

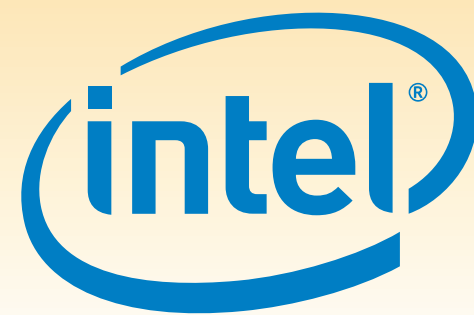
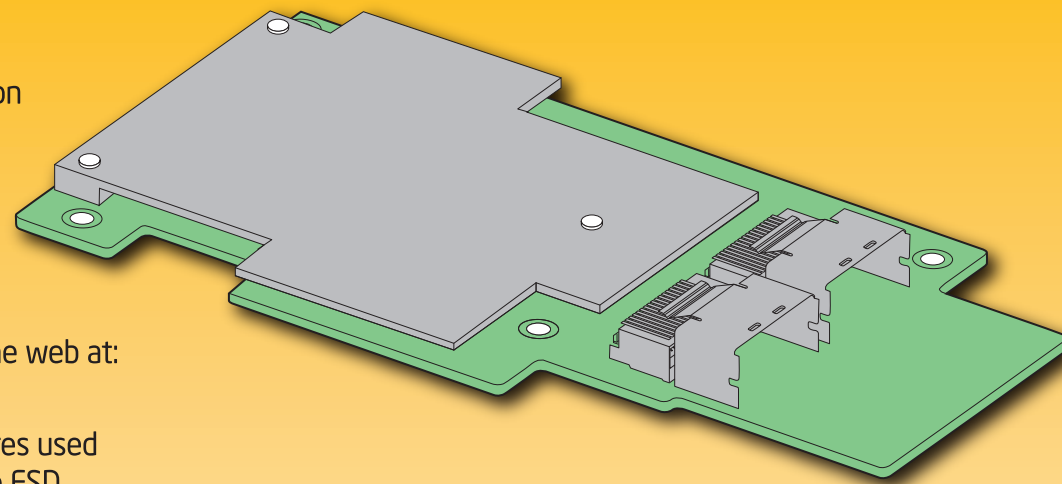
Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25JB080 Quick Start User's Guide

This guide contains step-by-step instructions for installing the Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25JB080 and information on using the BIOS setup utility to configure a single logical drive array and install the driver into the operating system. For more advanced RAID configurations, or to install with other operating systems, please refer to the *Hardware User's Guide*.

These guides and other supporting documents (including a list of supported server boards) are also located on the web at: <http://www.intel.com>

If you are not familiar with ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) procedures used during system integration, see your *Hardware Guide* for complete ESD procedures. For more details on Intel® RAID controllers, see: www.intel.com/go/serverbuilder.

Read all cautions and warnings first before starting your RAID Controller integration.



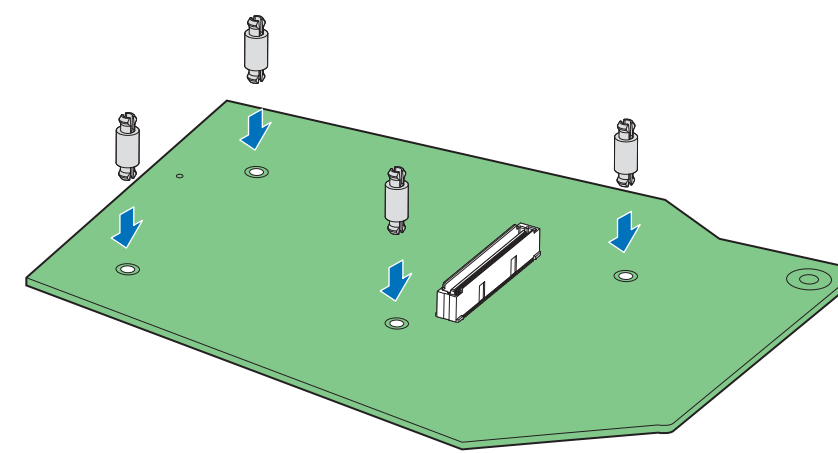
What you will need to begin

- SAS 2.0 or SATA III hard disk drives (backward compatible to support SAS 1.0 or SATA II hard disk drives)
- Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25JB080
- Server board with a x8 or x16 PCI Express* slot (this controller is designed to meet the x8 PCI Express* Generation 3 specification and is backward compatible with generation 2 or 1 slots)
- Resource CD, which is shipped with systems or boards
- Operating system installation media: Microsoft Windows Server 2003*, Microsoft Windows Server 2008*, Microsoft Windows 7*, Microsoft Windows Vista*, Red Hat* Enterprise Linux, or SUSE* Linux Enterprise Server and VMware* ESX Server 4.

Notes: The module will support PCI Express* Revision 3.0 at post launch.

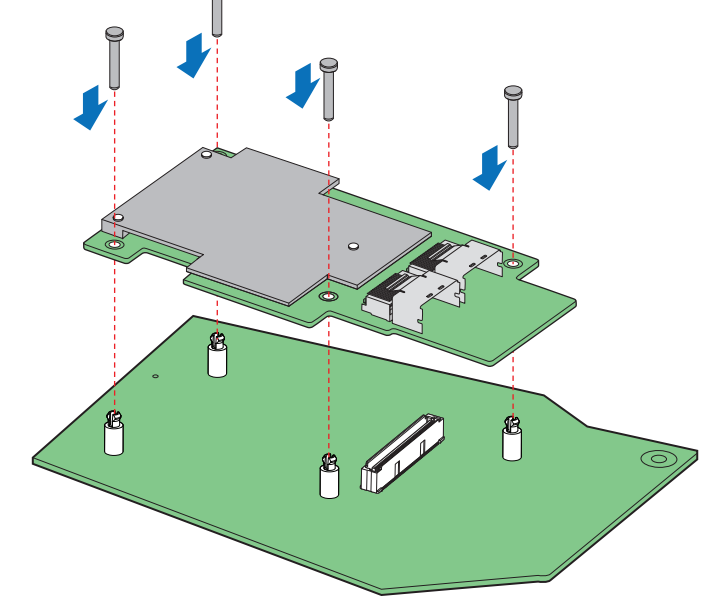
1 Installing the Barrel Standoff

- Power down the system and disconnect the power cord.
- Locate the matching SAS Module connector on your server board, see your server board documentation.
- Insert the barrel standoffs into the matching holes in the server board. The Intel® Server Board S2600IP is shown for illustrative purpose.



2 Install the RAID Module

- Attach the RAID Module to the matching server board connector and press the module card firmly to engage the barrel standoffs.
- Press down gently but firmly to ensure that the card is properly seated in the connectors, and then insert the four pin standoffs into the barrel standoffs respectively.



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Warning

Read all caution and safety statements in this document before performing any of the instructions. Also see the *Intel® Server Board and Server Chassis Safety Information* document at: <http://www.intel.com/support/motherboards/server/sb/cs-010770.htm> for complete safety information.

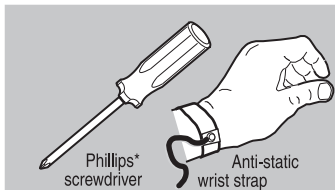
Warning

Installation and service of this product should only be performed by qualified service personnel to avoid risk of injury from electrical shock or energy hazard.

Caution

Observe normal ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) procedures during system integration to avoid possible damage to server board and/or other components.

Tools Required

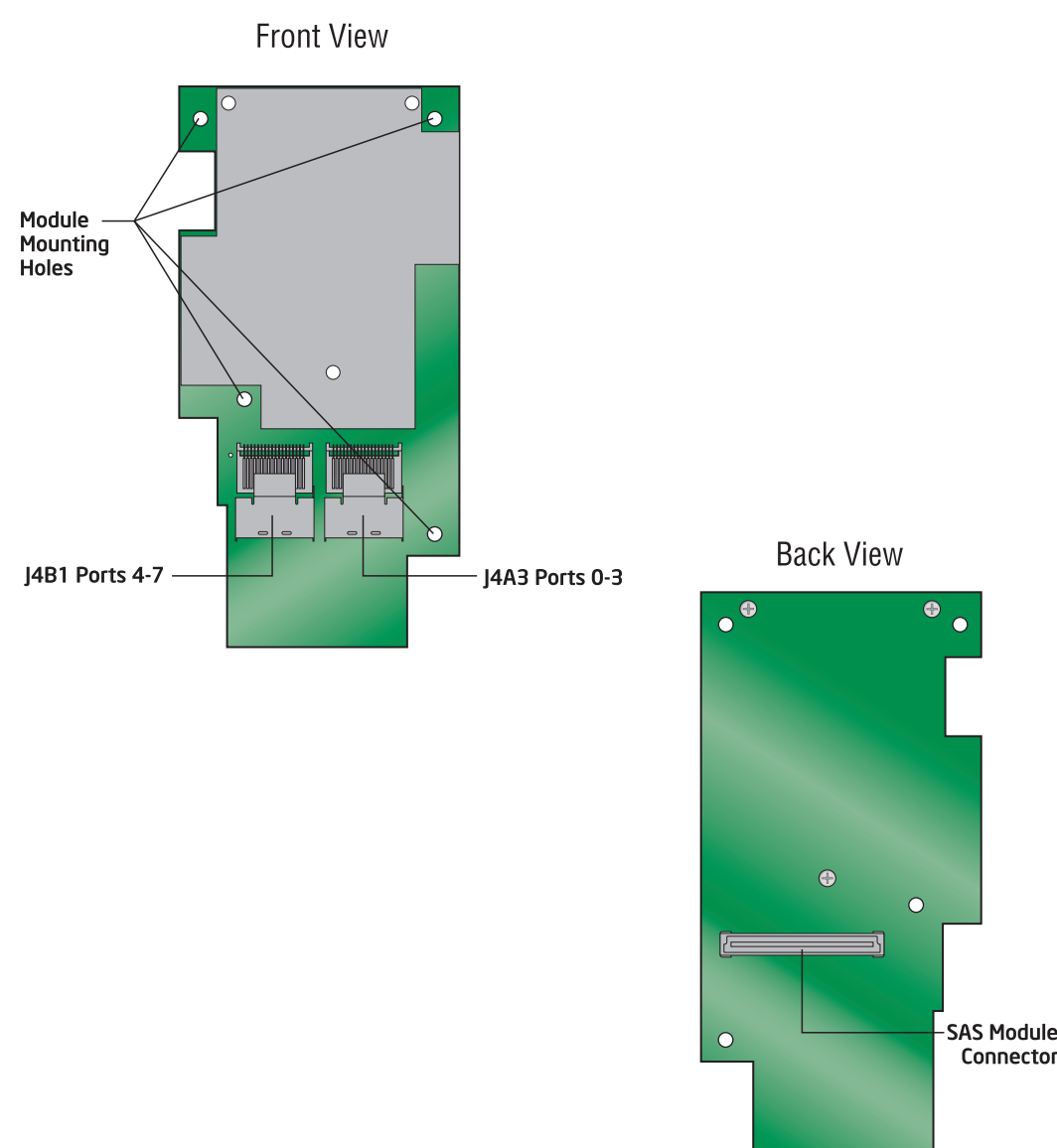


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Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25JB080 Reference Diagram

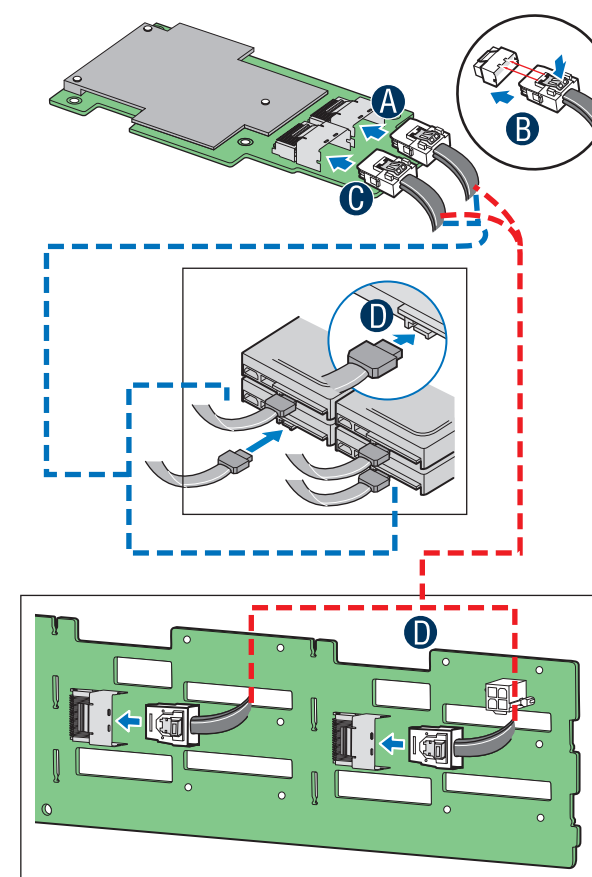


For more information on the jumpers referenced in this diagram, refer to user guide located on the web at: http://www.intel.com/p/en_US/support/server/.

3 Connect the RAID Module

- Connect the wide end of the provided cable to the up silver connector (ports 0-3).
- Push the cable into the silver connector until it makes a slight click.
- If using more than four drives, connect the wide end of the second cable to the down silver connector (ports 4-7).
- Connect the other ends of the cables to SATA drives or to the ports on a SATA or SAS backplane.

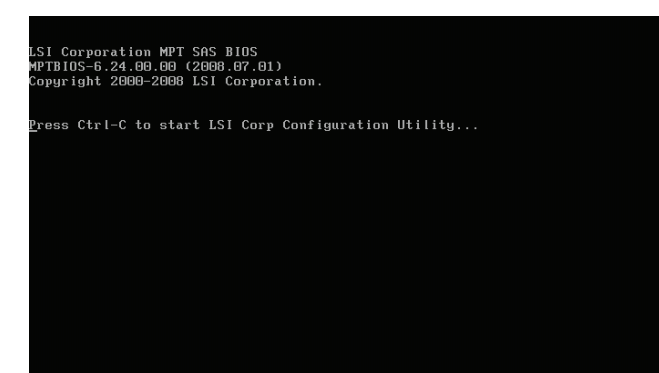
Notes: Both non-expander backplanes (one cable per drive) and expander backplanes (one or two total cables) are supported. Drive power cables (not shown) are required.



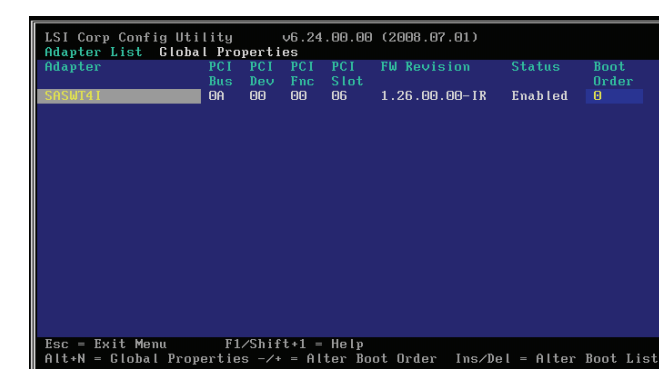
4 Use the LSI MPT SAS BIOS Configuration Utility* to Create a RAID Virtual Drive

Note: As necessary, see "Choosing the Right RAID Level" on side 2 of this Quick Start User's Guide for a brief description of RAID levels.

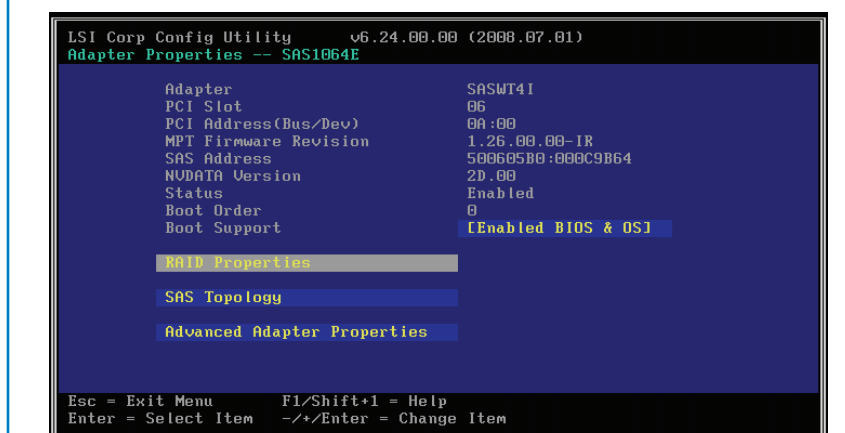
- Power on the system and press <Ctrl> + <C> when the screen below is displayed.



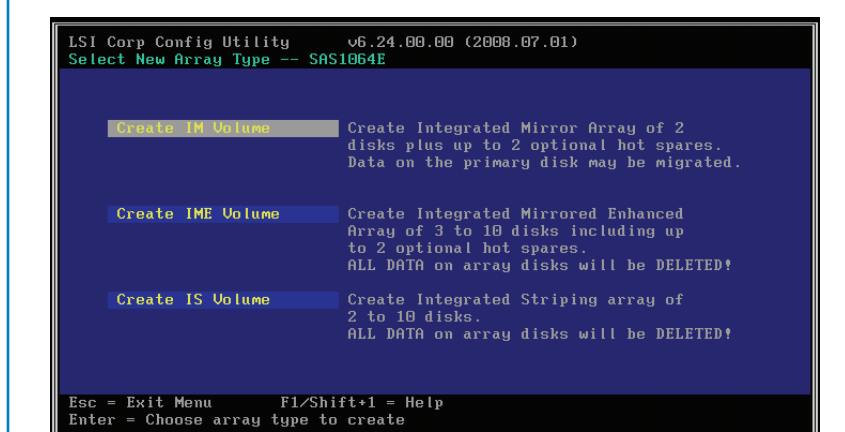
- In the Adapter List Global Properties window select SASWT41 in the Adapter column and press <Enter>.



- Highlight RAID Properties and press <Enter>.



- On the Select New Array Type screen, select the appropriate configuration, for example Create IM Volume, and press <Enter>.

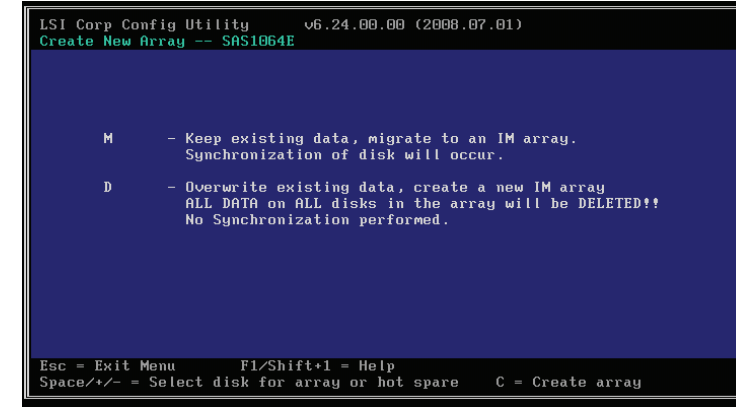


4 (Cont.) Use the LSI MPT SAS BIOS Configuration Utility* to Create a RAID Virtual Drive

5 In the RAID Disk column highlight **No** and press **<Space>**.



6 Press **<M>** to keep existing data, or press **<D>** to overwrite existing data.



7 In the RAID Disk column highlight **No** and press **<Space>**.



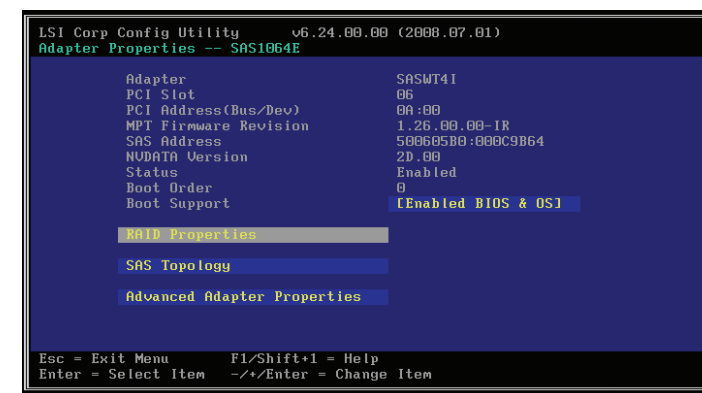
8 When the RAID Disk status is listed as shown below, press **<C>** to create an array.



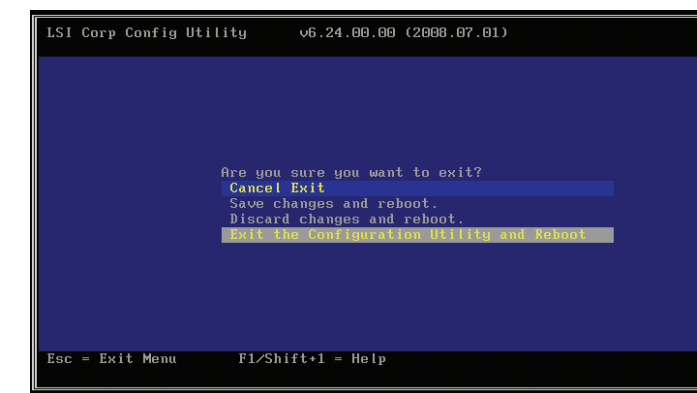
9 Select **Save changes then exit this menu**, then press **<Enter>**.



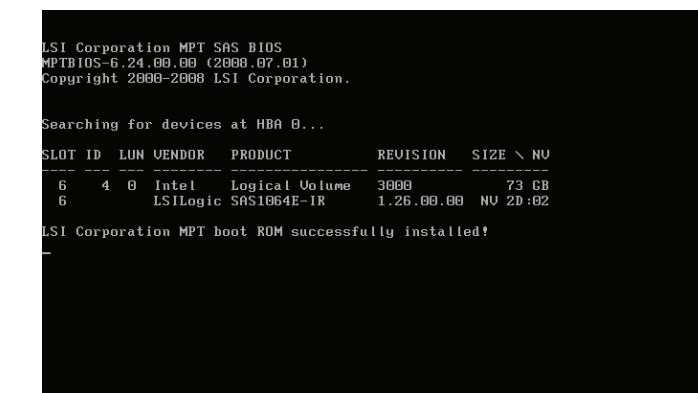
10 After the RAID array is created, the following screen will appear. Press **<Esc>** to return to the main menu.



11 Choose **Exit the Configuration Utility and Reboot** and press **<Enter>** to reboot the system.



12 During system reboot, verify that Logical Volume is displayed in the Product column.



Creation of a RAID volume is now complete.

5 Install the Operating System Drivers

Note: Below section lists the general driver loading process for frequently used operating systems. For more details, and for other supported operating systems, refer to the corresponding driver release notes to get latest information.

Microsoft Windows 2003*

OR

Microsoft Windows 2008*

OR

Red Hat* Enterprise Linux

OR

SuSE* Linux Enterprise Server

- 1 Create installation media (floppy disk required for Microsoft Windows 2003*; removable media, such as a floppy disk, USB device, or CD/DVD-ROM, required for Microsoft Windows 2008*). See the instructions at the right.
- 2 Boot the server and start the OS installation.
- 3 Press the **<F6>** key as soon as the first screen appears.
When you see: "Where do you want to install windows?", select **Load Driver**, and then click Next.
When prompted by the Load Driver dialog:
a. Insert the removable installation media that you created in step 1 above.
b. Press the **<Enter>** key to select the "Installation Driver" and continue with the Windows installation.
- 4 When prompted to specify a mass storage controller:
a. Press **<S>** to specify additional storage devices.
b. Insert the installation driver disk that you created in step 1 above.
c. Press the **<Enter>** key to select the "Installation Driver" and continue with the Windows installation.
- 5 Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the Windows installation.

To manage a RAID array, install Intel® RAID Web Console 2

Install the Intel® RAID Web Console 2 package from the Resource CD.
Extract the contents of the ZIP file and run Setup.exe from the Disk1 folder.

Install the Intel® RAID Web Console 2 package from the Resource CD.

Unpack Linux_rwc2_*.tar.gz.
Remove any line breaks and allow permissions by typing
\$> tr -d '\15\32' < existing_file_name > new_file_name
\$> chmod a+x new_file_name
Run ./install.sh

Choose one of four installation modes: Complete (installs all features), Client (administrative machine only), Server (can be managed remotely), or StandAlone (only manages itself).

To start Intel® RAID Web Console 2 from within the OS: Choose Start | Programs | RAID WebConsole | RAID WebConsole 2. For additional details, see the Intel® RAID Software User's Guide.

Create Installation Media

- 1 Obtain the drivers either from the resource CD or the Intel web site.
- 2 If using the Resource CD, insert the resource CD. Browse to \Drivers and then the matching OS folder.
OR
Go to <http://downloadcenter.intel.com> and locate your product under Server Products in the left menu.

Microsoft Windows*

- 3 Extract the files from the zip file to your hard drive. Copy the appropriate files to a floppy disk (for Microsoft Windows 2003*) or removable media (for Microsoft Windows 2008*).
Copy the matching .sys, .cat, .oem, and .inf driver files to a floppy disk or removable media.

Linux*

Extract the driver update disk (DUD) image (file extension .img) from the zip file to your hard drive. If you have a system with Microsoft Windows*, you will need a third-party utility such as "rawrite" to extract the DUD image to a floppy disk. For a system under Linux or Sun Solaris*, use the "dd" command as follows:
dd if=<image_file_name> of=<path-to-media>
'path-to-media' is usually /dev/fd0, but may differ if you are using a USB floppy drive.

Choosing the Right RAID Level

RAID 0 (IS)		Minimum Disks: 2 Read performance: Excellent Write performance: Excellent Fault tolerance: None	Striping of data across multiple drives in an array. This provides high performance, but no data protection.
RAID 1 (IM)		Number of Disks: 2 Read performance: Excellent Write performance: Good Fault tolerance: Excellent	Disk mirroring, meaning that all data on one disk is duplicated on another disk. This is a high availability solution, but only half the total disk space is usable.
RAID 1E (IME)		Minimum Disks: 3 Read performance: Excellent Write performance: Good Fault tolerance: Excellent	Enhanced disk mirroring, meaning that all data on one disk is duplicated on other disks. This is a high availability solution, but only half the total disk space is usable.