (louder/softer), voice inflections (tone of voice), gestures, and facial expressions to convey enthusiasm or energy. All expressive techniques are appropriate to the content of the talk. Techniques are not overused or overdone.	techniques are overused or	There are some expressive techniques employed at times by the speaker, but for the most part, the tone is lifeless or inappropriate.	Talk is flat. Voice is consistently a monotone. Little or no energy is used to convey feelings.
Length of Presentation	Presentation is completed in the allotted time limit.	,	Presentation is over or under the allotted time by a significant amount.	Presentation is extremely over allotted time limit or is extremely under allotted time.
Props-Visual Display	Props-visual display highly relevant to oral presentation. Visual material enhances the purpose and meaning of the presentation. The props support a strong connection to the role of the great thinker.	concept. The visual material aids to the understanding of the concept. The props add to	add to the understanding of the oral presentation. The props do not add to the	Props- visual display is not relevant to the oral presentation topic, or no visual material supports the oral presentation. The props make no connection to the great thinker or do not exist.

# Diary of Agnes Bojaxhiu



1919

Today, my loving father, Nikola, has just died. My mother, Drancy now feels alone and sad. I don't know how I'll live on In the family. He was my father. He was one of those dads who would understand me. He was my influence on how I lived. I do not know what else could happen in my life. I hope it doesn't end up like today. I know my father is gone, but his inflence was still with me. I know this day cannot be reversed.

Today's Prayer: Dear Heavenly father,
please take come of my father. Thank
you for the food you have provided
for me today. In Jesus's name
Amen.

Agnes Bojaxhin

1928

of a vocation as a catholic missionary nun. Now I am joining the religious order which will send me to India. This would be the fartnest I've ever traveled. Skopje to India will take a long time to get to. I am very nervous now that I'm going on my first mission. I hope everyone will be pleased with my work. My greatest regret is leaving home. I would be giving my happy life up to travel to a distant country. This is an obstacle I must pass through.

Today: Prayer: Dear God, please protect my family while I'm gone. In Jesus's name, Amen-

Dear Diary, my missionary and I have finally reached India. Her name was Betika Kajinc. We've traveled so far. we are now walking around India. As we walked by, there were families living just living on the streets. To begin, we both opened the Bible and read stories from it- Each story had something they could all learn from Food was handed out and shelter was found. I could tell they were happy Today's Prayer: Dear God, please help these people. They really need you. In Jesus's name, Amen.

1937

Today, I have taken my final vows as a Catholic missionary nun-I chose the name Teresa after the saint Théresa of Lisieux. I am very proud of my name. I could tell my brother and sister were proud of me, too. I am now a true missionary nun-My question to myself is what shall happen next in my life- From Agnes to Teresa may seem like a small change, but is quite big. It will take a while for me to get used to the name. I question myself on how I will sign my name. I am happy that I have made it this far.

Today prayer: Dear God, thank: you for all that has happened. Thank you for being with me on my journey. In Jesus's name, Amen.

mother Tousa

1979

I have just one the 1979 Nobel Peace prize for my work with the poor- I never saw this day coming. I was so excited when I recieved the award. I'm going to be looking back on this day for a long time. The prize was worth over 1 million dollars. I gave it all to the poor. It was the right thing to do. 90 years. About 90 years ago, I remember leaving for this journey. I remember my house, my family, and my name, Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu-I now felt everyone was happy. My good work payed off.

Today's Prayer: Dear God, Thank you for not giving up on me. In Jesus's name,
Amen.

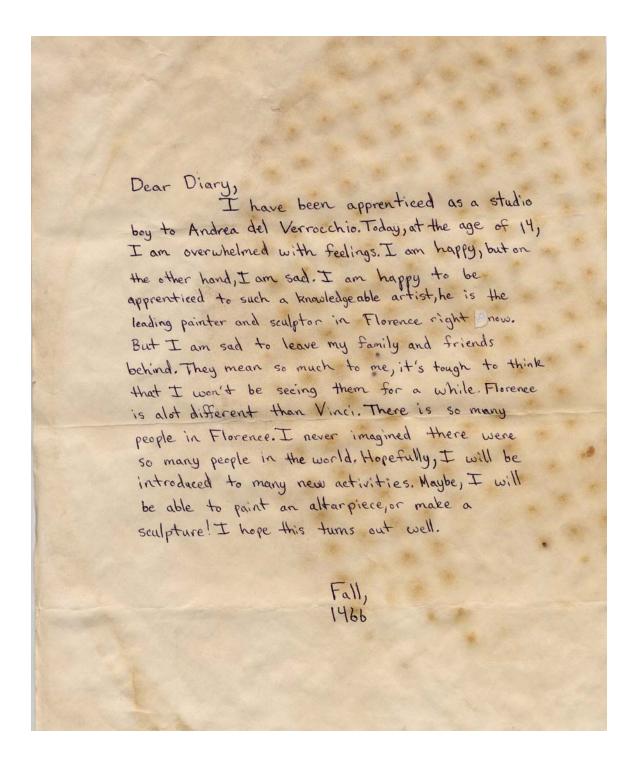
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# **Diary Scoring Guide for Student C**

Descriptor	Effective	Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0
Content of Diary Entry				My diary seems to be about a lot of different, unrelated events and don't show their impacts on my personal or professional life.
Creativity	I surprise the reader with appropriate, unusual features that add meaning and contribute to the readers's enjoyment and understanding.	I include some unusual features to add meaning and enhance my readers enjoyment.	I try to add some unusual features, but they may not add to the meaning.	My interpretation is predictable.
Word Choice	I use emotional and interesting words that make my entry seem realistic.	I use emotional and interesting words when I can.	I often use ordinary, predictable words.	I usually use ordinary, predictable words.
Examples and Details	I use appropriate, vivid details and examples in my writing to prove I know a lot about my Great Thinker's life.	I use appropriate detail in my writing to prove I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.	Some of my writing is too general and does not have enough detail to prove I know very much about the life and times of my Great Thinker.	I have very little detail in my writing and offer little or no proof that I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.
Sentence Fluency	Some sentences are long, some are medium, and some are short. I start my sentences with different words and phrases so they do not all sound the same.	I have some variety in my sentence length and beginnings.	some of them begin with the	My sentences are mostly about the same length, and many of them begin with the same kind of phrase or word.

Conventions	I am careful to check my writing	I check my writing for accuracy	I check my writing for accuracy	I do not check my writing for
	for accuracy in spelling,	in spelling, capitalization,	in spelling, capitalization,	accuracy in spelling,
	capitalization, grammar, and	grammar, and punctuation, and	grammar, and punctuation, but	capitalization, grammar, and
	punctuation, so I do not have	I do not have any mistakes that	sometimes I have mistakes that	punctuation, and I have several
	any mistakes.	would confuse people while	confuse people while they are	mistakes that confuse people
		they are reading.	reading.	while they are reading.

# **Diary of Leanardo Da Vinci**



Dear Diary, As of today, I am now under the service of Ludavico Storza, the duke of Milan. He said I will be serving as both an architect and engineer. I hope this turn out well with the duke. He seems like a nice guy, but I'm still not sure. He will hopefully use my skills to his advantage. I believe that this dutie will improve, and test my engineering skills. Maybe my inventions are good but I want to make them great. My inventions should please the duke, but I'm not certain. 1482

My atanomical discovery drawing, the Vitruvian Man, has been completed today. Vitruvius is the man inside the circle and the square on my drawing. I chose to draw him inside of a circle because all of the human body's limbs are equal in distance from the center of the body when strecked out. But when he stands strait legged, his head, legs, and arms create a box. It shows the proportions of the ancient Roman arcitect Vitruvius, Like most of my drawings, or sketches, this is written in mirror script. This way it will be harder to read for others. This is so no one can steal my theries. While I was in Milan, other jealous scientists tried to steal my military drawings. My autopsy on his body was what I drew the sketch From. My discovery, this drawing, is a real breakthrough for me. I think this will help my knowledge of the human body, along with my studies.

1492

The Mona Lisa has been put on to a gallery wall today. I knew this day would come. I worked so long, and so hard. My emotions is what I can't handle. My Florence workshop was a great place to work. It was great because I had access to richer and more expensive paint. The lighting in the room was alot brighter, so I could tell the colors better. Along with that, I could change the light from bright to dark. I am so proud of myself. I didn't think my inspiration would turn out so well. My faint self-portrait was a real hit. I did it! I still can't believe it I can picture it now, the Mona Lisa, on a gallery wall, everyone around it, admiring my work. I think my new technique, realism, helped my painting look more real not so flat and cartoonish. Now that I'm out of the service of the duke, I could do anything. I think the Mona Lisa is my best so far.

1503

Dear Diary, Today, my dad has died. His cause of death is still unknown. He was 77 years old. It is hard to think after all of these years, he is actually gone. It hurts alot. I wish I could of been there, at his side. I know that life goes on but this one will be hard to get over. Hopefully, he is in a better place right now. Let him rest in peace. July 9, 1504

# **Diary Scoring Guide for Student F**

Descriptor	Effective	Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0
Content of Diary Entry	My diary is about one event and its impact on my personal or professional life.		personal or professional life, but	My diary seems to be about a lot of different, unrelated events and don't show their impacts on my personal or professional life.
Creativity	I surprise the reader with appropriate, unusual features that add meaning and contribute to the readers's enjoyment and understanding.		I try to add some unusual features, but they may not add to the meaning.	My interpretation is predictable.
Word Choice	I use emotional and interesting words that make my entry seem realistic.	I use emotional and interesting words when I can.	I often use ordinary, predictable words.	I usually use ordinary, predictable words.
Examples and Details	I use appropriate, vivid details and examples in my writing to prove I know a lot about my Great Thinker's life.	I use appropriate detail in my writing to prove I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.	enough detail to prove I know	I have very little detail in my writing and offer little or no proof that I know about the life and times of my Great Thinker.
Sentence Fluency	Some sentences are long, some are medium, and some are short. I start my sentences with different words and phrases so they do not all sound the same.	I have some variety in my sentence length and beginnings.	some of them begin with the	My sentences are mostly about the same length, and many of them begin with the same kind of phrase or word.

Conventions	I am careful to check my writing	I check my writing for accuracy	I check my writing for accuracy	I do not check my writing for
	for accuracy in spelling,	in spelling, capitalization,	in spelling, capitalization,	accuracy in spelling,
	capitalization, grammar, and	grammar, and punctuation, and	grammar, and punctuation, but	capitalization, grammar, and
	punctuation, so I do not have	I do not have any mistakes that	sometimes I have mistakes that	punctuation, and I have several
	any mistakes.	would confuse people while	confuse people while they are	mistakes that confuse people
		they are reading.	reading.	while they are reading.

# Speech—Student A

Hello there, my church community. I am Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu. At least I was until 1937. You may know me now as Mother Teresa. I have traveled far to help those without food, shelter, or money. I'd like to share about how all this happened in my life. It was August 26, 1910 when I was born in the big city of Skopje, Macedonia, a city somewhere above Greece. I had a brother and sister by the name of Lazar (born 1907) and Aga (born 1904). I had two loving and religious parents. Their names were Nikolë and Drana. Nikola was a well-respected local businessman and my mother came from came from a wealthy family making my family wealthy, too. My childhood was very happy until 1919.

Things began to end up tragic. My father died when I was 9 years old, leaving my mother to open an embroidery and cloth business to support my family. Soon after that, the family was filled with sorrow. Later after my father's death, the family savings was gone. It was then harder to live on in my family. My mother felt very lonely day after day. I went to a small Catholic school called Lyceum, where I was found to be a good student.

At the age of 18, I had made my decision. I later responded to a vocation as a Catholic missionary nun. The vocation would then send me to India. I was never married nor did I have any children. Yet I was still happy.

Before I left for India, my greatest regret was giving up my happy life and leaving home to travel to a distant country. I then left in 1928 on my long journey to India. On my way, another Lady who responded to a vocation joined me. Her name was Betika Kajnc. Everyday on my way there, I would pray with a rosary of beads. Each bead represents a prayer for one day. It would take me almost an hour to pray with it. The first white bead is always started out with this prayer, a very famous one that you may know of:

"Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name.
Thy kingdom come,
Thy will be done
On earth as it is in heaven.
Give us this day our daily bread.
And forgive us our debts,
as we also forgive our debtors.
And lead us not into temptation,
but deliver us from evil."

It was in 1929 when my companion and I reached India. As we walked around on the streets, there were people just living out on the sidewalks. We both started out by opening the Bible to them and beginning to read some stories from the Old Testament to them. I started to help them look for shelter. It was very hard but Betika and I managed to find some. Food began to be passed around. Everyone was happier then before we came. In 1937, I took my final vows as a Catholic missionary nun and then I chose the name Teresa name after Saint Theresa of Lisieux.

In 1948, I began working with the poorest people. I could feel that I was really teaching these people about God.

In 1979 was a wonderful day; I won the 1979 Nobel Peace Prize. The Nobel Peace was worth over 1 million dollars. And guess what? I donated it all to the poor. I

was willing to give up all my money for the people that I cared for. I knew it was the right thing to do.

In 1990, I asked to resign as head of the Missionaries, but was soon voted back in as Superior General.,

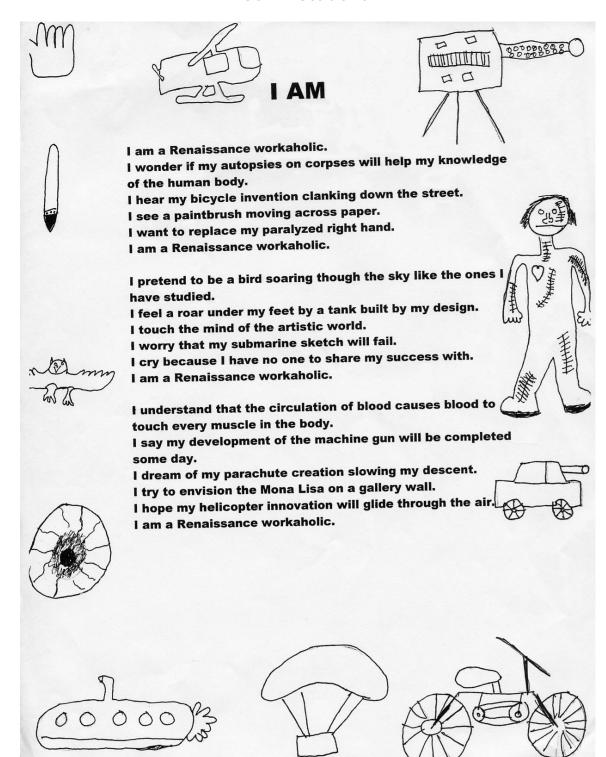
It was 1996 when things began to go terribly wrong with my health. I fell and broke collarbone in April; I suffered a fever and failure of the left heart ventricle in August; I was treated for a chest infection and recurring heart problems in September; readmitted to hospital with chest pains and breathing problems Nov. 22. Then in 1997 I died.

I would like to remembered as the one who helped the poor. The one who taught them about God. I think that I made a difference to people by showing the way to God for people and helped them in their life by giving them ALL that money from the Nobel Peace Prize. I may have not helped everyone but I helped. I say, "If you judge people, you'll have no time to love them." And thank you for coming to my church service this Sunday.

Oral Presentation	n Content Scoring Guide	For Student A		
			-	
Descriptor		Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None
Points		8-7	6-4	3-0
Organization	Beginning of my speech is very engaging and captures audience's interest.		, , , , ,	Beginning of my speech is not engaging.
	My transitions between ideas are smooth, logical, and seamless.	My transitions between ideas are smooth and mostly logical.	ideas are somewhat	My transitions between ideas are rough and not logical.
	My conclusion effectively summarizes the speech and is related to the whole.	My conclusion summarizes the speech and is related to the whole.		There is no logical plan to my speech.
	I include an effective final appeal and a very memorable ending.		I include an inadequate appeal and a forgettable ending.	I provide no real sense of closure or impact, leaving my audience confused.
Personal Address the Content Question: How did their personal life affect their work?	The facts and ideas I share give audience a very good sense of Great Thinker's personality.	The facts and ideas I share give audience a sense of Great Thinker's personality.		The facts and ideas I share do not give audience a sense of Great Thinker's personality.
Role Play	I stay in character throughout all of the presentation.		I stay in character throughout some of the presentation.	I do not stay in character during the presentation.
Professional Address the Content Questions: How did my	The major accomplishments are clearly stated and fully explained.	The major accomplishments are stated and mostly	The major accomplishments are partly stated and explained.	The major accomplishments are not clearly stated nor fully

Great Thinker change the world? What		explained.		explained.
obstacles did they overcome to change the world?	Great Thinker's work is very clearly discussed. His/her path to success	Thinker's work is discussed. His/her path to success (obstacles, awards won, etc.) is explained.	Thinker's work is not very clearly discussed. His/her path to success (obstacles,	The importance and meaning of my Great Thinker's work is not discussed. His/her path to success (obstacles, awards won, etc.) is not explained.
Historical	Significance of my Great Thinker	Significance of my Great	Significance of my Great	Significance of my Great
Address the Essential	and his/her impact on the world is	Thinker and his/her impact	Thinker and his/her impact	Thinker and his/her impact
and Content Questions:	clearly explained. My audience	on the world is explained.	on the world is partly	on the world is not
			explained. My audience	explained. My audience
change our world? Who	considered a Great Thinker. Time in	idea why he/she is	has to guess as to why	does not know why he/she
did their work impact?	which my Great Thinker lived and its	considered a Great	he/she is considered a	is considered a Great
	impact on his/her life is clearly		Great Thinker. Time in	Thinker. Time in which my
	described and explained.	<b>Great Thinker lived and its</b>	which my Great Thinker	Great Thinker lived and its
		impact on his/her life is	lived and its impact on	impact on his/her life is not
				described or explained.
		explained.	described or explained.	

### Poem-Student B



# **Poem Writing Scoring Guide**

Descriptor Effective		Adequate	Somewhat	Little or None
Points	10-9	8-7	6-4	3-0
Ideas in Poem	My poem follows correct format. Each line speaks to a different part of my Great Thinker's life.	My poem follows correct format.  Most lines provide insight into to a different part of my Great Thinker's life, though some ideas are repeated.	My poem follows correct format. Each line provides some insight into my Great Thinker's life, though many ideas are repeated.	My poem follows correct format. Most lines discuss the same ideas; very little variety in ideas. Poem offers very little insight into the life of my Great Thinker.
Word Choice	l use figurative language to create vivid mental images in all lines. Every line causes reader to ponder ideas presented.	I use figurative language to create mostly vivid mental images in most lines. Some lines are insightful whereas others are ordinary.	I attempt to use figurative language to create mental images in some lines. Most lines are ordinary.	I do not use figurative language to create mental images in lines. Poem is unimaginative reciting of basic facts.
Examples and Details	I use appropriate, vivid details and examples in my poem.	I use appropriate detail in my poem.	Some of my poem is too general and does not have enough detail.	I have very little detail in my poem.
Conventions	I am careful to check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, so I do not have any mistakes.	I check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, and I do not have any mistakes that would confuse people while they are reading.	I check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, but sometimes I have mistakes that confuse people while they are reading.	I do not check my poem for accuracy in spelling, capitalization, grammar, and punctuation, and I have several mistakes that confuse people while they are reading.