

Intel[®] Desktop Board DP43TF Product Guide

Order Number: E40798-001

Revision History

Revision	Revision History	Date
-001	First release of the Intel [®] Desktop Board DP43TF Product Guide	June 2008

If an FCC declaration of conformity marking is present on the board, the following statement applies:

FCC Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation, 5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway, Hillsboro, OR 97124 1-800-628-8686

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any changes or modifications to the equipment not expressly approved by Intel Corporation could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Tested to comply with FCC standards for home or office use.

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Le présent appareil numerique német pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Réglement sur le broullage radioélectrique édicté par le ministére des Communications du Canada.

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Preface

This Product Guide gives information about board layout, component installation, BIOS update, and regulatory requirements for Intel[®] Desktop Board DP43TF.

Intended Audience

The Product Guide is intended for technically qualified personnel. It is not intended for general audiences.

Use Only for Intended Applications

All Intel Desktop Boards are evaluated as Information Technology Equipment (I.T.E.) for use in personal computers (PC) for installation in homes, offices, schools, computer rooms, and similar locations. The suitability of this product for other PC or embedded non-PC applications or other environments, such as medical, industrial, alarm systems, test equipment, etc. may not be supported without further evaluation by Intel.

Document Organization

The chapters in this Product Guide are arranged as follows:

- 1 Desktop Board Features: a summary of product features
- 2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components: instructions on how to install the Desktop Board and other hardware components
- 3 Updating the BIOS: instructions on how to update the BIOS
- A Error Messages and Indicators: information about BIOS error messages and beep codes
- B Regulatory Compliance: safety standards, regulations, and product certifications

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this manual:

🔨 CAUTION

Cautions warn the user about how to prevent damage to hardware or loss of data.

Notes call attention to important information.

Terminology

The table below gives descriptions of some common terms used in the product guide.

Term	Description
GB	Gigabyte (1,073,741,824 bytes)
GHz	Gigahertz (one billion hertz)
КВ	Kilobyte (1024 bytes)
MB	Megabyte (1,048,576 bytes)
Mbit	Megabit (1,048,576 bits)
MHz	Megahertz (one million hertz)

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+5 V Standby Power Indicator	
Wake from USB	
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PME# Signal Wake-up Support	
WAKE# Signal Wake-up Support	
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1 Desktop Board Features

This chapter briefly describes the features of Intel[®] Desktop Board DP43TF. Table 1 summarizes the major features of the Desktop Board.

Form Factor	ATX (294.64 millimeters [11.60 inches] x 243.84 millimeters [9.60 inches])		
Processor	Support for an Intel [®] processor in the LGA775 package		
Main Memory	Four 240-pin, DDR2 1.8 V SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) sockets		
	800/667 MHz single or dual channel DDR2 SDRAM interface		
	Support for up to 8 GB of system memory		
Chipset	Intel [®] P43 Express Chipset consisting of:		
	Intel P43 Express Chipset Memory Controller Hub (MCH)		
	Intel [®] 82801JB I/O Controller Hub (ICH10)		
Graphics	One PCI Express* 2.0 x16 connector supporting PCI Express graphics add-in cards		
Audio	Onboard subsystem, featuring:		
	Independent 6-channel (5.1) audio streams		
	• 2-channel stereo audio streams via an onboard header		
	• Intel [®] High Definition Audio (Intel [®] HD Audio) interface		
	RealTek* ALC888VC audio codec		
	Onboard 3-pin S/PDIF output connector		
Expansion	One PCI Express 2.0 x16 connector		
Capabilities	Three PCI Express 1.1 x1 connectors		
	Three PCI* connectors		
Legacy I/O Support	Legacy I/O Controller that provides:		
	PS/2* keyboard and mouse ports		
	One serial port via an onboard header		
Peripheral	Up to 12 USB 2.0 ports:		
Interfaces	 Six ports routed to the back panel 		
	 Six ports routed to three USB headers 		
	Up to two IEEE 1394a ports:		
	 One port routed to the back panel 		
	 One port routed to an onboard IEEE 1394a header 		
	• Six Serial ATA (SATA) channels (3.0 Gb/s) via ICH10		
	• One IDE interface with ATA-66/100 support (two devices)		

 Table 1. Feature Summary

continued

BIOS	Intel [®] Platform Innovation Framework for EFI	
	32 Mbit symmetrical flash memory device	
	Support for SMBIOS	
	Intel [®] Rapid BIOS Boot	
	Intel [®] Express BIOS Update	
Power Management	Support for Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI)	
	Suspend to RAM (STR)	
	• Wake on USB, PCI, PCI Express, PS/2, LAN, and front panel	
	ENERGY STAR* capable	
Hardware	Hardware monitor with:	
Management	Four fan sensing inputs used to monitor fan activity	
	• Intel [®] Quiet System Technology (Intel [®] QST) fan speed control	
	 Voltage sensing to detect out of range values 	
LAN Support	Intel [®] 82567LV Gigabit (10/100/1000 Mb/s) Ethernet LAN controller	
Operating System	Microsoft Windows Vista* Ultimate	
Support	Microsoft Windows Vista Enterprise	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Business	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Home Premium	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Home Basic	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Ultimate 64-bit edition	
	 Microsoft Windows Vista Enterprise 64-bit edition 	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Business 64-bit edition	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Home Premium 64-bit edition	
	Microsoft Windows Vista Home Basic 64-bit edition	
	Microsoft Windows* XP Media Center Edition 2005	
	Microsoft Windows XP Professional	
	Microsoft Windows XP Professional x64 Edition	
	Microsoft Windows XP Home	

 Table 1. Feature Summary (continued)

For more information about Intel Desktop Board DP43TF, including the Technical Product Specification (TPS), BIOS updates, and device drivers, go to http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/.

Desktop Board Components

Figure 1 shows the approximate location of the major components on Intel Desktop Board DP43TF.

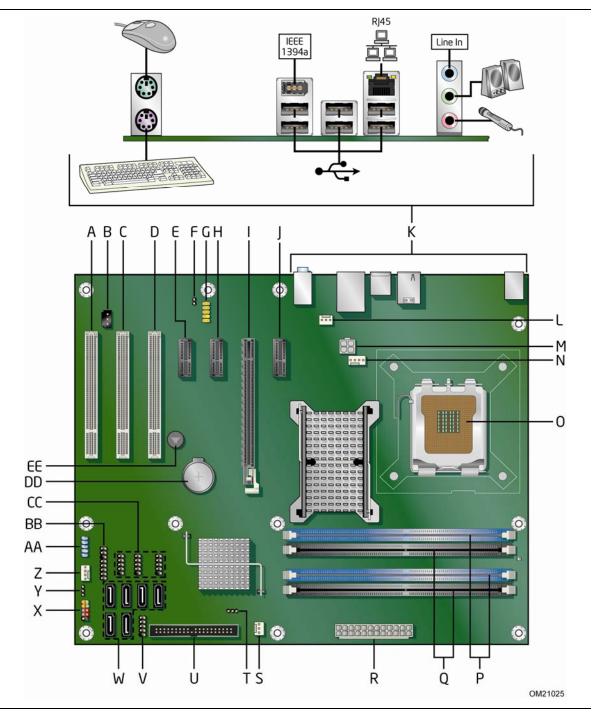


Figure 1. Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Components

Label	Description
A	PCI bus connector 3
B	S/PDIF header
C	PCI bus connector 2
D	PCI bus connector 1
F	PCI Express 1.1 x1 connector 3
 F	Chassis intrusion header
G	Front panel audio header
H	PCI Express 1.1 x1 connector 2
I	PCI Express 2.0 x16 connector
J	PCI Express 1.1 x1 connector 1
K	Back panel connectors
L	Rear chassis fan header (3-pin)
М	12 V processor core voltage connector (2 x 2 pin)
N	Processor fan header (4-pin)
0	Processor socket
Р	DDR2 DIMM 0 sockets
Q	DDR2 DIMM 1 sockets
R	Main power connector (2 x 12 pin)
S	Front chassis fan header (3-pin)
Т	BIOS configuration jumper block
U	IDE connector
V	Serial header
W	Serial ATA connectors (6)
Х	Front panel header
Y	Alternate front panel power LED header
AA	IEEE 1394a header
BB	HD audio link header
CC	High-speed USB 2.0 headers (3)
DD	Battery
EE	Speaker

 Table 2. Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Components

For more information about Intel Desktop Board DP43TF, go to http://intel.com/design/motherbd.

Processor

Failure to use an appropriate power supply and/or not connecting the 12 V (2 \times 2 pin) power connector to the Desktop Board may result in damage to the board, or the system may not function properly.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF supports an Intel processor in the LGA775 package. Processors are not included with the Desktop Board and must be purchased separately. The processor connects to the Desktop Board through the LGA775 socket.

Go to the following locations for more information about:

- Instructions on installing or upgrading the processor, page 29 in Chapter 2
- Supported processors for Intel Desktop Board DP43TF, <u>http://processormatch.intel.com</u>

Main Memory

To be fully compliant with all applicable Intel[®] SDRAM memory specifications, the board should be populated with DIMMs that support the Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data structure. If your memory modules do not support SPD, you will see a notification to this effect on the screen at power up. The BIOS will attempt to configure the memory controller for normal operation.

The Desktop Board supports the dual or single channel memory configurations defined below.

- Four 240-pin Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) connectors with gold-plated contacts
- Support for:
 - Non-ECC, 1.8 V, DDR2 800/667 MHz memory
 - Serial Presence Detect (SPD) memory only
 - Unbuffered, non-registered single- or double-sided DIMMs (except double-sided DIMMs with x16 organization)
 - Memory configurations listed below:
 - Up to 2.0 GB utilizing 256 Mb technology
 - Up to 4.0 GB utilizing 512 Mb or 1 Gb technology
 - Up to 8.0 GB utilizing 1 Gb technology
- A minimum of 512 MB of total memory is required

System resources and hardware (such as PCI Express) require physical memory address locations that can reduce available addressable system memory. This could result in a reduction of as much as 1 GB or more of physical addressable memory being available to the operating system and applications, depending on the system configuration and operating system.

Go to the following locations for more information about:

- SDRAM specifications, http://intel.com/technology/memory/
- Installing memory, page 34 in Chapter 2
- Tested memory, http://cmtlabs.com/mbsearch.asp

Intel[®] P43 Express Chipset

The Intel P43 Express Chipset consists of the following devices:

- Intel P43 Express Chipset Memory Controller Hub (MCH) with Direct Media Interface (DMI)
- Intel 82801JB I/O Controller Hub (ICH10) with DMI

The MCH component provides interfaces to the processor, memory, PCI Express, and the DMI interconnect. The ICH10 is a centralized controller for the board's I/O paths.

For more information on the Intel P43 Express Chipset go to http://developer.intel.com/products/chipsets/

Graphics Support

The board supports an add-in PCI Express discrete graphics card via the PCI Express 2.0 x16 connector as follows:

- Supports PCI Express 1.1 frequency of 1.25 GHz resulting in 2.5 Gb/s each direction (500 MB/s total). The maximum theoretical bandwidth on the interface is 4 GB/s in each direction simultaneously, for an aggregate of 8 GB/s when operating in x16 mode.
- Supports PCI Express 2.0 frequency of 2.5 GHz resulting in 5.0 Gb/s each direction (1000 MB/s total). The maximum theoretical bandwidth on the interface is 8 GB/s in each direction simultaneously, for an aggregate of 16 GB/s when operating in x16 mode.

For more information on PCI Express technology, go to http://pcisig.com.

Audio Subsystem

The onboard audio subsystem consists of the following:

- Intel ICH10 I/O controller hub
- RealTek ALC888VC audio codec
- Intel High Definition Audio front panel audio header
- Intel High Definition Audio Link header
- Onboard 3-pin S/PDIF output connector

The audio subsystem supports the following features:

- A signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio of 95 dB
- Independent multi-streaming 5.1 audio (using the back panel audio connectors) and stereo (using the Intel High Definition front panel audio header)

Go to the following locations for more information about:

- Audio drivers and utilities http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/
- Location of the onboard audio headers, Figure 22 on page 44
- The location and description of the back panel audio connectors, Figure 23 on page 48

Table 3 lists the supported functions for the front panel and back panel audio jacks.

Jack	Mic	Line out/ Headphone	Line in	Rear Surround	Center/ Subwoofer
		-	ont Panel		
Green	No	Yes	No	No	No
Pink	Yes	No	No	No	No
		Re	ear Panel	1	
Blue	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
Green	No	Yes	No	No	No
Pink	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

Table 3. Audio Jack Retasking Support

Legacy Input/Output (I/O) Controller

The I/O controller features the following:

- Low pin count (LPC) interface
- One serial port interface via an onboard header
- Serial IRQ interface compatible with serialized IRQ support for PCI systems
- PS/2-style mouse and keyboard interfaces
- Intelligent power management, including a programmable wake up event interface
- PCI power management support

LAN Subsystem

The LAN subsystem includes:

- Intel[®] ICH10
- Intel 82567V Gigabit (10/100/1000 Mb/s) Ethernet LAN controller
- RJ-45 LAN connector with integrated status LEDs

The subsystem features:

- CSMA/CD protocol engine
- LAN connect interface between ICH10 and the LAN controller
- PCI Express power management

For information about LAN software and drivers go to http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop

LAN Subsystem Software

For LAN software and drivers, refer to the Intel Desktop Board DP43TF link on Intel's World Wide Web site at <u>http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop</u>.

LAN Status Indicators

Two LEDs are built into the RJ-45 LAN connector located on the back panel (see Figure 2). These LEDs indicate the operating states of the LAN.

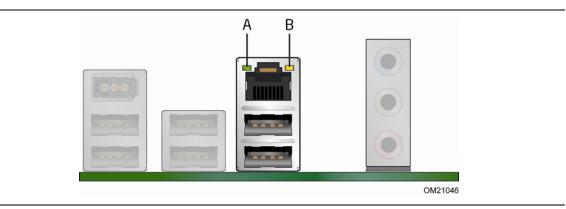


Figure 2. LAN Status LEDs

Table 4 describes the LED states when the board is powered up and the LAN subsystem is operating.

LED	LED Color	LED State	Indicates
A (Link)	Green	Off	LAN link is not established
		On	LAN link is established
		Blinking	LAN activity is occurring
B (Speed)	N/A	Off	10 Mb/s data rate
	Green	On	100 Mb/s data rate
	Yellow	On	1000 Mb/s data rate

Table 4. LAN Connector LEDs

Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Support

The Desktop Board supports up to 12 USB 2.0 ports (six ports routed to the back panel and six ports routed to three internal headers) via ICH10. USB 2.0 ports are backward compatible with USB 1.1 devices. USB 1.1 devices will function normally at USB 1.1 speeds.

USB 2.0 support requires both an operating system and drivers that fully support USB 2.0 transfer rates. Disabling Hi-Speed USB in the BIOS reverts all USB 2.0 ports to USB 1.1 operation. This may be required to accommodate operating systems that do not support USB 2.0.

Enhanced IDE Interface

The board's IDE interface handles the exchange of information between the processor and peripheral devices such as hard disk drives and CD-ROM drives. The interface supports:

- Up to two IDE devices (such as hard drives)
- ATAPI-style devices (such as CD-ROM drives)
- Older PIO Mode devices
- Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 protocols

Serial ATA

The Desktop Board supports six Serial ATA channels (3.0 Gb/s) via ICH10, connecting one device per channel.

Expandability

For system expansion, the Desktop Board provides the following expansion slots:

- One PCI Express 2.0 x16 connector (also compatible with PCI Express 1.1 add-in cards)
- Three PCI Express 1.1 x1 connectors
- Three PCI bus connectors

BIOS

The BIOS provides the Power-On Self-Test (POST), the BIOS Setup program, the PCI/PCI Express auto-configuration utilities, and the video BIOS. The BIOS is stored in the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Flash device.

The BIOS can be updated by following the instructions in Chapter 3.

Serial ATA Auto Configuration

If you install a Serial ATA device (such as a hard drive) in your computer, the autoconfiguration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the device for your computer. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after installing a Serial ATA device. You can override the auto-configuration options by specifying manual configuration in the BIOS Setup program.

PCI and PCI Express* Auto Configuration

If you install a PCI/PCI Express add-in card in your computer, the PCI/PCI Express auto-configuration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the resources (IRQs, DMA channels, and I/O space) for that add-in card. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after you install a PCI/PCI Express add-in card.

Security Passwords

The BIOS includes security features that restrict whether the BIOS Setup program can be accessed and who can boot the computer. A supervisor password and a user password can be set for the BIOS Setup and for booting the computer, with the following restrictions:

- The supervisor password gives unrestricted access to view and change all Setup options. If only the supervisor password is set, pressing <Enter> at the password prompt of Setup gives the user restricted access to Setup.
- If both the supervisor and user passwords are set, you must enter either the supervisor password or the user password to access Setup. Setup options are then available for viewing and changing depending on whether the supervisor or user password was entered.
- Setting a user password restricts who can boot the computer. The password prompt is displayed before the computer is booted. If only the supervisor password is set, the computer boots without asking for a password. If both passwords are set, you can enter either password to boot the computer.

For instructions on resetting the password, see Clearing Passwords on page 52.

Hardware Management Features

The hardware management features of Intel Desktop Board DP43TF enable the board to be compatible with the Wired for Management (WfM) specification. The board has several hardware management features including the following:

- Fan speed monitoring and control
- Thermal and voltage monitoring
- Chassis intrusion detection

Fan Speed, Thermal, and Voltage Monitoring and Control

The board's fan speed, thermal, and voltage monitoring and control features include the following:

- Monitoring of power supply voltages to detect levels above and below acceptable values
- Intel Quiet System Technology fan speed control, delivering acoustically-optimized thermal management



Memory must be installed in the Channel A, DIMM 0 socket to enable Intel Quiet System Technology.

- Thermally monitored closed-loop fan control, for all onboard fans, that can adjust fan speed according to thermal conditions.
- Fan speed controllers and sensors integrated into ICH10
- Thermal sensors in the processor, the MCH, and ICH10, plus an onboard remote sensor

NOTE:

ΝΟΤΕ

The minimum thermal reporting threshold for the MCH is 66 °C. The MCH thermal sensor will display 66 °C until the temperature rises above this point.

Chassis Intrusion

The board supports a chassis security feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. The security feature uses a mechanical switch on the chassis that can be connected to the chassis intrusion header on the Desktop Board. See Figure 22 for the location of the chassis intrusion header.

Power Management Features

Power management is implemented at several levels, including:

- Software support through the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI)
- Hardware support:
 - Power connectors
 - Fan headers
 - LAN wake capabilities
 - Instantly Available PC technology (Suspend to RAM)
 - +5 V standby power indicator LED
 - Wake from PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse
 - Wake from USB
 - Power Management Event signal (PME#) wakeup support
 - WAKE# signal wake-up support
- ENERGY STAR qualified

ACPI

ACPI gives the operating system direct control over the power management and Plug and Play functions of a computer. The use of ACPI with the Desktop Board requires an operating system that provides full ACPI support.

Hardware Support

Power Connectors

ATX12V-compliant power supplies can turn off the computer power through system control. When an ACPI-enabled computer receives the correct command, the power supply removes all non-standby voltages.

When resuming from an AC power failure, the computer returns to the power state it was in before power was interrupted (either on or off). The computer's response can be set by using the Last Power State feature in the BIOS Setup program's Boot menu.

The Desktop Board has two power connectors. See Figure 25 on page 50 for the location of the power connectors.

Fan Headers

The function/operation of the fans is as follows:

- The fans are on when the computer is in the ACPI S0 state.
- The fans are off when the computer is in the ACPI S3, S4, or S5 state.
- All fan headers support closed-loop fan control that can adjust the fan speed according to thermal conditions.
- All fan headers have a +12 V DC connection.

The Desktop Board has a 4-pin processor fan header, two 3-pin chassis fan headers, and one 4-pin chassis fan header.

LAN Wake Capabilities

\land CAUTION

For LAN wake capabilities, the 5 V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering adequate +5 V standby current. Failure to provide adequate standby current when using this feature can damage the power supply.

LAN wakeup capabilities enable remote wake-up of the computer through a network. The LAN subsystem monitors network traffic and upon detecting a Magic Packet* frame, it asserts a wake-up signal that powers up the computer.

Instantly Available PC Technology

CAUTIONS

For Instantly Available PC technology, the 5 V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering adequate +5 V standby current. Failure to provide adequate standby current when using this feature can damage the power supply and/or effect ACPI S3 sleep state functionality.

Power supplies used with this Desktop Board must be able to provide enough standby current to support the standard Instantly Available (ACPI S3 sleep state) configuration. If the standby current necessary to support multiple wake events from the PCI and/or USB buses exceeds power supply capacity, the Desktop Board may lose register settings stored in memory.

Instantly Available PC technology enables the board to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend-to-RAM) sleep state. While in the S3 sleep state, the computer will appear to be off. If the computer has a dual-colored power LED on the front panel, the sleep state is indicated by the LED turning amber. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the computer quickly returns to its last known awake state.

The Desktop Board supports the *PCI Bus Power Management Interface Specification*. Add-in cards that support this specification can participate in power management and can be used to wake the computer.

+5 V Standby Power Indicator

🗥 CAUTION

If the AC power has been switched off and the standby power indicator is still lit, disconnect the power cord before installing or removing any devices connected to the board. Failure to do so could damage the board and any attached devices.

The Desktop Board's standby power indicator, shown in Figure 3, is lit when there is standby power still present on the board even when the computer appears to be off. For example, when this green LED is lit, standby power is still present at the memory module sockets and the PCI/PCI Express bus connectors.

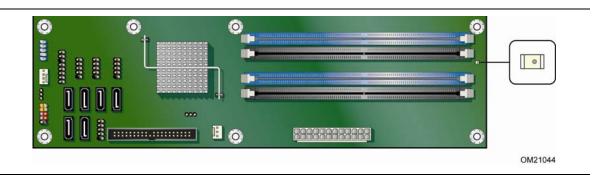


Figure 3. Location of the +5 V Standby Power Indicator

For more information on standby current requirements for the Desktop Board, refer to the Technical Product Specification by going to http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/, finding the product, and clicking on the Technical Documents tab.

Wake from USB

📩 ΝΟΤΕ

Wake from USB requires the use of a USB peripheral that supports Wake from USB.

USB bus activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S3 state.

Wake from PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

PS/2 keyboard/mouse activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S3 state.

PME# Signal Wake-up Support

When the PME# signal on the PCI bus is asserted, the computer wakes from an ACPI S3, S4, or S5 state.

WAKE# Signal Wake-up Support

When the WAKE# signal on the PCI Express bus is asserted, the computer wakes from an ACPI S1, S3, S4, or S5 state.

ENERGY STAR* Qualified

In 2007, the US Department of Energy and the US Environmental Protection Agency revised the ENERGY STAR requirements. Intel worked directly with these two governmental agencies to define the new requirements. This Desktop Board meets the ENERGY STAR Category B requirements.

For information about the ENERGY STAR specifications, see: <u>http://intel.com/go/energystar</u>.

Speaker

A speaker is mounted on the Desktop Board. The speaker provides audible error code (beep code) information during the Power-On Self-Test (POST).

Battery

A battery on the Desktop Board keeps the values in CMOS RAM and the clock current when the computer is turned off. Go to page 53 for instructions on how to replace the battery.

Real-Time Clock

The Desktop Board has a time-of-day clock and 100-year calendar. The battery on the Desktop Board keeps the clock current when the computer is turned off.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Product Guide

2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components

This chapter tells you how to:

- Install the I/O shield
- Install and remove the Desktop Board
- Install and remove a processor
- Install and remove memory
- Install and remove a PCI Express x16 card
- Connect the IDE and Serial ATA cables
- Connect to the internal headers
- Connect to the onboard audio system
- Connect chassis fan and power supply cables
- Set the BIOS configuration jumper
- Clear passwords
- Replace the battery

Before You Begin

\land CAUTION

The procedures in this chapter assume familiarity with the general terminology associated with personal computers and with the safety practices and regulatory compliance required for using and modifying electronic equipment.

Disconnect the computer from its power source and from any telecommunications links, networks, or modems before performing any of the procedures described in this chapter. Failure to disconnect power, telecommunications links, networks, or modems before you open the computer or perform any procedures can result in personal injury or equipment damage. Some circuitry on the board can continue to operate even though the front panel power button is off.

Follow these guidelines before you begin:

- Always follow the steps in each procedure in the correct order.
- Set up a log to record information about your computer, such as model, serial numbers, installed options, and configuration information.
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage components. Perform the procedures described in this chapter only at an ESD workstation using an antistatic wrist strap and a conductive foam pad. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the computer chassis.

Installation Precautions

When you install and test the Intel Desktop Board, observe all warnings and cautions in the installation instructions.

To avoid injury, be careful of:

- Sharp pins on connectors
- Sharp pins on printed circuit assemblies
- Rough edges and sharp corners on the chassis
- Hot components (such as processors, voltage regulators, and heat sinks)
- Damage to wires that could cause a short circuit

Observe all warnings and cautions that instruct you to refer computer servicing to qualified technical personnel.

Prevent Power Supply Overload

Do not overload the power supply output. To avoid overloading the power supply, make sure that the calculated total current loads of all the modules within the computer is less than the output current rating of each of the power supplies output circuits.

Observe Safety and Regulatory Requirements

Read and adhere the instructions in this section and the instructions supplied with the chassis and associated modules. If you do not follow these instructions and the instructions provided by the chassis and module suppliers, you increase safety risk and the possibility of noncompliance with regional laws and regulations. If the instructions for the chassis are inconsistent with these instructions or the instructions for associated modules, contact the supplier's technical support to find out how you can ensure that your computer meets safety and regulatory requirements.

For information about regulatory compliance, go to Appendix B on page 65.

Installing the I/O Shield

The Desktop Board comes with an I/O shield. When installed in the chassis, the shield blocks radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Install the I/O shield before installing the Desktop Board in the chassis. Place the shield inside the chassis as shown in Figure 4. Press the shield into place so that it fits tightly and securely. If the shield does not fit, obtain a properly sized shield from the chassis supplier.

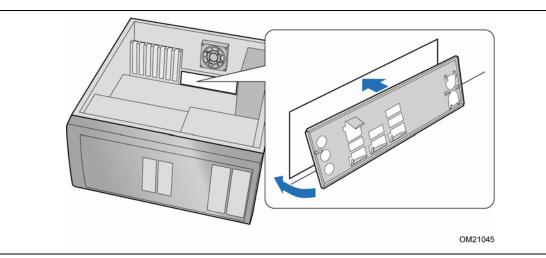


Figure 4. Installing the I/O Shield

Installing and Removing the Desktop Board

\land CAUTION

Only qualified technical personnel should do this procedure. Disconnect the computer from its power source before performing the procedures described here. Failure to disconnect the power before you open the computer can result in personal injury or equipment damage.

Refer to your chassis manual for instructions on installing and removing the Desktop Board.

Figure 5 shows the location of the mounting screw holes for Intel Desktop Board DP43TF.

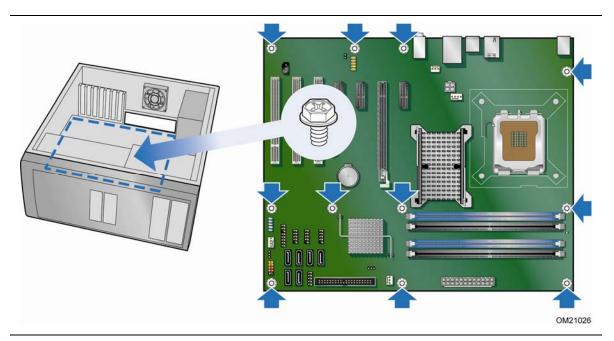


Figure 5. Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Mounting Screw Hole Locations

Installing and Removing a Processor

This section contains information on how to install and remove a processor on the Desktop Board.

Installing a Processor

Before installing or removing the processor, make sure the AC power has been removed by unplugging the power cord from the computer; the standby power LED should not be lit (see Figure 3 on page 22). Failure to do so could damage the processor and the board.

To install a processor, follow these instructions:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Open the socket lever by pushing the lever down and away from the socket (Figure 6, A and B).

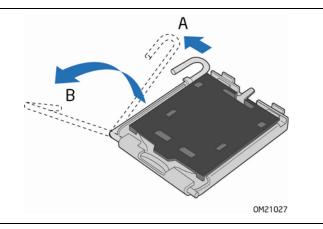
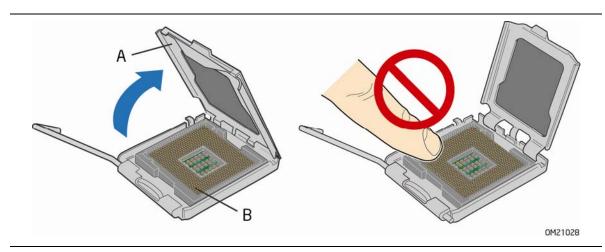


Figure 6. Lift the Socket Lever



3. Lift the load plate (Figure 7, A). Do not touch the socket contacts (Figure 7, B).

Figure 7. Lift the Load Plate

4. Remove the plastic protective socket cover from the load plate (Figure 8). Do not discard the protective socket cover. Always replace the socket cover if the processor is removed from the socket.

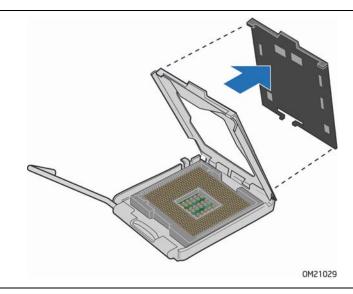


Figure 8. Remove the Protective Socket Cover

 Remove the processor from the protective processor cover. Hold the processor only at the edges, being careful not to touch the bottom of the processor (see Figure 9). Do not discard the protective processor cover. Always replace the processor cover if the processor is removed from the socket.

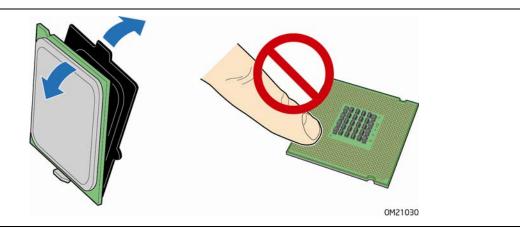


Figure 9. Remove the Processor from the Protective Processor Cover

6. Hold the processor with your thumb and index fingers oriented as shown in Figure 10. Make sure your fingers align to the socket cutouts (Figure 10, A). Align notches (Figure 10, B) with the socket (Figure 10, C). Lower the processor straight down without tilting or sliding it in the socket.

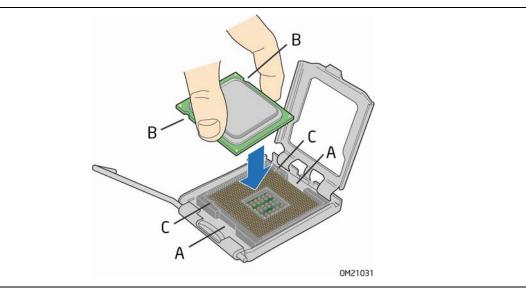


Figure 10. Install the Processor

7. Pressing down on the load plate (Figure 11, A), close and engage the socket lever (Figure 11, B).

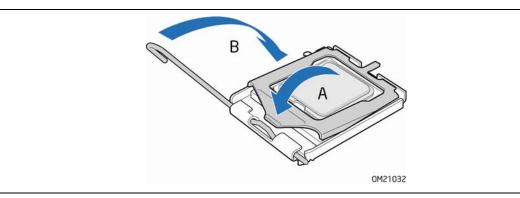


Figure 11. Close the Load Plate

Installing a Processor Fan Heat Sink

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF has mounting holes for a processor fan heat sink. For instructions on how to attach the processor fan heat sink to the Desktop Board, refer to the boxed processor manual.

Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable

Connect the processor fan heat sink cable to the 4-pin processor fan header (see Figure 12). A fan with a 4-pin connector as shown in Figure 12, A is recommended; however, a fan with a 3-pin connector (Figure 12, B) can be used. However, since a fan with a 3-pin connector cannot use the onboard fan control, the fan will always operate at full speed.

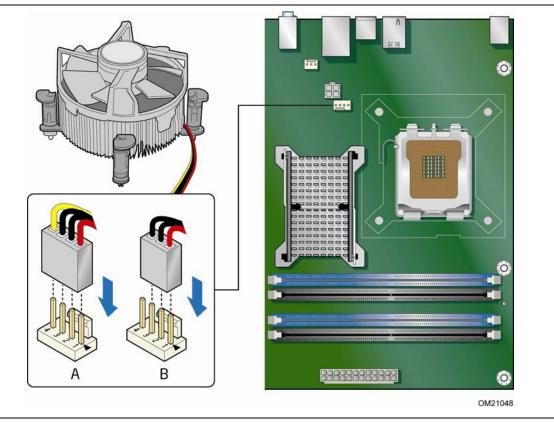


Figure 12. Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable

Removing the Processor

For instructions on how to remove the processor fan heat sink and processor, refer to the processor installation manual.

Installing and Removing Memory

Intel Desktop board DP43TF has four 240-pin DDR2 DIMM sockets arranged as DIMM 0 and DIMM 1 in both Channel A and Channel B.

Regardless of the memory configuration used (dual or single channel), Channel A, DIMM 0 must always be populated. This is a requirement of the ICH10 Manageability Engine feature.

Guidelines for Dual Channel Memory Configuration

Before installing DIMMs, read and follow these guidelines for dual channel configuration.

Two or Four DIMMs

Install a matched pair of DIMMs equal in speed and size (see Figure 13) in DIMM 0 (blue) of channels A and B.



Figure 13. Dual Channel Memory Configuration with Two DIMMs

If additional memory is to be used, install another matched pair of DIMMs in DIMM 1 (black) in channels A and B (see Figure 14).

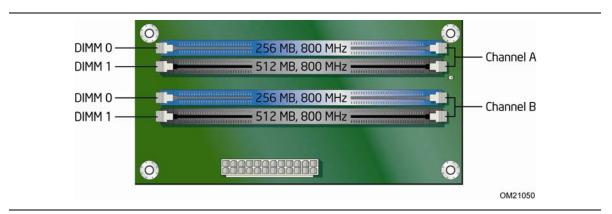


Figure 14. Dual Channel Memory Configuration with Four DIMMs

Three DIMMs

If you want to use three DIMMs in a dual-channel configuration, install a matched pair of DIMMs equal in speed and size in DIMM 0 (blue) and DIMM 1 (black) of channel A. Install a DIMM equal in speed and total size of the DIMMs installed in channel A in either DIMM 0 or DIMM 1 of channel B (see Figure 15).

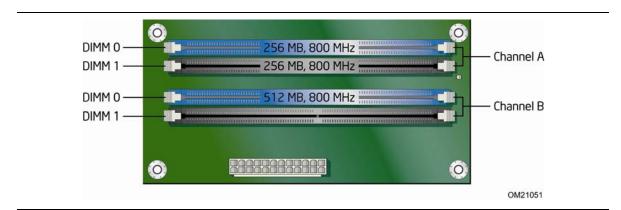


Figure 15. Dual Channel Memory Configuration with Three DIMMs

NOTE

All other memory configurations will result in single channel memory operation.

Installing DIMMs

To make sure you have the correct DIMM, place it on the illustration of the DDR2 DIMM in Figure 16. All the notches should match with the DDR2 DIMM.

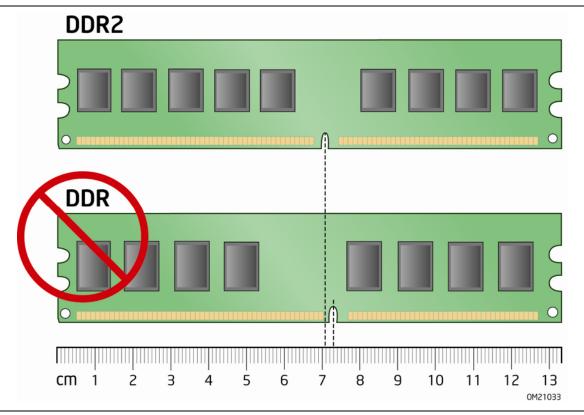


Figure 16. Use DDR2 DIMMs

To install a DIMM, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
- 3. Remove the computer's cover and locate the DIMM sockets (see Figure 17).

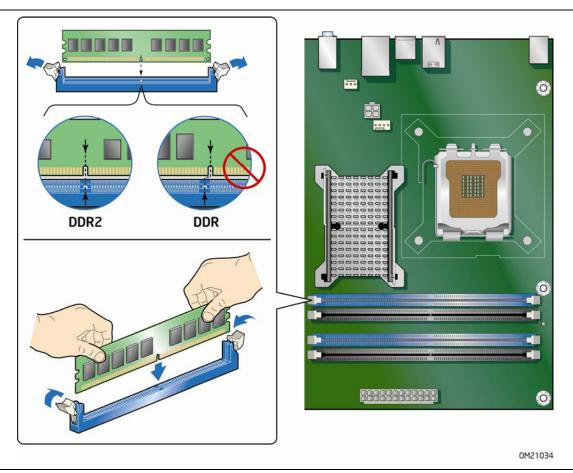


Figure 17. Installing a DIMM

- 4. Make sure the clips at either end of the DIMM socket(s) are pushed outward to the open position.
- 5. Holding the DIMM by the edges, remove it from its anti-static package.
- 6. Position the DIMM above the socket. Align the small notch at the bottom edge of the DIMM with the keys in the socket (see inset in Figure 17).

- 7. Insert the bottom edge of the DIMM into the socket.
- 8. When the DIMM is inserted, push down on the top edge of the DIMM until the retaining clips snap into place. Make sure the clips are firmly in place.
- 9. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Removing DIMMs

To remove a DIMM, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer.
- 3. Remove the AC power cord from the computer.
- 4. Remove the computer's cover.
- 5. Gently spread the retaining clips at each end of the DIMM socket. The DIMM pops out of the socket.
- 6. Hold the DIMM by the edges, lift it away from the socket, and store it in an anti-static package.
- 7. Reinstall and reconnect any parts you removed or disconnected to reach the DIMM sockets.
- 8. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Card

\land CAUTION

When installing a PCI Express x16 card on the Desktop Board, ensure that the card is fully seated in the PCI Express x16 connector before you power on the system. If the card is not fully seated in the PCI Express connector, an electrical short may result across the PCI Express connector pins. Depending on the over-current protection of the power supply, certain Desktop Board components and/or traces may be damaged.

Installing a PCI Express x16 Card

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Place the card in the PCI Express x16 connector (Figure 18, A) and press down on the card until it is completely seated in the connector and the card retention notch on the card snaps into place around the retention mechanism pin on the connector.
- 3. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw (Figure 18, B).

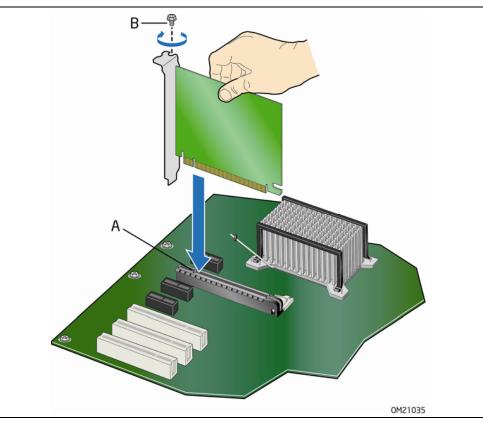


Figure 18. Installing a PCI Express x16 Card

Removing the PCI Express x16 Card

Follow these instructions to remove the PCI Express x16 card from the connector:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Remove the screw (Figure 19, A) that secures the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel.
- 3. Push the card ejector lever down using the tip of a pencil or similar tool (Figure 19, B) in the notch. This will release the card from the connector (C).
- 4. Pull the card straight up.

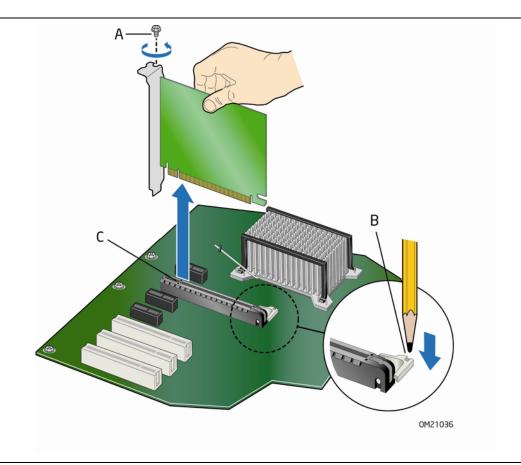


Figure 19. Removing a PCI Express x16 Card

Connecting the IDE Cable

The IDE cable can be used to connect two IDE drives to the Desktop Board. The cable supports the ATA-66/100 transfer protocol. Figure 20 shows the correct installation of the cable.

NOTES

NOTE:

ATA-66/100 compatible cables are backward compatible with drives using slower IDE transfer protocols. If an ATA-66/100 disk drive and a disk drive using any other IDE transfer protocol are attached to the same cable, the maximum transfer rate between the drives may be reduced to that of the slowest drive.

Do not connect an ATA device as a slave on the same IDE cable as an ATAPI master device. For example, do not connect an ATA hard drive as a slave to an ATAPI CD-ROM drive.

For correct function of the cable:

- Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- Attach the cable end with the single connector (blue) to the Intel Desktop Board (Figure 20, A).
- Attach the cable end with the two closely spaced connectors (gray and black) to the drives (Figure 20, B).

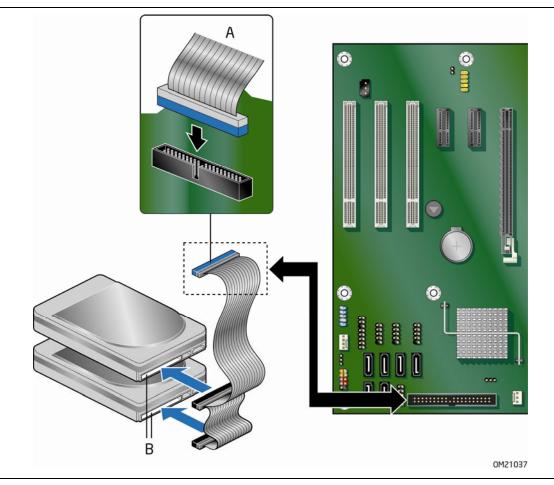


Figure 20. Connecting the IDE Cable

Connecting Serial ATA (SATA) Cables

SATA cables support the Serial ATA protocol. Each cable can be used to connect a single SATA drive to the Desktop Board. For correct cable function:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Attach one end the SATA cable to one of the SATA connectors on the board (Figure 21, A).
- 3. Attach the other end of the SATA cable to the SATA drive (Figure 21, B).

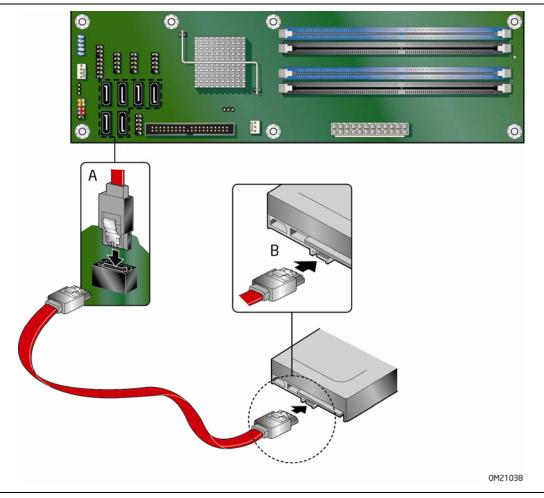


Figure 21. Connecting a Serial ATA Cable

Connecting to Internal Headers and Connectors

Before connecting cables to the internal headers and connectors, observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25. Figure 22 shows the location of the internal headers and connectors.

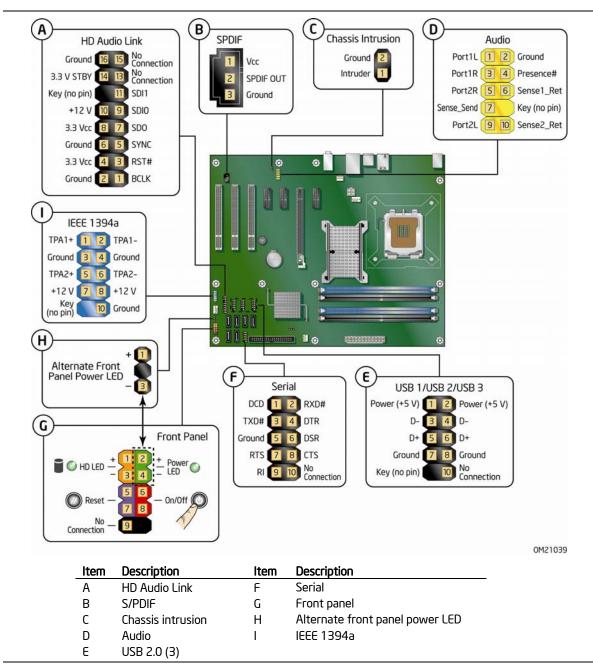


Figure 22. Internal Headers and Connectors

HD Audio Link Header

See Figure 22, A for the location of the HD Audio Link header. Table 5 shows the pin assignments for the header.

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name	
1	BCLK	2	Ground	
3	RST#	4	DVDD_IO	
5	SYNC	6	Ground	
7	SDO	8	3.3V_DVDD_CORE	
9	SDI0	10	+12 V	
11	SDI1	12	Кеу	
13	No Connection	14	3.3V_DUAL	
15	No Connection	16	Ground	

Table 5. HD Audio Link Header Signal Names

S/PDIF Connector

Figure 22, B shows the location of the S/PDIF connector. Table 6 shows the pin assignments and signal names for the S/PDIF connector.

Table 6. S/PDIF Connector Signal Names

Pin	Description	
1	Vcc	
2	S/PDIF Out	
3	Ground	

Chassis Intrusion Header

Figure 22, C on page 44 shows the location of the chassis intrusion header. This header can be connected to a mechanical switch on the chassis to detect if the chassis cover is removed. Table 7 shows the pin assignments for the chassis intrusion header.

Table 7.	Chassis	Intrusion	Header	Signal	Names
----------	---------	-----------	--------	--------	-------

Pin	Description
1	Intruder
2	Ground

Front Panel HD Audio Header

Figure 22, D shows the location of the front panel audio header. Table 8 shows the pin assignments for the front panel audio header.

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	PORT 1L	2	GND
3	PORT 1R	4	PRESENCE#
5	PORT 2R	6	SENSE1_RETURN
7	SENSE_SEND	8	KEY (no pin)
9	PORT 2L	10	SENSE2_RETURN

 Table 8.
 Front Panel Audio Header Signal Names

To install the cable that connects your front panel audio solution to the front panel audio header, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
- 3. Remove the cover.
- 4. Install a correctly keyed and shielded front panel audio cable.

USB 2.0 Headers

See Figure 22, E for the location of the three USB 2.0 headers. Table 9 shows the pin assignments for each USB 2.0 header. Each USB header can be used to connect two USB devices.

Table 9.	USB 2	2.0 Header	Signal	Names
----------	-------	------------	--------	-------

USB Port A			USB Port B
Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	Power (+5 V)	2	Power (+5 V)
3	D-	4	D-
5	D+	6	D+
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	Кеу	10	No Connection

Note: USB ports may be assigned as needed.

Computer systems that have an unshielded cable attached to a USB port might not meet FCC Class B requirements, even if no device or a low-speed USB device is attached to the cable. Use a shielded cable that meets the requirements for a full-speed USB device.

Serial Port Header

See Figure 22, F for the location of the serial port header. Table 10 shows the pin assignments for the header.

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name	
1	DCD	2	RXD#	
3	TXD#	4	DTR	
5	Ground	6	DSR	
7	RTS	8	CTS	
9	RI	10	No Connection	

Table 10. Serial Port Header Signal Names

Front Panel Header

See Figure 22, G for the location of the multi-colored front panel header. Table 11 shows the pin assignments for the front panel header.

Pin	Description	In/Out	Pin	Description	In/Out
Hard Drive Activity LED			Ī	Power LED	
1	Hard disk LED pull-up to +5 V	Out	2	Front panel green LED	Out
3	Hard disk active LED	Out	4	Front panel yellow LED	Out
Reset Switch			On/Off Switch		
5	Ground		6	Power switch	In
7	Reset switch	In	8	Ground	
Power				Not Connected	
9	Power	Out	10	No pin	

Table 11. Front Panel Header Signal Names

Alternate Front Panel Power LED Header

Figure 22, H shows the location of the alternate front panel power LED header. Pins 1 and 3 of this header duplicate the signals on pins 2 and 4 of the front panel header. If your chassis has a three-pin power LED cable, connect it to this header. Table 12 shows the pin assignments for the alternate front panel header.

Table 12. Alternate Front Panel Power LED Header Signal Names

Pin	Description	In/Out
1	Front panel green LED	Out
2	No pin	
3	Front panel yellow LED	Out

IEEE 1394a Header

See Figure 22, I for the location of the IEEE 1394a header. Table 13 shows the pin assignments for the header.

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	TPA1+	2	TPA1-
3	Ground	4	Ground
5	TPA2+	6	TPA2-
7	+12 V	8	+12 V
9	Key (no pin)	10	Ground

Table 13. IEEE 1394a Header Signal Names

Connecting to the Audio System

After installing the IDT audio driver from the Intel Express Installer DVD-ROM, the multi-channel audio feature can be enabled. Figure 23 shows the back panel audio connectors.

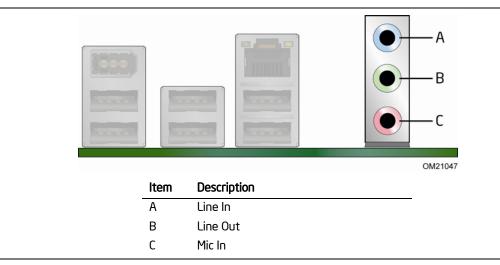


Figure 23. Back Panel Audio Connectors

NOTE

The back panel line out connector is designed to power either headphones or amplified speakers only. Poor audio quality may occur if passive (non-amplified) speakers are connected to this output.

Connecting Chassis Fan and Power Supply Cables

Chassis Fan Cables

Connect chassis fan cables to the 3-pin and 4-pin chassis fan headers on the Desktop Board. Figure 24 shows the location of the chassis fan headers.

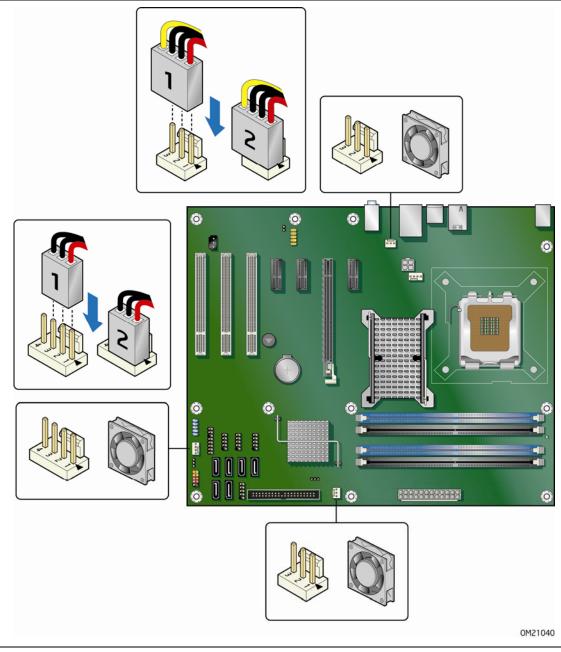


Figure 24. Location of the Chassis Fan Headers

Power Supply Cables

L CAUTION

Failure to use an appropriate power supply and/or not connecting the 12 V (2 \times 2 pin) power connector to the Desktop Board may result in damage to the board or the system may not function properly.

The 2 x 12 pin main power connector on the Desktop Board is backwards compatible with ATX12V power supplies with 2 x 10 connectors. Figure 25 shows the location of the Desktop Board power connectors.

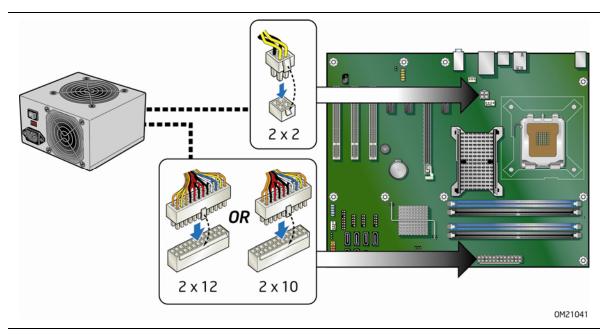


Figure 25. Connecting Power Supply Cables

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Connect the main power supply cable to the 2×12 pin connector.
- 3. Connect the 12 V processor core voltage power supply cable to the 2 x 2 pin connector.

Setting the BIOS Configuration Jumper

Always turn off the power and unplug the power cord from the computer before moving the jumper. Moving the jumper with the power on may result in unreliable computer operation.

Figure 26 shows the location of the Desktop Board's BIOS configuration jumper block.

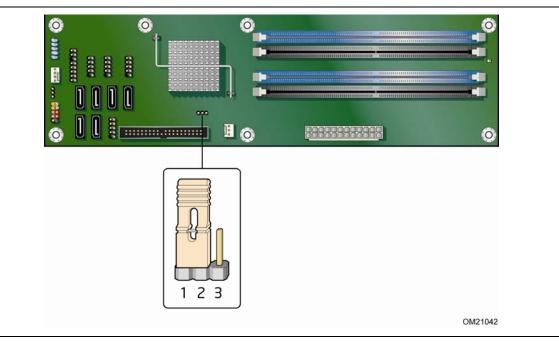


Figure 26. Location of the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block

The three-pin BIOS jumper block enables all board configurations to be done in the BIOS Setup program. Table 14 shows the jumper settings for the BIOS Setup program modes.

Jumper Setting	Mode	Description
321	Normal (default) (1-2)	The BIOS uses the current configuration and passwords for booting.
321	Configure (2-3)	After the Power-On Self-Test (POST) runs, the BIOS displays the Maintenance Menu. Use this menu to clear passwords.
3 2 1	Recovery (None)	The BIOS recovers data in the event of a failed BIOS update.

Table 14. Jumper Settings for the BIOS Setup Program Modes

Clearing Passwords

This procedure assumes that the board is installed in the computer and the configuration jumper block is set to normal mode.

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
- 3. Remove the computer cover.
- 4. Find the configuration jumper block (see Figure 26).
- 5. Place the jumper on pins 2-3 as shown below.



- 6. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, turn on the computer, and allow it to boot.
- 7. The computer starts the Setup program. Setup displays the Maintenance menu.
- 8. Use the arrow keys to select Clear Passwords. Press <Enter> and Setup displays a pop-up screen requesting that you confirm clearing the password. Select Yes and press <Enter>. Setup displays the maintenance menu again.
- 9. Press <F10> to save the current values and exit Setup.
- 10. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source.

- 11. Remove the computer cover.
- 12. To restore normal operation, place the jumper on pins 1-2 as shown below.



13. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, and turn on the computer.

Replacing the Battery

A coin-cell battery (CR2032) powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. When the computer is not plugged into a wall socket, the battery has an estimated life of three years. When the computer is plugged in, the standby current from the power supply extends the life of the battery. The clock is accurate to \pm 13 minutes/year at 25 °C with 3.3 VSB applied.

When the voltage drops below a certain level, the BIOS Setup program settings stored in CMOS RAM (for example, the date and time) might not be accurate. Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Figure 27 on page 58 shows the location of the battery.



Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect type. Batteries should be recycled where possible. Disposal of used batteries must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Risque d'explosion si la pile usagée est remplacée par une pile de type incorrect. Les piles usagées doivent être recyclées dans la mesure du possible. La mise au rebut des piles usagées doit respecter les réglementations locales en vigueur en matière de protection de l'environnement.



Eksplosionsfare, hvis batteriet erstattes med et batteri af en forkert type. Batterier bør om muligt genbruges. Bortskaffelse af brugte batterier bør foregå i overensstemmelse med gældende miljølovgivning.



OBS!

Det kan oppstå eksplosjonsfare hvis batteriet skiftes ut med feil type. Brukte batterier bør kastes i henhold til gjeldende miljølovgivning.

🛝 VIKTIGT!

Risk för explosion om batteriet ersätts med felaktig batterityp. Batterier ska kasseras enligt de lokala miljövårdsbestämmelserna.

VARO

Räjähdysvaara, jos pariston tyyppi on väärä. Paristot on kierrätettävä, jos se on mahdollista. Käytetyt paristot on hävitettävä paikallisten ympäristömääräysten mukaisesti.



VORSICHT

Bei falschem Einsetzen einer neuen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Die Batterie darf nur durch denselben oder einen entsprechenden, vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp ersetzt werden. Entsorgen Sie verbrauchte Batterien den Anweisungen des Herstellers entsprechend.



Esiste il pericolo di un esplosione se la pila non viene sostituita in modo corretto. Utilizzare solo pile uguali o di tipo equivalente a quelle consigliate dal produttore. Per disfarsi delle pile usate, seguire le istruzioni del produttore.

<u> PRECAUCIÓN</u>

Existe peligro de explosión si la pila no se cambia de forma adecuada. Utilice solamente pilas iguales o del mismo tipo que las recomendadas por el fabricante del equipo. Para deshacerse de las pilas usadas, siga igualmente las instrucciones del fabricante.



Er bestaat ontploffingsgevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een onjuist type batterij. Batterijen moeten zoveel mogelijk worden gerecycled. Houd u bij het weggooien van gebruikte batterijen aan de plaatselijke milieuwetgeving.



ATENÇÃO

Haverá risco de explosão se a bateria for substituída por um tipo de bateria incorreto. As baterias devem ser recicladas nos locais apropriados. A eliminação de baterias usadas deve ser feita de acordo com as regulamentações ambientais da região.



AŚCIAROŽZNAŚĆ

Існуе рызыка выбуху, калі заменены акумулятар неправільнага тыпу. Акумулятары павінны, па магчымасці, перепрацоўвацца. Пазбаўляцца ад старых акумулятараў патрэбна згодна з мясцовым заканадаўствам па экалогіі.

\land upozornìní

V případě výměny baterie za nesprávný druh může dojít k výbuchu. Je-li to možné, baterie by měly být recyklovány. Baterie je třeba zlikvidovat v souladu s místními předpisy o životním prostředí.

🛝 Προσοχή

Υπάρχει κίνδυνος για ἑκρηξη σε περίπτωση που η μπαταρία αντικατασταθεί από μία λανθασμένου τύπου. Οι μπαταρίες θα πρέπει να ανακυκλώνονται όταν κάτι τέτοιο είναι δυνατό. Η απόρριψη των χρησιμοποιημένων μπαταριών πρέπει να γίνεται σύμφωνα με τους κατά τόπο περιβαλλοντικούς κανονισμούς.

\wedge

VIGYÁZAT

Ha a telepet nem a megfelelő típusú telepre cseréli, az felrobbanhat. A telepeket lehetőség szerint újra kell hasznosítani. A használt telepeket a helyi környezetvédelmi előírásoknak megfelelően kell kiselejtezni.

<u> 注</u>意

異なる種類の電池を使用すると、爆発の危険があります。リサイクル が可能な地域であれば、電池をリサイクルしてください。使用後の電 池を破棄する際には、地域の環境規制に従ってください。



Risiko letupan wujud jika bateri digantikan dengan jenis yang tidak betul. Bateri sepatutnya dikitar semula jika boleh. Pelupusan bateri terpakai mestilah mematuhi peraturan alam sekitar tempatan.

\rm A OSTRZEŻENIE

Istnieje niebezpieczeństwo wybuchu w przypadku zastosowania niewłaściwego typu baterii. Zużyte baterie należy w miarę możliwości utylizować zgodnie z odpowiednimi przepisami ochrony środowiska.

NRECAUȚIE

Risc de explozie, dacă bateria este înlocuită cu un tip de baterie necorespunzător. Bateriile trebuie reciclate, dacă este posibil. Depozitarea bateriilor uzate trebuie să respecte reglementările locale privind protecția mediului.

<u>^</u>В⊦

внимание

При использовании батареи несоответствующего типа существует риск ее взрыва. Батареи должны быть утилизированы по возможности. Утилизация батарей должна проводится по правилам, соответствующим местным требованиям.



Ak batériu vymeníte za nesprávny typ, hrozí nebezpečenstvo jej výbuchu. Batérie by sa mali podľa možnosti vždy recyklovať. Likvidácia použitých batérií sa musí vykonávať v súlade s miestnymi predpismi na ochranu životného prostredia.

POZOR

Zamenjava baterije z baterijo drugačnega tipa lahko povzroči eksplozijo. Če je mogoče, baterije reciklirajte. Rabljene baterije zavrzite v skladu z lokalnimi okoljevarstvenimi predpisi.



🗥 คำเตือน

ระวังการระเบิดที่เกิดจากเปลี่ยนแบตเตอรี่ผิดประเภท หากเป็นไปได้ ควรนำแบตเตอรี่ไปรีไซเคิล การ ทิ้งแบตเตอรี่ใช้แล้วต้องเป็นไปตามกฎข้อบังคับด้านสิ่งแวดล้อมของท้องถิ่น.



Yanlış türde pil takıldığında patlama riski vardır. Piller mümkün olduğunda geri dönüştürülmelidir. Kullanılmış piller, yerel çevre yasalarına uygun olarak atılmalıdır.

ΟCΤΟΡΟΓΑ

Використовуйте батареї правильного типу, інакше існуватиме ризик вибуху. Якщо можливо, використані батареї слід утилізувати. Утилізація використаних батарей має бути виконана згідно місцевих норм, що регулюють охорону довкілля.



V případě výměny baterie za nesprávný druh může dojít k výbuchu. Je-li to možné, baterie by měly být recyklovány. Baterie je třeba zlikvidovat v souladu s místními předpisy o životním prostředí.

Kui patarei asendatakse uue ebasobivat tüüpi patareiga, võib tekkida plahvatusoht. Tühjad patareid tuleb võimaluse korral viia vastavasse kogumispunkti. Tühjade patareide äraviskamisel tuleb järgida kohalikke keskkonnakaitse alaseid reegleid.

🗥 FIGYELMEZTETÉS

Ha az elemet nem a megfelelő típusúra cseréli, felrobbanhat. Az elemeket lehetőség szerint újra kell hasznosítani. A használt elemeket a helyi környezetvédelmi előírásoknak megfelelően kell kiselejtezni.

🛝 uzmanību

Pastāv eksplozijas risks, ja baterijas tiek nomainītas ar nepareiza veida baterijām. Ja iespējams, baterijas vajadzētu nodot attiecīgos pieņemšanas punktos. Bateriju izmešanai atkritumos jānotiek saskaņā ar vietējiem vides aizsardzības noteikumiem.

\land DĖMESIO

Naudojant netinkamo tipo baterijas įrenginys gali sprogti. Kai tik įmanoma, baterijas reikia naudoti pakartotinai. Panaudotas baterijas išmesti būtina pagal vietinius aplinkos apsaugos nuostatus.

\rm ATTENZJONI

Riskju ta' splužjoni jekk il-batterija tinbidel b'tip ta' batterija mhux korrett. Il-batteriji għandhom jiġu riċiklati fejn hu possibbli. Ir-rimi ta' batteriji użati għandu jsir skond ir-regolamenti ambjentali lokali.

\land OSTRZEŻENIE

Ryzyko wybuchu w przypadku wymiany na baterie niewłaściwego typu. W miarę możliwości baterie należy poddać recyklingowi. Zużytych baterii należy pozbywać się zgodnie z lokalnie obowiązującymi przepisami w zakresie ochrony środowiska.

To replace the battery, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" (see page 25).
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
- 3. Remove the computer cover.
- 4. Locate the battery on the board (see Figure 27).
- 5. With a medium flat-bladed screwdriver, gently pry the battery free from its connector. Note the orientation of the "+" and "-" on the battery.
- 6. Install the new battery in the connector, orienting the "+" and "-" correctly.
- 7. Replace the computer cover.

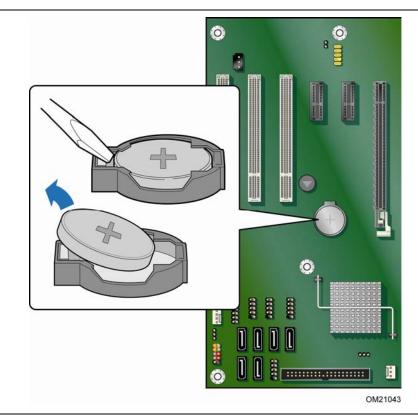


Figure 27. Removing the Battery

3 Updating the BIOS

The BIOS Setup program can be used to view and change the BIOS settings for the computer. You can access the BIOS Setup program by pressing the <F2> key after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins.

This chapter tells you how to update the BIOS by either using the Intel Express BIOS Update utility or the Iflash Memory Update utility, and how to recover the BIOS if an update fails.

Updating the BIOS with the Intel[®] Express BIOS Update Utility

With the Intel Express BIOS Update utility you can update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. The BIOS file is included in an automated update utility that combines the functionality of the Intel[®] Flash Memory Update Utility and the ease of use of Windows-based installation wizards.

To update the BIOS with the Intel Express BIOS Update utility:

1. Go to the Intel World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/

- Navigate to the Intel Desktop Board DP43TF page. Under the "Software and drivers" heading, click on "Latest BIOS" to locate the latest BIOS files. Click on the "BIOS Update" link and select the Express BIOS Update file.
- 3. Download the file to your hard drive. (You can also save this file to a removable USB device. This is useful if you are updating the BIOS for multiple identical systems.)
- 4. Close all other applications. This step is required. Your system will be rebooted at the last Express BIOS Update window.
- 5. Double-click the executable file from the location on your hard drive where it was saved. This runs the update program.
- 6. Follow the instructions provided in the dialog boxes to complete the BIOS update.

Updating the BIOS with the ISO Image BIOS Update File or the Iflash Memory Update Utility

You can use the information in this section to update the BIOS using either the Iflash Memory Update Utility or the ISO Image BIOS update file.

Obtaining the BIOS Update File

You can update to a new version of the BIOS by using the ISO Image BIOS update file (recommended), or Iflash BIOS update file.

The ISO Image BIOS update file is a standardized image of a bootable CD-ROM that can be used to create a bootable CD that will update the BIOS.

The Iflash BIOS update file is a compressed file that contains the files you need to update the BIOS. The Iflash BIOS update file contains:

- New BIOS file (including the Intel[®] Management Engine (Intel[®] ME) Firmware Image))
- Intel[®] Integrator Toolkit Configuration File (optional)
- Intel Flash Memory Update Utility

You can obtain either of these files through your computer supplier or by navigating to the Intel Desktop Board DP43TF page on the Intel World Wide Web site at

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop.

Navigate to the Intel Desktop Board DP43TF page. Under the "Software and drivers" heading, click on "Latest BIOS" to locate the latest BIOS files. Click on the "BIOS Update" link and select the ISO Image BIOS Update file or the Iflash BIOS Update file.

Updating the BIOS with the ISO Image BIOS Update File

The ISO Image BIOS update allows for the update of an Intel[®] Desktop Board BIOS to the latest production release regardless of the operating system installed on the computer's hard drive and without the need to remove the BIOS configuration jumper. It requires a blank CD-R, a read/writeable CD drive, and software capable of uncompressing and writing the ISO image file to CD.

The image uses ISOLINUX* bootloader and automatically launches a script to upgrade the BIOS via the Iflash utility.

Do not interrupt the process or the system may not function properly.

Follow these instructions to upgrade the BIOS using the ISO Image BIOS file:

- 1. Download the ISO Image BIOS file.
- 2. Using software capable of uncompressing and writing an ISO image file to CD, burn the data to a blank CD.

Copying the ISO Image BIOS file to CD will not work. The completed CD should contain multiple files and a directory.

- 3. Insert the CD that was created in the CD-ROM drive of the computer to be upgraded and boot the system.
- 4. When the "Press ENTER to continue booting from CD-ROM" prompt appears, press the Enter key. The system will boot from the hard drive if no key is pressed within 15 seconds.
- 5. At the "Welcome to the Intel Desktop Board BIOS Upgrade CD-ROM" page, press any key to confirm the BIOS upgrade operation.
- 6. Wait for the BIOS upgrade process to complete.

DO NOT POWER DOWN YOUR COMPUTER before the update is complete. The update may take up to 5 minutes.

Updating the BIOS with the Iflash Memory Update Utility

With the Iflash Memory update utility you can update the system BIOS from a bootable CD-ROM, bootable USB flash drive, or other bootable USB media. The utility available on the Intel World Wide Web site provides a simple method for creating a bootable CD-ROM that will automatically update your BIOS. The Iflash BIOS update files can also be extracted locally to your hard drive and copied to a bootable USB flash drive or other bootable USB media.

The Iflash Memory update utility allows you to:

- Update the BIOS and Intel Management Engine in flash memory
- Update the language section of the BIOS



Review the instructions distributed with the update utility before attempting a BIOS update.

\land CAUTION

Do not interrupt the process or the system may not function properly.

- 1. Uncompress the BIOS update file and copy the .BIO file, IFLASH.EXE, and .ITK file (optional) to a bootable USB flash drive or other bootable USB media.
- 2. Configure the BIOS or use the F10 option during POST to boot to the USB device.
- 3. Manually run the IFLASH.EXE file from the USB device and manually update the BIOS.

Recovering the BIOS

It is unlikely that anything will interrupt the BIOS update; however, if an interruption occurs, the BIOS could be damaged. Due to BIOS size and recovery requirements, a CD-R with the .BIO file in the root directory will be required.

For more information about updating the Intel Desktop Board BIOS or recovering from a BIOS update failure, go to <u>http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/sb/CS-022312.htm</u>.

A Error Messages and Indicators

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF reports POST errors in two ways:

- By sounding a beep code
- By displaying an error message on the monitor

BIOS Beep Codes

The BIOS also issues a beep code (one long tone followed by two short tones) during POST if the video configuration fails (a faulty video card or no card installed) or if an external ROM module does not properly checksum to zero. Table 15 lists the BIOS codes.

Table 15. Beep Codes

Веер	Description		
3	No memory		
Siren	Processor overheat (on reboot)		

BIOS Error Messages

When a recoverable error occurs during the POST, the BIOS displays an error message describing the problem. Table 16 gives an explanation of the BIOS error messages.

Table	16.BIOS	Error	Messages
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Error Message	Explanation		
PROCESSOR_THERMAL_TRIP_ERROR	Processor was previously shutdown due to a thermal event (overheating).		
MULTI_BIT_ECC_ERROR	The firmware has detected that a Multi-Bit ECC Error occurred.		
SINGLE_BIT_ECC_ERROR	The firmware has detected that a Single-Bit ECC Error occurred.		
CMOS_BATTERY_ERROR	The firmware has detected that a CMOS battery failure occurred.		
CMOS_CHECKSUM_ERROR	The firmware has detected that a CMOS Checksum Error occurred.		
CMOS_TIMER_ERROR	The firmware has detected that the system date/time has not been set.		
MEMORY_SIZE_DECREASE_ERROR	The firmware has detected that the system memory has decreased.		
INTRUDER_DETECTION_ERROR	The system chassis was opened.		
SPD_TOLER_ERROR	SERIAL PRESENCE DETECT (SPD) device data missing or inconclusive. Properly programmed SPD device data is required for reliable operation.		
MEM_OPTIMAL_ERROR	The installed amount of memory in Channel A is not equal to the amount of memory in Channel B. Maximum memory performance is achieved with equal amounts of memory installed in each channel.		

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Product Guide

B Regulatory Compliance

This appendix contains the following regulatory compliance information for Intel Desktop Board DP43TF:

- Safety standards
- European Union Declaration of Conformity statement
- Product Ecology statements
- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) regulations
- Product certifications

Safety Standards

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF complies with the safety standards stated in Table 17 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

Table 17. Safety Standards

Regulation	Title
CSA/UL 60950-1, First Edition	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (USA and Canada)
EN 60950-1:2006, Second Edition	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (European Union)
IEC 60950-1:2005, Second Edition	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (International)

Place Battery Marking

There is insufficient space on this Desktop Board to provide instructions for replacing and disposing of the Lithium ion coin cell battery. For system safety certification, the statement below or an equivalent statement is required to be permanently and legibly marked on the chassis near the battery.

Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect type. Batteries should be recycled where possible. Disposal of used batteries must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.

A suitable caution label is included with Intel Desktop Board DP43TF.

For information about replacing the battery, go to page 53.

European Union Declaration of Conformity Statement

We, Intel Corporation, declare under our sole responsibility that the product Intel[®] Desktop Board DP43TF is in conformity with all applicable essential requirements necessary for CE marking, following the provisions of the European Council Directives 2004/108/EC (EMC Directive) and 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive).

The product is properly CE marked demonstrating this conformity and is for distribution within all member states of the EU with no restrictions.

Œ

This product follows the provisions of the European Directives 2004/108/EC and 2006/95/EC.

Čeština Tento výrobek odpovídá požadavkům evropských směrnic 2004/108/EC a 2006/95/EC.

Dansk Dette produkt er i overensstemmelse med det europæiske direktiv 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Dutch Dit product is in navolging van de bepalingen van Europees Directief 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Eesti Antud toode vastab Euroopa direktiivides 2004/108/EC ja 2006/95/EC kehtestatud nõuetele.

Suomi Tämä tuote noudattaa EU-direktiivin 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC määräyksiä.

Français Ce produit est conforme aux exigences de la Directive Européenne 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Deutsch Dieses Produkt entspricht den Bestimmungen der Europäischen Richtlinie 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Ελληνικά Το παρόν προϊόν ακολουθεί τις διατάξεις των Ευρωπαϊκών Οδηγιών 2004/108/ΕC και 2006/95/ΕC.

Magyar E termék megfelel a 2004/108/EC és 2006/95/EC Európai Irányelv előírásainak.

Icelandic Þessi vara stenst reglugerð Evrópska Efnahags Bandalagsins númer 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Italiano Questo prodotto è conforme alla Direttiva Europea 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Latviešu Šis produkts atbilst Eiropas Direktīvu 2004/108/EC un 2006/95/EC noteikumiem.

Lietuvių Šis produktas atitinka Europos direktyvų 2004/108/EC ir 2006/95/EC nuostatas.

Malti Dan il-prodott hu konformi mal-provvedimenti tad-Direttivi Ewropej 2004/108/EC u 2006/95/EC.

Norsk Dette produktet er i henhold til bestemmelsene i det europeiske direktivet 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Polski Niniejszy produkt jest zgodny z postanowieniami Dyrektyw Unii Europejskiej 2004/108/EC i 2006/95/EC.

Portuguese Este produto cumpre com as normas da Diretiva Européia 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Español Este producto cumple con las normas del Directivo Europeo 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Slovensky Tento produkt je v súlade s ustanoveniami európskych direktív 2004/108/EC a 2006/95/EC.

Slovenščina Izdelek je skladen z določbami evropskih direktiv 2004/108/EC in 2006/95/EC.

Svenska Denna produkt har tillverkats i enlighet med EG-direktiv 2004/108/EC & 2006/95/EC.

Türkçe Bu ürün, Avrupa Birliği'nin 2004/108/EC ve 2006/95/EC yönergelerine uyar.

Product Ecology Statements

The following information is provided to address worldwide product ecology concerns and regulations.

Recycling Considerations

As part of its commitment to environmental responsibility, Intel has implemented the Intel[®] Product Recycling Program to allow retail consumers of Intel's branded products to return used products to selected locations for proper recycling.

Please consult <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> for the details of this program, including the scope of covered products, available locations, shipping instructions, terms and conditions, etc.

中文

作为其对环境责任之承诺的部分,英特尔已实施 Intel Product Recycling Program (英特尔产品回收计划),以允许英特尔品牌产品的零售消费者将使用过的产品退还至指定地点作恰 当的重复使用处理。

请参考<u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> 了解此计划的详情,包括涉及产品之范围、回收地点、运送指导、条款和条件等。

Deutsch

Als Teil von Intels Engagement für den Umweltschutz hat das Unternehmen das Intel Produkt-Recyclingprogramm implementiert, das Einzelhandelskunden von Intel Markenprodukten ermöglicht, gebrauchte Produkte an ausgewählte Standorte für ordnungsgemäßes Recycling zurückzugeben.

Details zu diesem Programm, einschließlich der darin eingeschlossenen Produkte, verfügbaren Standorte, Versandanweisungen, Bedingungen usw., finden Sie auf der <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u>

Español

Como parte de su compromiso de responsabilidad medioambiental, Intel ha implantado el programa de reciclaje de productos Intel, que permite que los consumidores al detalle de los productos Intel devuelvan los productos usados en los lugares seleccionados para su correspondiente reciclado.

Consulte la <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> para ver los detalles del programa, que incluye los productos que abarca, los lugares disponibles, instrucciones de envío, términos y condiciones, etc.

Français

Dans le cadre de son engagement pour la protection de l'environnement, Intel a mis en œuvre le programme Intel Product Recycling Program (Programme de recyclage des produits Intel) pour permettre aux consommateurs de produits Intel de recycler les produits usés en les retournant à des adresses spécifiées.

Visitez la page Web <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> pour en savoir plus sur ce programme, à savoir les produits concernés, les adresses disponibles, les instructions d'expédition, les conditions générales, etc.

日本語

インテルでは、環境保護活動の一環として、使い終えたインテル ブランド製品を指定の場所へ返送していただき、リサイクルを適切に行えるよう、インテル製品リサイクル プログラムを発足させました。

対象製品、返送先、返送方法、ご利用規約など、このプログラムの詳細情報は、<u>http://intel.com/intel/ot</u> <u>her/ehs/product_ecology</u>(英語)をご覧ください。

Malay

Sebagai sebahagian daripada komitmennya terhadap tanggungjawab persekitaran, Intel telah melaksanakan Program Kitar Semula Produk untuk membenarkan pengguna-pengguna runcit produk jenama Intel memulangkan produk terguna ke lokasi-lokasi terpilih untuk dikitarkan semula dengan betul.

Sila rujuk <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> untuk mendapatkan butirbutir program ini, termasuklah skop produk yang dirangkumi, lokasi-lokasi tersedia, arahan penghantaran, terma & syarat, dsb.

Portuguese

Como parte deste compromisso com o respeito ao ambiente, a Intel implementou o Programa de Reciclagem de Produtos para que os consumidores finais possam enviar produtos Intel usados para locais selecionados, onde esses produtos são reciclados de maneira adequada.

Consulte o site <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> (em Inglês) para obter os detalhes sobre este programa, inclusive o escopo dos produtos cobertos, os locais disponíveis, as instruções de envio, os termos e condições, etc.

Russian

В качестве части своих обязательств к окружающей среде, в Intel создана программа утилизации продукции Intel (Product Recycling Program) для предоставления конечным пользователям марок продукции Intel возможности возврата используемой продукции в специализированные пункты для должной утилизации.

Пожалуйста, обратитесь на веб-сайт <u>http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology</u> за информацией об этой программе, принимаемых продуктах, местах приема, инструкциях об отправке, положениях и условиях и т.д.

Türkçe

Intel, çevre sorumluluğuna bağımlılığının bir parçası olarak, perakende tüketicilerin Intel markalı kullanılmış ürünlerini belirlenmiş merkezlere iade edip uygun şekilde geri dönüştürmesini amaçlayan Intel Ürünleri Geri Dönüşüm Programı'nı uygulamaya koymuştur.

Bu programın ürün kapsamı, ürün iade merkezleri, nakliye talimatları, kayıtlar ve şartlar v.s dahil bütün ayrıntılarını ögrenmek için lütfen http://intel.com/intel/other/ehs/product_ecology web sayfasına gidin.

Lead-free 2LI/Pb-free 2LI Board

The electronics industry is transitioning to European Union (EU) Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)-compliant products. The RoHS legislation restricts the use of six materials. One of these restricted materials is lead. Lead is the most common and problematic of the RoHS restricted materials.

There are exemptions in RoHS that allow the use of lead in some very limited locations in electronic products. Maximum lead concentration values have been established for RoHS-compliant electronic products that allow up to 1000 ppm of lead.

Lead-free/Pb-free is a nickname that is often used (or misused) for RoHS-compliant products. In this case, the term "Lead-free/Pb-free" means that lead has been removed where required by the RoHS legislation but still may exist as an impurity below 1000 ppm.

The term "Lead-free 2LI/Pb-free 2LI" means lead-free second level interconnect (2LI). The balls, leads, or pads used to connect the component to a printed circuit board are lead-free, but the first level interconnect (FLI) is not lead-free. The use of lead in the FLI is acceptable because of the RoHS "flip chip" or "die bump" interconnect exemption.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF is a lead-free second level interconnect product. Table 18 shows the lead-free second level interconnect marks as they appear on the board and accompanying collateral. These marks are based on JEDEC standard J-STD-609, "Marking and Labeling of Components, PCBs and PCBAs to Identify Lead, Lead Free and Other Attributes."

For more information concerning Intel's lead-free initiatives, refer to <u>http://intel.com/technology/silicon/leadfree.htm</u>.

Description	Mark
This symbol is used to identify electrical and electronic assemblies and components in which the Pb concentration level in the Desktop Board	2 nd Level Interconnect
substrate and the solder connections from the board to the components (second-level	or
interconnect) is not greater than 0.1% by weight (1000 ppm).	2nd Ivl Intct
	or
	Pb 2LI

Table 18. Lead-Free Second Level Interconnect Marks

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

EU RoHS

EU RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC restricts the use of the following six materials in various types of electronic and electrical equipment:

- Lead
- Mercury
- Cadmium
- Hexavalent chromium
- Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
- Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE)

The maximum concentrations allowed are 0.1% or 1000 ppm (except for cadmium, which is limited to 0.01% or 100 ppm) by weight of homogeneous material.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF complies with these restrictions.

China RoHS

"China RoHS" is the term used by industry generally to describe legislation implemented by the Ministry of Information Industry (MII) in the People's Republic of China for the control of pollution by electronic information products (EIP). The official title of the China RoHS regulation is "Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products."

China RoHS bans the same substances and has the same limits as EU RoHS. However, the China RoHS regulation requires specific product marking and a selfdeclaration of the controlled substances contained in each product.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF is a China RoHS-compliant product.

The required China RoHS mark indicates the product's Environmental Friendly Usage Period (EFUP). The EFUP is defined as the number of years for which listed controlled substances will not leak or chemically deteriorate while in the product. The EFUP for Intel Desktop Boards has been determined to be 10 years.

The EFUP for Intel Desktop Board DP43TF is shown in Table 19.

Table 19. China RoHS Envir	onmentally Friendly Use Period Mark
Description	Mark

Description	Mark
This is an example of the symbol used on Intel Desktop Boards and associated collateral. The color of the mark may vary depending upon the application. The Environmental Friendly Usage Period (EFUP) for Intel Desktop Boards has been determined to be 10 years.	

The China MII stipulates that a material Self Declaration Table (SDT) must be included in a product's user documentation. The SDT for Intel Desktop Board DP43TF is shown in Figure 28.

关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明

Management Methods on Control of Pollution from Electronic Information Products (China RoHS declaration)

产品中有毒有害物质的名称及含量

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
(Parts)	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯醚
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr6+)	(PBB)	(PBDE)
主板组件		0	0	0	0	0
Motherboard Assembly	×	0	0	0	0	0
○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的				标准规定的		
限量要求以下。						
\circ : Indicates that this hazardous	substan	ce conta	ained in	all homog	eneous mat	erials of this
part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.						
×:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准						
规定的限量要求。						
× : Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous						
materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.						
对销售之日的所售产品,本表显示我公司供应链的电子信息产品可能包含这些物质。注意:在						
所售产品中可能会也可能不会含有所有所列的部件.						
This table shows where these substances may be found in the supply chain of our						
electronic information products, as of the date of sale of the enclosed product. Note that						
some of the component types listed above may or may not be a part of the enclosed						
product.						

Figure 28. Intel Desktop Board DP43TF China RoHS Material Self Declaration Table

EMC Regulations

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF complies with the EMC regulations stated in Table 20 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

Regulation (Class B)	Title		
FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart B	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B, Radio Frequency Devices. (USA)		
ICES-003 Issue 4	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard, Digital Apparatus. (Canada)		
EN55022:2006	Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (European Union)		
EN55024:1998	Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics Limits and methods of measurement. (European Union)		
EN55022:2006	Australian Communications Authority, Standard for Electromagnetic Compatibility. (Australia and New Zealand)		
CISPR 22:2005 +A1:2005 +A2:2006	Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (International)		
CISPR 24:1997 +A1:2001 +A2:2002	Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement. (International)		
VCCI V-3/2007.04, V-4/2007.04	Voluntary Control for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (Japan)		

Table 20. EMC Regulations

Japanese Kanji statement translation: This is a Class B product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference from Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this is used near a radio or television receiver in a domestic environment, it may cause radio interference. Install and use the equipment according to the instruction manual.

> この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準 に基づくクラスB情報技術装置です。この装置は、家庭環境で使用すること を目的としていますが、この装置がラジオやテレビジョン受信機に近接して 使用されると、受信障害を引き起こすことがあります。 取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。

Korean Class B statement translation: This is household equipment that is certified to comply with EMC requirements. You may use this equipment in residential environments and other non-residential environments.

이 기기는 가정용으로 전자파적합등록을 한 기기로서 주거지역에서는 물론 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다.

Ensure Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Compliance

Before computer integration, make sure that the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, have passed Class B EMC testing and are marked accordingly.

Pay close attention to the following when reading the installation instructions for the host chassis, power supply, and other modules:

- Product certifications or lack of certifications
- External I/O cable shielding and filtering
- Mounting, grounding, and bonding requirements
- Keying connectors when mating the wrong connectors could be hazardous

If the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, are not Class B EMC compliant before integration, then EMC testing may be required on a representative sample of the newly completed computer.

Product Certifications

Board-Level Certification Markings

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF has the product certification markings shown in Table 21.

Table 21. Product Certification Markings

Description	Mark
UL joint US/Canada Recognized Component mark. Includes adjacent UL file number for Intel Desktop Boards: E210882.	
FCC Declaration of Conformity logo mark for Class B equipment. Includes Intel name and DP43TF model designation.	FC Trade Name Model Number
CE mark. Declaring compliance to European Union (EU) EMC directive and Low Voltage directive.	CE
Australian Communications Authority (ACA) and New Zealand Radio Spectrum Management (NZ RSM) C-tick mark. Includes adjacent Intel supplier code number, N-232.	C
Japan VCCI (Voluntary Control Council for Interference) mark.	I ∕€I
S. Korea MIC (Ministry of Information and Communication) mark. Includes adjacent MIC certification number: CPU-DP43TF (B).	MIC
Taiwan BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspections) mark. Includes adjacent Intel company number, D33025.	€
Printed wiring board manufacturer's recognition mark. Consists of a unique UL recognized manufacturer's logo, along with a flammability rating (solder side).	V-0

Chassis and Component Certifications

Ensure that the chassis and certain components; such as the power supply, peripheral drives, wiring, and cables; are components certified for the country or market where used. Agency certification marks on the product are proof of certification. Typical product certifications include:

In Europe

The CE marking signifies compliance with all applicable European requirements. If the chassis and other components are not properly CE marked, a supplier's Declaration of Conformity statement to the European EMC directive and Low Voltage directive (as applicable), should be obtained. Additionally, other directives, such as the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (R&TTE) directive may also apply depending on product features.

In the United States

A certification mark by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as UL, CSA, or ETL signifies compliance with safety requirements. Wiring and cables must also be UL listed or recognized and suitable for the intended use. The FCC Class B logo for home or office use signifies compliance with electromagnetic interference (EMI) requirements.

In Canada

A nationally recognized certification mark such as CSA or cUL signifies compliance with safety requirements. The Industry Canada statement at the front of this product guide demonstrates compliance with Canadian EMC regulations.

Intel Desktop Board DP43TF Product Guide