UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the

IN RE INTEL CORPORATION MICROPROCESSOR ANTITRUST LITIGATI	Eastern District of T	exas
PHIL PAUL, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, v. INTEL CORPORATION) ;))	Civil Action No. MDL No. 05-1717-JJF; Consol. C.A. No. 05-485-JJF If the action is pending in another district, state where: District of Delaware
		IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Dell Corporation, c/o Thomas R. Jackson, J. 2727 North Hardwood Street, Dallas, TX 75		
deposition to be taken in this civil action. If yo	u are an organizatio ents, or designate ot	ime, date, and place set forth below to testify at a in that is <i>not</i> a party in this case, you must designate ther persons who consent to testify on your behalf See Schedule A attached.
Place: Jones Day		Date and Time:
2727 North Hardwood Street Dallas, TX 75201		June 12, 2009 at 9:00 a.m.
The deposition will be recorded by this	method: Stenog	raphic and videographic means.
		with you to the deposition the following documents, ir inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
		tection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule the potential consequences of not doing so, are
Date: 5/19/09 CLERK OF COURT		OR Jaine M. Herbert
Signature of Cleri	k or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone numb	per of the attorney re	presenting (name of party) Class Plaintiffs , who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Laina M. Herbert (DE Bar #4717), Prickett, Jon 1310 King Street, P.O. Box 1328, Wilmington, (302) 888-6500, LMHerbert@prickett.com		, ,

Civil Action No. MDL No. 05-1717-JJF; Consol. C.A. No. 05-485-JJF; C.A. No. 05-441

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

	This subpoena for (name	e of individual and title, if any)				
was rec	ceived by me on (date)	•				
	☐ I personally served t	he subpoena on the individual at (place)		· or		
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I left the subpoena at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)					
	☐ I served the subpoer	e subpoena on (name of individual)				
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the subpo	ena unexecuted because		; or		
	☐ Other (specify):					
	tendered to the witness \$	fees for one day's attendance, and the	mileage allowed by law, in the	amount of		
My fee	es are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information is true				
Date:			Server's signature			
			Sur ron Sugratur			
			Printed name and title			
			Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information,
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.

 These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

SCHEDULE A

DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The term "MICROPROCESSOR" means general purpose microprocessors using the x86 instruction set (e.g., Sempron, Athlon, Turion, Opteron, Celeron, Pentium, Core, Core Duo, and Xeon).
- 2. The term "DELL" refers to Dell Corporation and any of its controlled present or former subsidiaries, parents, and predecessor or successor companies.
- 3. The term "COMPUTER SYSTEM" means any product that utilizes a MICROPROCESSOR including, without limitation, desktop computers, notebook computers and workstations.
- 4. The term "PURCHASE DATA" refers to the data files produced by DELL in this litigation that reflect DELL's purchases of x86 MICROPROCESSORS and x86 COMPUTER SYSTEMS.
- 5. The term "SALES DATA" refers to the data files produced by DELL in this litigation that reflect DELL's sales of x86 MICROPROCESSORS and x86 COMPUTER SYSTEMS.
- 6. The term "REBATE DATA" refers to the data files produced by DELL in this litigation that reflect (i) any payment, subsidy, rebate, discount received by DELL from a vendor, manufacturer, Intel or AMD in connection with DELL's purchase of x86 MICROPROCESSORS and/or x86 COMPUTER SYSTEMS; (ii) as well as any rebates or discounts DELL gave to their customers in association with the purchase of x86 MICROPROCESSORS and/or x86 COMPUTER SYSTEMS.
- 7. The term "DELL DATA" collectively refers to the PURCHASE DATA, SALES DATA, REBATE DATA, and all other data produced by DELL in this litigation.
- 8. The relevant time period for these topics is January 1, 2000 to the present.

DEPOSITION TOPICS FOR DELL

- 1. The DELL DATA that DELL has produced in this litigation, including the definitions for all fields, abbreviations or codes reflected as values in any data fields, and the interaction among the files produced.
- 2. The geographic and product scope of the DELL DATA, including whether all sales of desktops and notebooks to U.S. customers are included in the data.
- 3. The determination of the net price paid by the customer for a given sale (net of all rebates, discounts, and credits at the time of sale and after) and whether such a price can be captured in the DELL DATA produced.
- 4. The extent to which consumer rebates are captured in the DELL DATA and how to identify and incorporate those rebates.
- 5. The determination of the net cost (to DELL) of a product (net of all rebates, discounts, and credits at the time of purchase and after) and whether such a cost can be captured in the DELL DATA produced.
- 6. Explanation of how DELL's customers are classified in different segments or channels and how these are captured in the DELL DATA produced.
- 7. Descriptive information about the COMPUTER SYSTEMS in the DELL DATA, including the identification of notebooks and desktops; "CTO/BTO" and base models; refurbished and open box items; and key components in the system.
 - 8. Observable patterns in the DELL DATA, including sales at prices below cost.
 - 9. How to identify product returns, credits and debits in the DELL DATA.
 - 10. Other foundational and/or substantive questions regarding the DELL DATA.