

Intel® Solid-State Drive 710 Series

Product Specification

- Capacity: 100/200/300 GB
- Components:
 - Intel[®] 25nm NAND Flash Memory
 - High Endurance Technology (HET)
 Multi-Level Cell (MLC)
- Form Factor: 2.5-inch
- Read and Write IOPS¹ (Full LBA Range, Iometer* Queue Depth 32)
 - Random 4 KB² Reads: Up to 38,500 IOPS
 - Random 4 KB Writes:
 Up to 2,700 IOPS (4,000 IOPS³)
 - Random 8 KB⁴ Reads: Up to 27,000 IOPS
 - Random 8 KB Writes:
 Up to 1,900 IOPS (6,000 IOPS³)
- Bandwidth Performance¹
 - Sustained Sequential Read: Up to 270 MB/s⁵
 - Sustained Sequential Write: Up to 210 MB/s
- Latency (average sequential)
 - Read: 75 µs (TYP)
 - Write: 85 µs (TYP)
- AES 128-bit Encryption
- Temperature monitoring and logging
- Compatibility
 - Intel[®] SSD Toolbox with Intel[®] SSD Optimizer
 - Intel[®] Data Migration Software
 - Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology
 - Intel[®] 6 Series Express Chipsets (with SATA 6Gb/s)
 - SATA Revision 2.6; compatible with SATA 1.5Gb/s and 3Gb/s interface rates
 - ATA8-ACS2; includes SCT (Smart Command Transport) and device statistics log support
 - SSD-enhanced SMART ATA feature set
 - Native Command Queuing (NCQ) command set
 - Data set management command Trim attribute

- Power Management
 - 5 V (2.5-inch) SATA Supply Rail
 - SATA Interface Power Management
 - OS-aware hot plug/removal
 - Enhanced power-loss data protection
- Power
 - Active: Up to 3.7 W (TYP)
 - Idle: 700 mW
- Weight:
 - 100 GB: 74 grams \pm 2 grams
 - 200 GB: 80 grams ± 2 grams
 - 300 GB: 80 grams ± 2 grams
- Temperature
 - Operating: 0° C to 70° C
 - Non-Operating: -55° C to 95° C
- Shock (operating and non-operating): 1,500 G/0.5 msec
- Vibration
 - Operating: 2.17 G_{RMS} (5-700 Hz)
 - Non-operating: $3.13 G_{RMS}$ (5-800 Hz)
- Reliability
 - Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate (UBER):
 1 sector per 10¹⁶ bits read
 - Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF):
- 2,000,000 hours
- Endurance Rating (4 KB):
 - 100 GB: Up to 500 TB (900 TB³)
 - 200 GB: Up to 1.0 PB (1.5 PB³)
 - 300 GB: Up to 1.1 PB (1.5 PB³)
- Endurance Rating (8 KB):
 - 100 GB: Up to 900 TB (2.0 PB³)
 - 200 GB: Up to 1.0 PB (1.9 PB³)
 - 300 GB: Up to 1.8 PB (3.0 PB³)
- Certifications and Declarations
 - UL*, CE*, C-Tick*, BSMI*, KCC*, Microsoft* WHQL, VCCI*, SATA-IO*
- Product Ecological Compliance
 - RoHS*

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^{1.} Performance values vary by capacity.

^{2. 4} KB = 4,096 bytes.

^{3.} Value based on 20% over-provisioning

^{4. 8} KB = 8,192 bytes.

^{5.} MB/s = 1,000,000 bytes/second.



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1.0 Overview

This document describes the specifications and capabilities of the $Intel^{\mathbb{B}}$ Solid-State Drive 710 Series (Intel $^{\mathbb{B}}$ SSD 710 Series).

The Intel SSD 710 Series delivers leading performance for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA)-based computers in three capacities: 100 GB, 200 GB, and 300 GB.

By combining 25nm Intel[®] NAND Flash Memory technology with SATA 3Gb/s interface support, the Intel SSD 710 Series delivers sequential read speeds of up to 270 MB/s and sequential write speeds of up to 210 MB/s.

The Intel SSD 710 Series also includes High Endurance Technology (HET), which combines NAND silicon enhancements and SSD NAND management techniques to extend the write endurance of an SSD, leading to lifetime endurance levels of up to 1.5 PB (3.0 PB with 20% over-provisioning) on the 300 GB SSD.

The industry-standard 2.5-inch form factor enables interchangeability with existing hard disk drives (HDDs) and native SATA HDD drop-in replacement with the enhanced performance, reliability, ruggedness, and power savings offered by an SSD.

As compared to standard SATA HDDs, the Intel SSD 710 Series offers these key features:

- High Endurance Technology (HET)
- · Enhanced power-loss data protection
- · Inrush current management
- High I/O and throughput performance
- Low power
- · Increased system responsiveness
- · High reliability
- · Enhanced ruggedness
- · Temperature monitor and logging

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Product Specifications

2.1 Capacity

Table 1. **User Addressable Sectors**

Intel SSD 710 Series	Unformatted Capacity (Total User Addressable Sectors in LBA Mode)
100 GB	195,371,568
200 GB	390,721,968
300 GB	586,072,368

Notes: 1 GB = 1,000,000,000 bytes; 1 sector = 512 bytes.

LBA count shown represents total user storage capacity and will remain the same throughout the life of the drive. The total usable capacity of the SSD may be less than the total physical capacity because a small portion of the capacity is used for NAND flash management and maintenance purposes.

2.2 **Performance**

Table 2. Random Read and Write Input/Output Operations Per Second (IOPS)

Specification ¹	Unit	Intel SSD 710 Series		
Specification	Omt	100 GB	200 GB	300 GB
Random 4 KB ² Read (up to)	IOPS	38,500	38,500	38,500
Random 4 KB Write (up to)	IOPS	2,300	2,700	2,000
Random 4 KB Write (up to) with 20% over-provisioning	IOPS	4,000	3,300	2,400
Random 8 KB ³ Read (up to)	IOPS	26,000	27,000	27,000
Random 8 KB Write (up to)	IOPS	1,900	1,300	1,700
Random 8 KB Write (up to) with 20% over-provisioning	IOPS	6,000	2,500	2,500

Notes:

- Performance measured using Iometer* with Queue Depth equal to 32. Measurements performed on full Logical Block Address (LBA) span of the drive.
- 4 KB = 4,096 bytes.
- 8 KB = 8,192 bytes.3.

Table 3. **Maximum Sustained Sequential Read and Write Bandwidth**

Specification ¹	Unit	Intel SSD 710 Series		
Specification	Onit	100 GB	200 GB	300 GB
Sequential Read (up to)	MB/s	270	270	270
Sequential Write (up to)	MB/s	170	210	210

Note: 1. Performance measured using Iometer with 64 KB (65,536 bytes) of transfer size with Queue Depth equal to 32.

Table 4. Latency

Specification ¹	Intel SSD 710 Series		
Specification	100 GB	200 GB	300 GB
Latency Read Write Power On to Ready ²	75 μs (TYP) 85 μs (TYP) 1.5 s (TYP)		

Notes:

- Device measured using Iometer. Latency measured using 4 KB (4,096 bytes) transfer size with Queue Depth equal to 1.
- Power On To Ready time assumes proper shutdown. Time varies if shutdown is not preceded by STANDBY IMMEDIATE command.



2.3 **Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5. **Operating Voltage and Power Consumption**

Electrical Characteristics	Intel SSD 710 Series		
Electrical Gridi acteristics	100 GB	200 GB	300 GB
Operating Voltage for 5 V (±5%) Min Max	4.75 V 5.25 V		
Power Consumption (Typical) Active ¹ Idle	2.9 W 3.5 W 3.7 W 700 mW 700 mW 700 mW		***
Inrush Current (Typical peak) ²	1.2 A, < 50 ms		

Notes:

- The workload equates 64 KB (65,536 bytes) Queue Depth equal to 32 sequential writes. Root Mean Squared (RMS) power is measured using scope trigger over a 100 ms sample period.
- Measured from initial device power supply application.

2.4 **Environmental Conditions**

Table 6. Temperature, Shock, Vibration

Temperature	Range
Case Temperature	
Operating	0 – 70 °C
Non-operating	-55 – 95 °C
Temperature Gradient ¹	
Operating	30 (Typical) ^o C/hr
Non-operating	30 (Typical) ^o C/hr
Humidity	
Operating	5 – 95 %
Non-operating	5 – 95 %
Shock and Vibration	Range
Shock ²	
Operating	1,500 G (Max) at 0.5 msec
Non-operating	1,500 G (Max) at 0.5 msec
Vibration ³	
Operating	2.17 G _{RMS} (5-700 Hz) Max
Non-operating	3.13 G _{RMS} (5-800 Hz) Max

Notes:

- Temperature gradient measured without condensation.
- Shock specifications assume the SSD is mounted securely with the input vibration applied to the drive-mounting screws. Stimulus may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis. Shock specification is measured using RMS value. 2.
- Vibration specifications assume the SSD is mounted securely with the input vibration applied to the drive-mounting 3. screws. Stimulus may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis. Vibration specification is measured using RMS value.

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2.5 **Product Regulatory Compliance**

The Intel SSD 710 Series meets or exceeds the regulatory or certification requirements in Table 7.

 Table 7.
 Product Regulatory Compliance Specifications

Title	Description	Region for which conformity declared
European Union Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2006/95/EC	EN 60950-1 2nd edition for Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1: General Requirements	European Union
UL/CSA 60950-1, Second Edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07 Second Edition	CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07 Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1:	
CFR Title 47 Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices - Subpart B (Unintentional Radiators)	USA
ICES-003 Issue 4	Interference Causing Equipment Standard	Canada
EN 55022:2006	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	European Union
CNS 14348:2006	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	Taiwan
VCCI V3/2010.04	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	Japan
KN22 (2008-5)	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	Korea
CISPR 22: 2006	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement	International
EN 55024:1998	Information technology equipment - Immunity characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (CISPR 24:1997, modified)	European Union
KN24 (2008-5)	Information technology equipment - Immunity characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (CISPR 24:1997, modified)	Korea



Reliability 2.6

The Intel SSD 710 Series meets or exceeds SSD endurance and data retention requirements as specified in the JESD218 specification.

Reliability specifications are listed in Table 8.

Table 8. **Reliability Specifications**

Parameter	Value
Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate (UBER)	1 sector in 10 ¹⁶ bits read, max
Uncorrectable bit error rate will not exceed one sector in the specified number of bits read. In the unlikely event of a nonrecoverable read error, the SSD will report it as a read failure to the host; the sector in error is considered corrupt and is not returned to the host.	
Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)	2,000,000 hours
Mean Time Between Failure is estimated based on Telcordia* methodology and demonstrated through Reliability Demonstration Test (RDT).	
Power On/Off Cycles	50,000 cycles
Power On/Off Cycles is defined as power being removed from the SSD, and then restored. Most host systems remove power from the SSD when entering suspend and hibernate as well as on a system shutdown.	
Insertion Cycles	250 insertion/removal cycles
SATA/power cable insertion/removal cycles.	
Data Retention The time period for retaining data in the NAND at maximum rated endurance.	3 months power-off retention once SSD reaches rated write endurance at 40 °C
Endurance Rating	
The number of bytes that may be written to the SSD such that the SSD meets the requirements according to the JESD218 specification.	See Section 2.7, "Write Endurance"

2.7 **Write Endurance**

Write endurance is measured while running 100% random 4 KB (4,096 bytes) writes and 8 KB (8,192 bytes) spanning 100% of the SSD using Iometer.

Table 9. **Write Endurance Specifications**

Intel SSD 710 Series	4 KB Writes	8 KB Writes
100 GB	Up to 500 TB; Up to 900 TB ¹	Up to 900 TB; Up to 2.0 PB ¹
200 GB	Up to 1.0 PB; Up to 1.5 PB ¹	Up to 1.0 PB; Up to 1.9 PB ¹
300 GB	Up to 1.1 PB; Up to 1.5 PB ¹	Up to 1.8 PB; Up to 3.0 PB ¹

Note: 1. Value based on 20% over-provisioning.

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2.8 Temperature Sensor

The Intel SSD 710 Series has an internal temperature sensor, which can be monitored using two SMART attributes: Airflow Temperature (BEh) and Device Internal Temperature (C2h).

Note: For more information on supported SMART attributes, see "SMART Attributes" on

page 16.

2.8.1 Airflow Temperature (Case)

Airflow Temperature is computed using an offset value. Recent temperatures are reset at power off.

• Attribute: 190, BEh

• Raw Value: Byte 0 = Current case temperature (°C)

Byte 2 = Recent min case temperature (°C) Byte 3 = Recent max case temperature (°C)

• Normalized Value: 100 - Case temperature (°C)

2.8.2 Device Internal Temperature

Device Internal Temperature reading is the value direct from the PCB sensor without offset.

• Attribute: 194, C2h

• Raw Value: Current temperature (°C)

Normalized Value: Minimum (150 — current temperature °C), 100

2.9 Hot Plug Support

Hot Plug insertion and removal is supported in the presence of a proper connector and appropriate operation system (OS), as described in the SATA 2.6 specification.

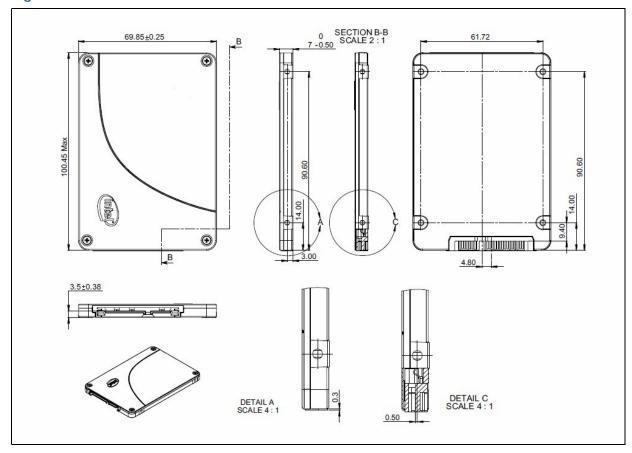
This product supports asynchronous signal recovery and issues an unsolicited COMINIT when first mated with a powered connector to guarantee reliable detection by a host system without hardware device detection.



3.0 Mechanical Information

Figure 1 shows the physical package information for the Intel SSD 710 Series. All dimensions are in millimeters.

Figure 1. Intel SSD 710 Series Dimensions



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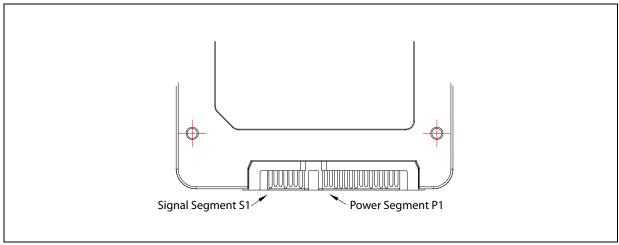
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4.0 Pin and Signal Descriptions

4.1 Pin Locations

Figure 2. Layout of Signal and Power Segment Pins



Note: 2.5-inch connector supports in-built latching capability.

4.2 Signal Descriptions

4.2.1 Connector Pin Signal Definitions

Table 10. Serial ATA Connector Pin Signal Definitions

Pin	Function	Definition	
S1	Ground	1st mate	
S2	A+	Differential signal pair A	
S3	A-	Differential signal pair A	
S4	Ground	1st mate	
S5	B-	Differential signal pair B	
S6	B+	Differential signal pail b	
S7	Ground	1st mate	

Note: Key and spacing separate signal and power segments.



4.2.2 **Power Pin Signal Definitions**

Table 11. **Serial ATA Power Pin Definitions**

Pin ¹	Function	Definition	Mating Order
P1 ²	Not connected	(3.3 V Power)	
P2 ²	Not connected	(3.3 V Power)	
P3 ²	Not connected	(3.3 V Power; pre-charge)	2nd Mate
P4 ^{3,4}	Ground		1st Mate
P5 ³	Ground		1st Mate
P6 ³	Ground		1st Mate
P7 ^{3,5}	V ₅	5 V Power	1st Mate
P8 ^{3,5}	V ₅	5 V Power	2nd Mate
P9 ^{3,5}	V ₅	5 V Power	2nd Mate
P10 ³	Ground		1st Mate
P11 ⁶	DAS	Device Activity Signal	2nd Mate
P12 ^{3, 4}	Ground		1st Mate
P13 ⁷	V ₁₂	12 V Power; not used	1st Mate
P14 ⁷	V ₁₂	12 V Power; not used	2nd Mate
P15 ⁷	V ₁₂	12 V Power; not used	2nd Mate

Notes:

- All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050-inch) pitch. 1. 2.
- Pins P1, P2 and P3 are connected together, although they are not connected internally to the device. The host may put 3.3 V on these pins.
- 3. The mating sequence is:
 - the ground pins P4-P6, P10, P12 and the 5V power pin P7.
 - the signal pins and the rest of the 5V power pins P8-P9.
- The signal pins and the rest of the 5V power pins P8-P9.
 Ground connectors P4 and P12 may contact before the other 1st mate pins in both the power and signal connectors to discharge ESD in a suitably configured backplane connector.
 Power pins P7, P8, and P9 are internally connected to one another within the device.
 The host may ground P11 if it is not used for Device Activity Signal (DAS). 4.
- 5
- Pins P13, P14 and P15 are connected together, although they are not connected internally to the device. The host may put 12 V on these pins.

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5.0 Supported Command Sets

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports all the mandatory ATA (Advanced Technology Attachment) commands defined in the ATA8-ACS specification described in this section.

5.1 ATA General Feature Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the ATA General Feature command set (non-PACKET), which consists of:

- EXECUTE DEVICE DIAGNOSTIC
- FLUSH CACHE
- · IDENTIFY DEVICE

Note: See Appendix A, "IDENTIFY DEVICE Command Data" on page 26 for details on the sector data returned after issuing an IDENTIFY DEVICE command.

- READ DMA
- READ SECTOR(S)
- · READ VERIFY SECTOR(S)
- SEEK
- SET FEATURES
- WRITE DMA
- WRITE SECTOR(S)
- READ MULTIPLE
- SET MULTIPLE MODE
- WRITE MULTIPLE

The Intel SSD 710 Series also supports the following optional commands:

- READ BUFFFER
- WRITE BUFFER
- NOP
- DOWNLOAD MICROCODE

5.2 Power Management Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Power Management command set, which consists of:

- · CHECK POWER MODE
- IDLE
- IDLE IMMEDIATE
- SLEEP
- STANDBY
- STANDBY IMMEDIATE



5.3 Security Mode Feature Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Security Mode command set, which consists of:

- SECURITY SET PASSWORD
- SECURITY UNLOCK
- SECURITY ERASE PREPARE
- SECURITY ERASE UNIT
- SECURITY FREEZE LOCK
- SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD

5.4 SMART Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the SMART command set, which consists of:

- SMART READ DATA
- SMART READ ATTRIBUTE THRESHOLDS
- SMART ENABLE/DISABLE ATTRIBUTE AUTOSAVE
- SMART SAVE ATTRIBUTE VALUES
- SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE
- SMART READ LOG SECTOR
- SMART WRITE LOG SECTOR
- SMART ENABLE OPERATIONS
- SMART DISABLE OPERATIONS
- SMART RETURN STATUS
- SMART ENABLE/DISABLE AUTOMATIC OFFLINE

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5.4.1 SMART Attributes

Table 12 lists the SMART attributes supported by the Intel SSD 710 Series and the corresponding status flags and threshold settings.

Table 12. SMART Attributes

		Status Flags						
ID	Attribute	SP	EC	ER	PE	ОС	PW	Threshold
03h	Spin Up Time Reports a fixed value of zero (0).	1	0	0	0	0	0	0 (none)
04h	Start/Stop Count Reports a fixed value of zero (0).	1	1	0	0	0	0	0 (none)
05h	Re-allocated Sector Count The raw value of this attribute shows the number of retired blocks since leaving the factory (grown defect count).		1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
09h	Power-On Hours Count Reports the cumulative number of power-on hours over the life of the device.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
0Ch	Power Cycle Count The raw value of this attribute reports the cumulative number of power cycle events over the life of the device.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
AAh	Available Reserved Space	1	1	0	0	1	1	10
ABh	Program Fail Count The raw value of this attribute shows total count of program fails and the normalized value, beginning at 100, shows the percent remaining of allowable program fails.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
ACh	Erase Fail Count The raw value of this attribute shows total count of erase fails and the normalized value, beginning at 100, shows the percent remaining of allowable erase fails.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
B7h	SATA Downshift Count The count of the number of times SATA interface selected lower signaling rate due to error.	1	1	0	0	1	0	100
B8h	End-to-End Error Detection Count Reports number of errors encountered during logical block address (LBA) tag checks, within the SSD data path.	1	1	0	0	1	1	90
BBh	Uncorrectable Error Count The raw value shows the count of errors that could not be recovered using Error Correction Code (ECC).	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
BEh	Temperature - Airflow Temperature (Case) Reports the SSD case temperature. Raw value suggests 100 - case temperature in C degrees.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
COh	Power-Off Retract Count (Unsafe Shutdown Count) The raw value of this attribute reports the cumulative number of unsafe (unclean) shutdown events over the life of the device. An unsafe shutdown occurs whenever the device is powered off without STANDBY IMMEDIATE being the last command.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
C2h	Temperature - Device Internal Temperature Reports internal temperature of the SSD. Temperature reading is the value direct from the printed circuit board (PCB) sensor without offset.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0 (none)



Table 12. SMART Attributes (Continued)

15	A44-114-	Status Flags						
ID	Attribute	SP	EC	ER	PE	ОС	PW	Threshold
C7h	CRC Error Count The total number of encountered SATA interface cyclic redundancy check (CRC) errors.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E1h	Host Writes The raw value of this attribute reports the total number of sectors written by the host system. The raw value is increased by 1 for every 65,536 sectors (32MB) written by the host.		1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E2h	Timed Workload Media Wear Measures the wear seen by the SSD (since reset of the workload timer, attribute E4h), as a percentage of the maximum rated cycles.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E3h	Timed Workload Host Read/Write Ratio Shows the percentage of I/O operations that are read operations (since reset of the workload timer, attribute E4h).	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E4h	Timed Workload Timer Measures the elapsed time (number of minutes since starting this workload timer).	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
E8h	Available Reserved Space This attribute reports the number of reserve blocks remaining. The normalized value begins at 100 (64h), which corresponds to 100 percent availability of the reserved space. The threshold value for this attribute is 10 percent availability.	1	1	0	0	1	1	10
E9h	Media Wearout Indicator This attribute reports the number of cycles the NAND media has undergone. The normalized value declines linearly from 100 to 1 as the average erase cycle count increases from 0 to the maximum rated cycles. Once the normalized value reaches 1, the number will not decrease, although it is likely that significant additional wear can be put on the device.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
F1h	Total LBAs Written Counts sectors written by the host.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)
F2h	Total LBAs Read Counts sectors read by the host.	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 (none)

The following table defines the SMART Attributes status flags.

Table 13. SMART Attribute Status Flags

Status Flag	Description	Value = 0	Value = 1
SP	Self-preserving attribute	Not a self-preserving attribute	Self-preserving attribute
EC	Event count attribute	Not an event count attribute	Event count attribute
ER	Error rate attribute	Not an error rate attribute	Error rate attribute
PE	Performance attribute	Not a performance attribute	Performance attribute
ОС	Online collection attribute	Collected only during offline activity	Collected during both offline and online activity
PW	Pre-fail warranty attribute	Advisory	Pre-fail



5.4.1.1 Timed Workload Endurance Indicators

Timed Workload Media Wear Indicator — ID E2h

This attribute tracks the drive wear seen by the device during the last wear timer loop, as a percentage of the maximum rated cycles. The raw value tracks the percentage up to 3 decimal points. This value should be divided by 1024 to get the percentage. For example: if the raw value is 4450, the percentage is 4450/1024 = 4.345%. The raw value is held at FFFFh until the wear timer (attribute E4h) reaches 60 (minutes). The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

Timed Workload Host Reads Percentage — ID E3h

This attribute shows the percentage of I/O operations that are read operations during the last workload timer loop. The raw value tracks this percentage and is held at FFFFh until the workload timer (attribute E4h) reaches 60 (minutes). The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

Workload Timer - ID E4h

This attribute is used to measure the time elapsed during the current workload. The attribute is reset when a SMART EXECUTE OFFLINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) subcommand 40h is issued to the drive. The raw value tracks the time in minutes and has a maximum value of 232 = 4,294,967,296 minutes (8,171 years). The normalized value is always set to 100 and should be ignored.

Example Use Cases

The Timed Workload Endurance attributes described in this section are intended to be used to measure the amount of media wear that the drive is subjected to during a timed workload.

Ideally, the system that the drive is being used in should be capable of issuing SMART commands. Otherwise, provisions have been provided to allow the media wear attributes to be persistent so the drive can be moved to a SMART capable system to read out the drive wear attribute values.

Use Case 1 – With a System Capable of SMART Commands

- 1. Issue the SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) sub-command 40h to reset the drive wear attributes.
- Run the workload to be evaluated for at least 60 minutes. Otherwise the drive wear attributes will not be available.
- 3. Read out the drive wear attributes with the SMART READ DATA (D0h) command.

Use Case 2 - With a System Not Capable of SMART Commands

- 1. On a SMART capable system, issue the SMART EXECUTE OFF-LINE IMMEDIATE (D4h) sub-command 40h to reset the E4h (workload timer) attribute.
- 2. Move the drive to the system where the workload will be measured (and not capable of SMART commands).
- 3. Run the workload to be evaluated for at least 60 minutes. Otherwise the drive wear attributes will not be available.
- 4. Do a clean system power down by issuing the ATA STANDBY IMMEDIATE command prior to shutting down the system. This will store all the drive wear SMART attributes to persistent memory within the drive.



- 5. Move the drive to a SMART capable system.
- 6. Read out the drive wear attributes with the SMART READ DATA (D0h) command within 60 minutes after power-up.

Example Calculation of Drive Wear

The following is an example of how the drive wear attributes can be used to evaluate the impact of a given workload. The Host Writes SMART attribute (E1h) can also be used to calculate the amount of data written by the host during the workload by reading this attribute before and after running the workload. This example assumes that the steps shown in "Example Use Cases" on page 18 were followed to obtain the following attribute values:

- Timed Workload Media Wear (E2h) has a raw value of 16. Therefore, the percentage wear = 16/1024 = 0.016%.
- Timed Workload Host Read/Write Ratio (E3h) has a normalized value of 80, indicating that 80% of operations were reads.
- Workload Timer (E4h) has a raw value of 500. Therefore the workload ran for 500 minutes.
- Host Writes Count (E1h) had a raw value of 100,000 prior to running the workload and a value of 130,000 at the end of the workload. Therefore, the number of sectors written by the host during the workload was 30,000 * 65,535 = 1,966,050,000 sectors or 1,966,050,000 * 512/1,000,000,000 = 1,007 GB.

The following conclusions can be made for this example case:

The workload took 500 minutes to complete with 80% reads and 20% writes. A total of 1,007 GB of data was written to the device, which increased the media wear in the drive by 0.016%. At this point in time, this workload is causing a wear rate of 0.016% for every 500 minutes, or 0.00192%/hour.

5.4.2 **SMART Logs**

The Intel SSD 710 Series implements the following Log Addresses: 00h, 02h, 03h, 06h, and 07h.

The Intel SSD 710 Series implements host vendor specific logs (addresses 80h-9Fh) as read and write scratchpads, where the default value is zero (0). Intel SSD 710 Series does not write any specific values to these logs unless directed by the host through the appropriate commands.

The Intel SSD 710 Series also implements a device vendor specific log at address A9h as a read-only log area with a default value of zero (0).

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5.5 Device Statistics

In addition to the SMART attribute structure, statistics pertaining to the operation and health of the Intel SSD 710 Series can be reported to the host on request through the Device Statistics log as defined in the ATA specification.

The Device Statistics log is a read-only GPL/SMART log located at read log address 0x04 and is accessible using READ LOG EXT, READ LOG DMA EXT or SMART READ LOG commands.

Table 14 lists the Device Statistics supported by the Intel SSD 710 Series.

Table 14. Device Statistics Log

Page	Offset	Description	Equivalent SMART attribute if applicable
0x00	=	List of Supported Pages	-
	80x0	Power Cycle Count	0Ch
	0x10	Power-On Hours	09h
	0x18	Logical Sectors Written	E1h
0x01 - General Statistics	0x20	Num Write Commands - incremented by one for every host write command	-
	0x28	Logical Sectors Read	F2h
	0x30	Num Read Commands - incremented by one for every host write command	-
	80x0	Num Reported Uncorrectable Errors	BBh
0x04 - General Errors Statistics	0x10	Num Resets Between Command Acceptance and Completion	-
	80x0	Num Hardware Resets	-
0x06 - Transport Statistics	0x10	Num ASR Events	-
	0x18	Num Interface CRC Errors	-
			E9h
0x07 - Solid State Device Statistics	80x0	Percentage Used Endurance Indicator	Note: This device statistic counts from 0 to 150.



5.6 **SMART Command Transport (SCT)**

With SMART Command Transport (SCT), a host can send commands and data to an SSD and receive status and data from an SSD using standard write/read commands to manipulate two SMART Logs:

- Log Address E0h ("SCT Command/Status") used to send commands and retrieve status
- Log Address E1h ("SCT Data Transfer") used to transport data

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the following standard SCT actions:

- Write Same Intel SSD 710 Series implements this action code as described in the ATA specification.
- Error Recovery Control Intel SSD 710 Series accepts this action code, and will store and return error-recovery time limit values.
- Feature Control Intel SSD 710 Series supports feature code 0001h (write cache) feature code 0002h (write cache reordering), and feature code 0003h (time interval for temperature logging).
- · Data table command Intel SSD 710 Series supports data table command as specified in ATA8-ACS2. This will read out temperature logging information in table ID 0002h.

5.7 **Data Set Management Command Set**

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Data Set Management command set Trim attribute, which consists of:

DATA SET MANAGEMENT

5.8 **Host Protected Area Command Set**

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Host Protected Area command set, which consists of:

- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS
- · SET MAX ADDRESS
- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT
- SET MAX ADDRESS EXT

The Intel SSD 710 Series also supports the following optional commands:

- SET MAX SET PASSWORD
- SET MAX LOCK
- SET MAX FREEZE LOCK
- SET MAX UNLOCK

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5.9 48-Bit Address Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the 48-bit Address command set, which consists of:

- FLUSH CACHE EXT
- READ DMA EXT
- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS
- READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT
- · READ SECTOR(S) EXT
- · READ VERIFY SECTOR(S) EXT
- SET MAX ADDRESS EXT
- WRITE DMA EXT
- WRITE MULTIPLE EXT
- WRITE SECTOR(S) EXT

5.10 Device Configuration Overlay Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Device Configuration Overlay command set, which consists of:

- DEVICE CONFIGURATION FREEZE LOCK
- DEVICE CONFIGURATION IDENTITY
- DEVICE CONFIGURATION RESTORE
- · DEVICE CONFIGURATION SET

5.11 General Purpose Log Command Set

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the General Purpose Log command set, which consists of:

- READ LOG EXT
- WRITE LOG EXT

5.12 Native Command Queuing

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the Native Command Queuing (NCQ) command set, which includes:

- READ FPDMA QUEUED
- WRITE FPDMA QUEUED

Note: With a maximum Queue Depth set to 32.

5.13 Software Settings Preservation

The Intel SSD 710 Series supports the SET FEATURES parameter to enable/disable the preservation of software settings.



Certifications and Declarations 6.0

Table 15 describes the Device Certifications supported by the Intel SSD 710 Series.

Table 15. **Device Certifications and Declarations**

Certification	Description
CE Compliant	Indicates conformity with the essential health and safety requirements described in European Directives Low Voltage Directive and EMC Directive.
UL Certified	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Component Recognition UL60950-1.
C-Tick Compliant	Compliance with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Authority (ACA).
BSMI Compliant	Compliance to the Taiwan EMC standard "Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of information technology equipment, CNS 13438 Class B."
Compliance with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Control R KCC and meets the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Laboratory (RRL) Ministry of Information and Communication Republic of Korea.	
Microsoft WHQL	Microsoft Windows Hardware Quality Labs
RoHS Compliant	Restriction of Hazardous Substance Directive
VCCI	Voluntary Control Council for Interface to cope with disturbance problems caused by personal computers or facsimile.
SATA-IO	Indicates certified logo program from Serial ATA International Organization.

7.0 References

Table 16 identifies the standards information referenced in this document.

Table 16. **Standards References**

Date or Rev. #	Title	Location
Sept 2010	Solid-State Drive (SSD) Requirements and Endurance Test Method (JESD218)	http://www.jedec.org/standards- documents/docs/jesd218/
Dec 2008	VCCI	http://www.vcci.jp/vcci_e/
June 2009	RoHS	http://qdms.intel.com/ Click Search MDDS Database and search for material description datasheet
June 2010	ATA8-ACS2 Specification	http://www.t13.org/
June 2009	Serial ATA Revision 3.0	http://www.sata-io.org/
May 2006	SFF-8223, 2.5-inch Drive w/Serial Attachment Connector	http://www.sffcommittee.org/
May 2005	SFF-8201, 2.5-inch drive form factor	http://www.sffcommittee.org/
1995 1996 1995 1995 1997 1994	International Electrotechnical Commission EN 61000 4-2 (Electrostatic discharge immunity test) 4-3 (Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test) 4-4 (Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test) 4-5 (Surge immunity test) 4-6 (Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields) 4-11 (Voltage Variations, voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests)	http://www.iec.ch/
1995	ENV 50204 (Radiated electromagnetic field from digital radio telephones)	http://www.dbicorporation.com/ radimmun.htm/

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8.0 Terms and Acronyms

Table 17 defines the terms and acronyms used in this document.

Table 17. Glossary of Terms and Acronyms

Term	Definition
ATA	Advanced Technology Attachment
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAS	Device Activity Signal
DMA	Direct Memory Access
ECC	Error Correction Code
EXT	Extended
FPDMA	First Party Direct Memory Access
GB	Gigabyte Note: The total usable capacity of the SSD may be less than the total physical capacity because a small portion of the capacity is used for NAND flash management and maintenance purposes.
Gb	Gigabit
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
HET	High Endurance Technology
КВ	Kilobyte
1/0	Input/Output
IOPS	Input/Output Operations Per Second
ISO	International Standards Organization
LBA	Logical Block Address
MB	Megabyte (1,000,000 bytes)
MLC	Multi-level Cell
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures
NCQ	Native Command Queuing
NOP	No Operation
РВ	Petabyte
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PIO	Programmed Input/Output
RDT	Reliability Demonstration Test
RMS	Root Mean Square
SATA	Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
SCT	SMART Command Transport
SMART	Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology An open standard for developing hard drives and software systems that automatically monitors the health of a drive and reports potential problems.
SSD	Solid-State Drive
ТВ	Terabyte
TYP	Typical
UBER	Uncorrectable Bit Error Rate



9.0 Revision History

Date	Revision	Description
September 2011	001	Initial release.



Appendix A IDENTIFY DEVICE Command Data

Table 18 details the sector data returned after issuing an IDENTIFY DEVICE command.

Table 18. Returned Sector Data

Table To	Table To. Returned Sector Data					
Word	F = Fixed V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description			
0	F	0040h	General configuration bit-significant information			
1	Х	3FFFh	Obsolete - Number of logical cylinders (16,383)			
2	V	C837h	Specific configuration			
3	Х	0010h	Obsolete - Number of logical heads (16)			
4-5	Х	0h	Retired			
6	Х	003Fh	Obsolete - Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)			
7-8	V	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CompactFlash* Association (CFA)			
9	Х	0h	Retired			
10-19	F	varies	Serial number (20 ASCII characters)			
20-21	Х	0h	Retired			
22	Х	0h	Obsolete			
23-26	F	varies	Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters)			
27-46	F	varies	Model number (Intel® Solid-State Drive)			
47	F	8010h	7:0—Maximum number of sectors transferred per interrupt on multiple commands			
48	F	0000h	Reserved			
49	F	2F00h	Capabilities			
50	F	4000h	Capabilities			
51-52	Х	0h	Obsolete			
53	F	0007h	Words 88 and 70:64 valid			
54	Х	3FFFh	Obsolete - Number of logical cylinders (16,383)			
55	Х	0010h	Obsolete - Number of logical heads (16)			
56	Х	003Fh	Obsolete - Number of logical sectors per logical track (63)			
57-58	Х	00FBFC10h	Obsolete			
59	F	00110	Number of sectors transferred per interrupt on multiple commands			
60-62	V	100GB: BA52230 200GB: 0FFFFFFH 300GB: 0FFFFFFH	Total number of user-addressable sectors			
63	F	0007h	Multi-word DMA modes supported/selected			
64	F	0003h	PIO modes supported			
65	F	0078h	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word			
66	F	0078h	Manufacturer's recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time			
67	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time without flow control			
68	F	0078h	Minimum PIO transfer cycle time with IORDY flow control			
69	F	4020h	Additional Supported			
70	F	0000h	Reserved			



Table 18. Returned Sector Data (Continued)

Word	F = Fixed V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description
71-74	F	0h	Reserved for IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE command
75	F	001Fh	Queue depth
76	F	0506h	Serial ATA capabilities
77	F	0h	Reserved for future Serial ATA definition
78	F	0040h	Serial ATA features supported
79	V	0040h	Serial ATA features enabled
80	F	01FCh	Major version number
81	F	0029h	Minor version number
82	F	746Bh	Command set supported
83	F	7D01h	Command sets supported
84	F	6163h	Command set/feature supported extension
85	V	7469h	Command set/feature enabled
86	V	BC01h	Command set/feature enabled
87	V	6163h	Command set/feature default
88	V	407Fh	Ultra DMA Modes
89	F	0001h	Time required for security erase unit completion
90	F	0001h	Time required for enhanced security erase completion
91	V	0h	Current advanced power management value
92	V	OFFFEh	Master Password Revision Code
93	F	0h	Hardware reset result: the contents of bits (12:0) of this word shall change only during the execution of a hardware reset
94	V	0h	Vendor's recommended and actual acoustic management value
95	F	0h	Stream minimum request size
96	V	0h	Streaming transfer time - DMA
97	V	0h	Streaming access latency - DMA and PIO
98-99	F	0h	Streaming performance granularity
100-103	V	100GB: BA52230 200GB: 1749F1B0 300GB: 22EEC130	Maximum user LBA for 48-bit address feature set
104	V	0h	Streaming transfer time - PIO
105	F	0008h	Reserved
106	F	4000h	Physical sector size / logical sector size
107	F	0h	Inter-seek delay for ISO-7779 acoustic testing in microseconds
108-111	F	varies	Unique ID
112-115	F	0h	Reserved for world wide name extension to 128 bits
116	V	0h	Reserved for technical report
117-118	F	0h	Words per logical sector
119	F	401Ch	Supported settings
120	F	401Ch	Command set/feature enabled/supported
121-126	F	0h	Reserved



Table 18. Returned Sector Data (Continued)

Word	F = Fixed V = Variable X = Both	Default Value	Description
127	F	0h	Removable Media Status Notification feature set support
128	V	0021h	Security status
129-159	Х	0h	Vendor-specific
160	F	0h	CompactFlash Association (CFA) power mode 1
161-168	Х	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
169	Х	0001h	Data set management Trim attribute support
170-175	Х	0h	Reserved for assignment by the CFA
176-205	V	0h	Current media serial number
206	Х	003Dh	SCT Command Transport
207-208	Х	0000h	Reserved
209	Х	0000h	Alignment of logical blocks within a physical block
210-211	Х	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 3 (DWord)
212-213	Х	0000h	Write-Read-Verify Sector Count Mode 2 (DWord)
214	Х	0000h	NV Cache Capabilities
215-216	Х	0000h	NV Cache Size in Logical Blocks (DWord)
217	Х	0001h	Nominal media rotation rate
218	Х	0000h	Reserved
219	Х	0000h	NV Cache Options
220	Х	0000h	Write-Read-Verify feature set
221	Х	0000h	Reserved
222	Х	101Fh	Transport major version number
223	Х	0000h	Transport minor version number
224-229	Х	0000h	Reserved
230-233	Х	0000h	Extended Number of User Addressable Sectors (QWord)
234	Х	0001h	Minimum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
235	Х	0400h	Maximum number of 512-byte data blocks per DOWNLOAD MICROCODE command for mode 03h
236-254	Х	0000h	Reserved
255	Х	varies	Integrity word

Notes: F = **Fixed**. The content of the word is fixed and does not change. For removable media devices, these values may change when media is removed or changed.

V = **Variable**. The state of at least one bit in a word is variable and may change depending on the state of the device or the commands executed by the device.

 $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{or} \ \mathbf{V}$. The content of the word may be fixed or variable.