Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25PB080 **Quick Start User's Guide**

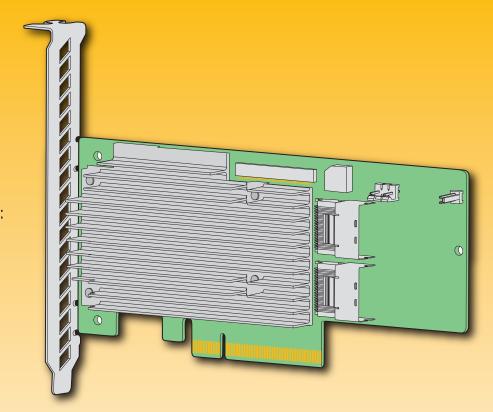
This guide contains step-by-step instructions for installing the Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25PB080 and information on using the BIOS setup utility to configure a single logical drive array and install the driver into the operating system.

For more advanced RAID configurations, or to install with other operating systems, please refer to the Hardware User's Guide.

These guides and other supporting documents (including a list of supported server boards) are also located on the web at: http://www.intel.com

If you are not familiar with ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) procedures used during system integration, see your Hardware Guide for complete ESD procedures. For more details on Intel® RAID controllers, see: www.intel.com/go/serverbuilder.

Read all cautions and warnings first before starting your RAID Controller





Warning

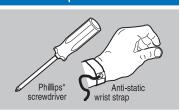
Read all caution and safety statements in this document before performing any of the instructions. Also see the *Intel*® Server Board and Server Chassis Safety Information document at: http://www.intel.com/support/ motherboards/server/sb/cs-010770.htm for complete safety information.

Warning

Installation and service of this product should only be performed by qualified service personnel to avoid risk of injury from electrical shock or energy hazard.

Observe normal ESD [Electrostatic Discharge] procedures during system integration to avoid possible damage to server board and/or other components.

Tools Required



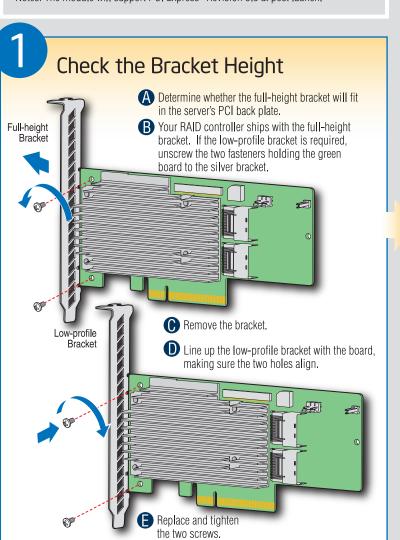
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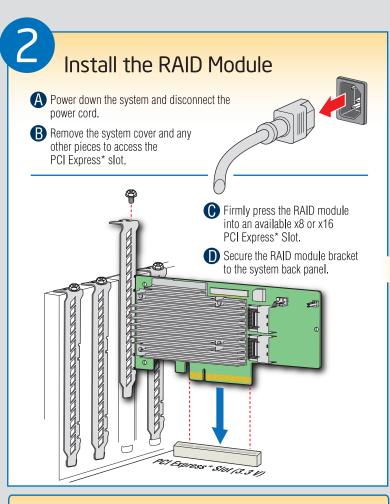


What you will need to begin

- SAS 2.0 or SATA III hard disk drives (backward compatible to support SAS 1.0 or SATA II hard disk drives)
- Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25PB080
- Server board with a x8 or x16 PCI Express* slot (this controller is designed to meet the x8 PCI Express* Generation 3 specification and is backward compatible with
- generation 2 or 1 slots)
- Resource CD, which is shipped with systems or boards
- Operating system installation media: Microsoft Windows Server 2003*, Microsoft Windows Server 2008*, Microsoft Windows 7*, Microsoft Windows Vista*, Red Hat* Enterprise Linux, or SUSE* Linux Enterprise Server and VMware* ESX Server 4.

Notes: The module will support PCI Express* Revision 3.0 at post launch.





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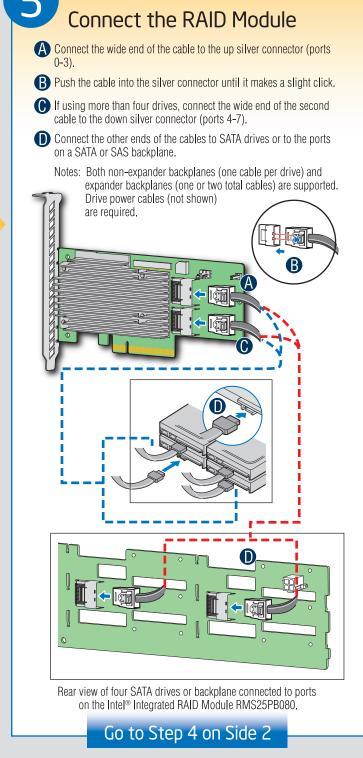
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Choosing the Right RAID Level

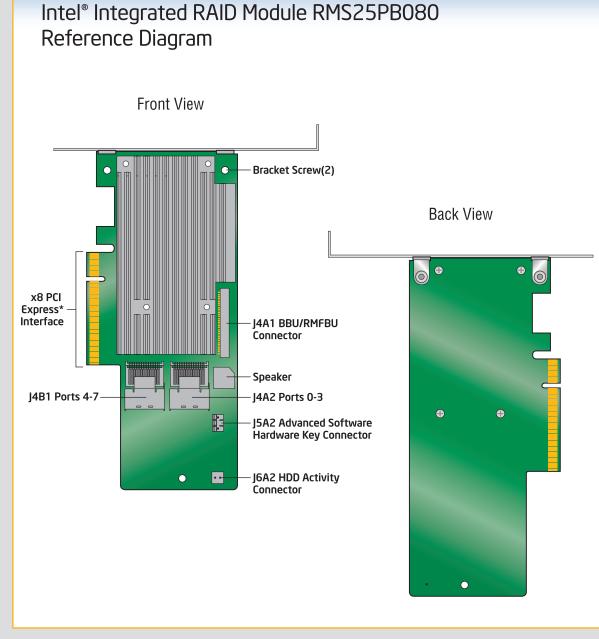
Speed Capacity Speed **Good Usage** Drives NONE 100% Excellent Excellent High throughput Striping (speed) workstation 50% Mirroring Very Good OS, apps entry level (redundancy) good 3 Striping and distributed Very Good Data, web/media parity (fault tolerance) (67-94%) good server Striping with dual 3 Good Good High fault (50-88%)distributed parity tolerance Database, file, 1 per Striping across 50% Very Good mail servers mirror set good 1 per R5 | Striping across R5 n-2 Excellent Very Database, file, (67-94%)mail servers 2 per R6 Striping across R6 Critical data Very Good (50-88%)good

Minimum **Physical**

Fail PDs Allowed

Method





For more information on the jumpers referenced in this diagram, refer to user guide located on the web at: http://www.intel.com/p/en_US/support/server/.

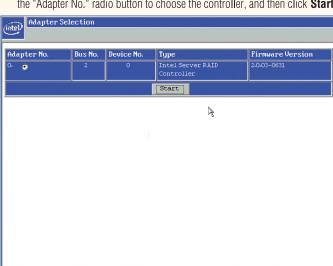
Use the Intel® RAID BIOS Console Utility to Create a RAID Volume

Note: As necessary, see "Choosing the Right RAID Level" on side 1 of this Quick Start User's Guide for a brief description of the RAID levels.

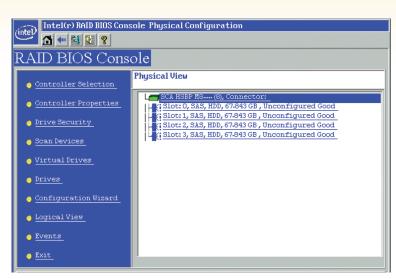
1 Power on the system and press <Ctrl> + <G> when the following screen is displayed



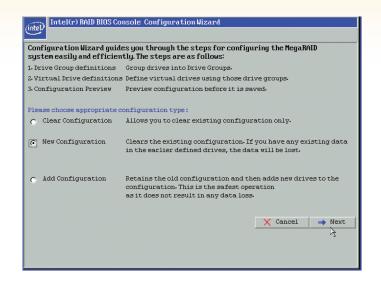
When the Intel® RAID BIOS Console starts, it will display the Intel® Integrated RAID Module RMS25PB080 installed in the system. Click on the "Adapter No." radio button to choose the controller, and then click **Start.**



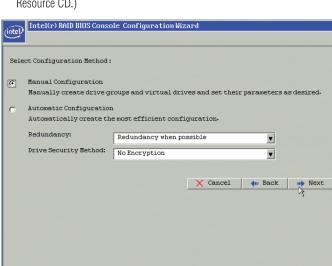
3 After a brief pause, the RAID BIOS Console screen is displayed. Click **Configuration Wizard.**



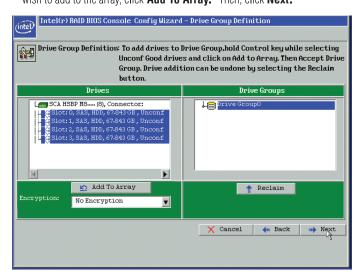
4 Select **New Configuration** and click **Next.**



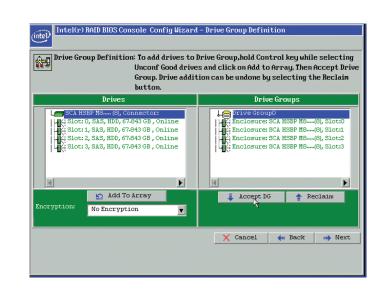
5 For this example, **Manual Configuration** is used. Click **Next.** (For further information, see the Intel® RAID Software User's Guide on the Resource CD.)



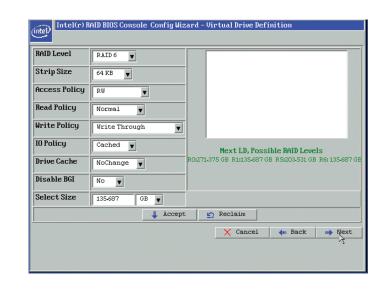
6 Add physical drives to the array by pressing the <Ctrl> key while clicking on entries under Physical Drives. Once you have selected all the drives you wish to add to the array, click **Add To Array.** Then, click **Next.**



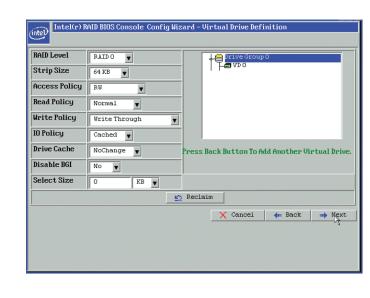
7 Define further arrays or click **Accept DG** if finished. Then, click **Next.**



8 Select the **RAID Level** from the drop-down list. Select the **Stripe Size.** Enter the size of the logical drive. Click **Accept.**



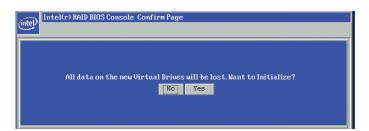
9 Click Next.



(I) Click Yes.



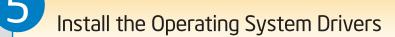
Click Yes.



Select **Fast Initialize** to do a preliminary initialization of the drives for loading the operating system. A full initialization will occur in the background.



Creation of a RAID volume is now complete.



Note: Below section lists the general driver loading process for frequently used operating systems. For more details, and for other supported operating systems, refer to the corresponding driver release notes to get latest information.

Microsoft Windows 2003*

Microsoft Windows 2008*

OR Red Hat

Red Hat^ Enterprise Linux



Create installation media (removable media, such as a floppy disk, USB device, or CD/DVD-ROM, required). See the instructions at the right.

2 Boot the system with Red Hat* Enterprise Linux CD-ROM.

At the boot prompt, insert the Linux installation disk that you created

Type Linux dd, and press the **<Enter>** key.

in step 1.

Boot the system with SuSE* Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) CD-ROM.

When the first screen displays, insert the Linux installation disk that you created step 1.

Press the <F5> key for SLES 10 or the <F6> key for SLES 9 to load the driver, and then select an installation menu option.

Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation. The RAID controller driver is automatically detected and installed.

Create Installation Media

- Obtain the drivers either from the resource CD or the Intel web site.
- 2 If using the Resource CD, insert the resource CD. Browse to \Drivers and then the matching OS folder.

Go to http://downloadcenter.intel.com and locate your product under Server Products in the left menu.

Microsoft Windows*

3 Extract the files from the zip file to your hard drive. Copy the appropriate files to a floppy disk (for Microsoft Windows 2003*) or removable media (for Microsoft Windows 2008*).

Copy the matching .sys, .cat, .oem, and .inf driver files to a floppy disk or removable media.

Linux*

Extract the driver update disk (DUD) image (file extension .img) from the zip file to your hard drive. If you have a system with Microsoft Windows*, you will need a third-party utlity such as 'rawrite' to extract the DUD image to a floppy disk. For a system under Linux or Sun Solaris*, use the 'dd' command as follows:

dd if=<image_file_name> of=<path-to-media>
'path-to-media' is usually /dev/fd0, but may
differ if you are using a USB floppy drive.

Understanding the Audible Alarm

The audible alarm will beep under two conditions: When a drive has failed, and during and following a rebuild.

The drive failure alarms are as follows:

- Degraded Array: Short tone, one second on, one second off
- Failed Array: Long tone, three seconds on, one second off
- Hot Spare Commissioned: Short tone, one second on, three seconds off

The drive failure tones will repeat until the problem is corrected or until the alarm is silenced or disabled.

The rebuild alarm tone remains ON during the rebuild. After the rebuild completes, an alarm with a different tone will sound, signaling the completion of the rebuild. This is a one-time (non-repeating) tone.

The alarm can be *disabled* either in the Intel® BIOS Console or in the Intel® Web Console 2 management utilities. When disabled, the alarm will not sound unless it is re-enabled in one of the utilities.

The alarm can be *temporarily silenced* either in the Intel® BIOS Console or in the Intel® Web Console 2 management utilities. The alarm is not disabled and will sound again if another event occurs. The temporarily silenced alarm will be enabled if the system is power cycled.



- 3 Press the <F6> key as soon as the first screen appears.
- When prompted to specify a mass storage controller:a. Press <S> to specify additional storage

devices.

- b. Insert the installation driver disk that you created in step 1 above.
- c. Press the <Enter> key to select the "Installation Driver" and continue with the Windows installation.

install windows?", select **Load Driver**, and then click Next.

When you see: "Where do you want to

When prompted by the Load Driver dialog:

- a. Insert the removable installation media that you created in step 1 above.b. Press the <Enter> key to select the
- "Installation Driver" and continue with the Windows installation.

To manage a RAID array, install Intel® RAID Web Console 2

Install the Intel[®] RAID Web Console 2 package from the Resource CD.

Extract the contents of the ZIP file and run Setup.exe from the Disk1 folder.

5 Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the Windows installation.

Install the Intel[®] RAID Web Console 2 package from the Resource CD.

Unpack Linux_rwc2_**tar.gz.
Remove any line breaks and allow permissions by typing
\$> tr -d '\15\32' < existing_file_name > new_file_name
\$> chmod a+x new_file_name
Run ./install.sh

Choose one of four installation modes: Complete (installs all features), Client (administrative machine only), Server (can be managed remotely), or StandAlone (only manages itself).

To start Intel[®] RAID Web Console 2 from within the OS: Choose Start | Programs | RAID WebConsole | RAID WebConsole 2. For additional details, see the Intel[®] RAID Software User's Guide.