

Intel® Omni-Path Software

Release Notes for V10.9.2

Rev. 1.0

March 2019

Doc. No.: K54191, Rev.: 1.0



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Overview of the Release 1.0

This document provides a brief overview of the changes introduced into the Intel® Omni-Path Software by this release. References to more detailed information are provided where necessary. The information contained in this document is intended as supplemental information only; it should be used in conjunction with the documentation provided for each component.

These Release Notes list the features supported in this software release, open issues, and issues that were resolved during release development.

1.1 **Audience**

The information provided in this document is intended for installers, software support engineers, service personnel, and system administrators.

1.2 **Software License Agreement**

This software is provided under license agreements and may contain third-party software under separate third-party licensing. Please refer to the license files provided with the software for specific details.

1.3 If You Need Help

Technical support for Intel® Omni-Path products is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Please contact Intel Customer Support or visit http://www.intel.com/ omnipath/support for additional detail.

1.4 **Enhancements and New Features in this Release**

The following enhancements and features are new in this release:

- New operating systems supported. See Table 1 on page 7 for details.
- Support for yum/zypper integration.
- Support for libfabric OFI Version 1.6.2.
- Support for Sandia* OpenSHMEM 1.4.2.
- Support for NVIDIA* CUDA* 9.2 and 10.
- Accelerated IPoFabric (AIP) performance improvement for IP routing and general use of IPoIB over Intel® Omni-Path Fabrics.
 - Support for AIP provides improved performance for running IPoIB in datagram mode on Intel® Omni-Path fabrics. Note that AIP is on by default and requires additional tuning. See the Intel® Omni-Path IP and LNet Router Design Guide and Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide for more details.
- Support for Intel® Parallel Studio XE 2019.

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1.5 Supported Features

- The list of supported operating systems is in Table 1 on page 7.
- The list of supported hardware is in Table 6 on page 10.
- Product Constraints described in Product Constraints on page 16.
- Active Optical Cables (AOC). For details, see the Cable Matrix at: http:// www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/high-performance-computing-fabrics/omnipath-cables.html
- Support for the Enhanced Hypercube Routing Engine is outside the scope of Intel®
 OPA support. However, Intel partners may offer such support as part of their
 solutions. In addition there is an open source community who may be able to
 answer specific questions and provide guidance with respect to the Enhanced
 Hypercube Routing Engine.
- Support for Accelerated RDMA, also called Token ID (TID) RDMA, which is a Verbs protocol extension. See Accelerated RDMA Information on page 17 for details.
- Support for active optical cables (AOC) on server platforms using integrated HFI for OPA (commonly known as "-F").
- Support for GPUDirect* RDMA, which is a technology that enables a direct path for data exchange between a graphics processing unit (GPU) and a third-party peer device using standard features of PCI Express.
- Legacy BIOS Boot Mode Enhancements to support boot over fabric, custom board descriptions, and pre-boot platform configuration data for AOC support.
- Multi-endpoint functionality. See the *Intel® Performance Scaled Messaging 2* (*PSM2*) *Programmer's Guide* for details.
- SNMP MIB support. See the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Release Notes for details.
- UEFI, TMM, and Firmware Tools delivered as standalone rpms.
- Support for Intel® C/C++ Compiler 18.0
- Intel[®] OPA support for cgroups.
- Support for multiple virtual fabric security.
- SE Linux PSM2 support with 13 labels.

1.6 Deprecated and Removed Features

- Support for the use of ESM and HSM as redundant pairs (i.e., an ESM as a backup to an HSM and vice versa) in a fabric has been deprecated in this release.
- In an upcoming release, native verbs support in Open MPI (openib BTL) will no longer be maintained. It will be removed from the Open MPI build in IFS.

1.7 Release Packages

There are two Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software packages:

- · Basic for compute nodes
- IFS for management nodes

The Basic package includes:



- Software that installs the following packages to the distribution OpenFabrics Alliance* (OFA):
 - hfi1-firmware, libpsm2 (for all RHEL*) and libpsm2-2 (for all SLES* 12 SP3 and newer), hfi1-diagtools-sw
 - Open MPI and MVAPICH2. See MPI Libraries on page 9 for details.
 - mpitests
 - mpi-selector
 - Sandia* OpenSHMEM
 - Open Fabrics Interface (OFI) libfabric

The IFS package includes the Basic package plus:

- Fabric Manager, which allows comprehensive control of administrative functions using a mature Subnet Manager. Fabric Manager simplifies subnet, fabric, and individual component management, easing the deployment and optimization of large fabrics.
- FastFabric Toolset, which enables rapid, error-free installation and configuration of Intel® OPA host software and management software tools, as well as simplified installation, configuration, validation, and optimization of HPC fabrics.

1.8 **Release Compatibility**

This release is backward compatible with the most recent minor release version. For example, Release 10.N is backward compatible with Release 10.N-1 and Release 10.N-1.x.

1.9 **Operating Systems**

This release of the Intel® Omni-Path Software supports the operating systems listed in the following table.

Table 1. **Supported Operating Systems**

Operating System	Update/SP	Kernel Version
Red Hat* Enterprise Linux* (RHEL*) 7.5 X86_64	Update 5	3.10.0-862.el7.x86_64
Red Hat* Enterprise Linux* (RHEL*) 7.6 X86_64	Update 6	3.10.0-957.el7.x86_64
CentOS*-7 (1804) X86_64 (corresponds to RHEL* 7.5)	(1804)	3.10.0-862.el7.x86_64
CentOS*-7 (1810) X86_64 (corresponds to RHEL* 7.6)	(1810)	3.10.0-957.el7.x86_64
Scientific Linux* 7.5 X86_64	Update 5	3.10.0-862.el7.x86_64
Scientific Linux* 7.6 X86_64	Update 6	3.10.0-957.el7.x86_64
SUSE* Linux* Enterprise Server (SLES*) 12.3 X86_64	Service Pack 3	4.4.114-94.14_default
SUSE* Linux* Enterprise Server (SLES*) 12.4 X86_64	Service Pack 4	4.12.14-94.41_default
SUSE* Linux* Enterprise Server (SLES*) 15 X86_64		4.12.14-23_default

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Table 2. Supported OS by CPU

СРИ Туре	RH	EL*	SLES*		CentOS*		Scientific Linux*		
	7.5	7.6	12.3	12.4	15	7 (1804)	7 (1810)	7.5	7.6
Intel [®] Xeon Phi [™] x200 Product Family (Knights Landing CPU-based servers)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors (Skylake CPU-based servers)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Intel [®] Xeon Phi [™] Processor (Knights Mill CPU-based servers)	•	•		•	•				
Next Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors (codename Cascade Lake)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Notes: PSM2 GPUDirect* RDMA with CUDA is supported as shown below:

- CUDA Toolkit 9.2 is supported on SLES* 12 SP3.
- CUDA Toolkit 10.0 is supported on RHEL* 7.5, RHEL* 7.6, and SLES* 15.
- Intel does not officially support CUDA with SLES* 12 SP4 at this time.

1.10 Kernel Modules for hfi1 Driver

This release of the Intel® Omni-Path Software contains the hfi1 driver kernel modules listed in the following table.

Note: The version number is shown in bold.

Table 3. Kernel Modules for hfi1 Driver

os	Non-CUDA/CUDA	RPM Version
RHEL* 7.5	Non-CUDA	kmod-ifs-kernel-updates-3.10.0_862.el7.x86_64- 1777 .x86_64.rpm
	CUDA	kmod-ifs-kernel-updates-3.10.0_862.el7.x86_64- 1777cuda .x86_64.rpm
RHEL* 7.6	Non-CUDA	kmod-ifs-kernel-updates-3.10.0_957.el7.x86_64- 1777 .x86_64.rpm
	CUDA	kmod-ifs-kernel-updates-3.10.0_957.el7.x86_64- 1777cuda .x86_64.rpm
SLES* 12.3	Non-CUDA	ifs-kernel-updates-kmp- default-4.4.114_94.14_default_k4.4.114_94.14- 1777 .x86_64.rpm
	CUDA	ifs-kernel-updates-kmp- default-4.4.114_94.14_default_k4.4.114_94.14- 1777cuda .x86_64.rpm
SLES* 12.4	Non-CUDA	ifs-kernel-updates-kmp- default-4.12.14_23_default_k4.12.14_23- 1777 .x86_64.rpm
SLES* 15	Non-CUDA	ifs-kernel-updates-kmp- default-4.12.14_23_default_k4.12.14_23- 1777cuda .x86_64.rpm

1.11 Parallel File Systems

This section reports the parallel file systems that have been tested with this release of the Intel $^{\circledR}$ Omni-Path Software. Note that not all combinations of OS, file system, and Intel $^{\circledR}$ OPA software are tested.



The following parallel file systems have been tested:

- Lustre* Long Term Support (LTS) release:
 - Version 2.10.4 on RHEL* 7.5
 - Version 2.10.6 on RHEL* 7.6
 - Version 2.11.0 on SLES* 12 SP3 (via LNET Self Test)
- IBM* Spectrum Scale¹:
 - Versions 5.0.2.2 on RHEL* 7.5, RHEL* 7.6, SLES* 12 SP3, and SLES* 12 SP4

Note:

SLES* 15 is supported by Intel® OPA but not supported for IBM* Spectrum Scale and Lustre* at the time of this release.

Refer to the *Intel*® *Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide* for details on optimizing parallel file system performance with Intel® Omni-Path Software.

1.12 MPI Libraries

In the last release, MPI builds have been reduced to the libraries as listed in Table 4.

Note:

The sources for Open MPI and MVAPICH2 are included in the software package. FastFabric provides a simple tool to build these MPIs using the Intel® Compiler (not included in the software package). Refer to *Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite FastFabric User Guide*, Rebuilding MPI Library and Tools.

1.12.1 Supported MPI Libraries

The table below lists the different MPI libraries supported by Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software with the corresponding version, fabric support, and compiler used. Note that the second column indicates whether the MPI library is included in the Intel® Omni-Path Software package or not.

Table 4. Supported MPI Libraries

MPI Implementation	Included in Basic Package?	Runs Over	Compiled With
Open MPI 2.1.2	Yes	PSM2, OFI	GCC
Open MPI 2.1.2-cuda	Yes	PSM2	GCC
MVAPICH2-2.3B	Yes	PSM2	GCC
Intel® MPI Library 2018 Update 2	No	PSM2 (via TMI), OFI	N/A
Intel® MPI Library 2019 Initial release	No	PSM2 (via OFI)	N/A
IBM* Spectrum* MPI version 10.1.1.0	No	PSM2	N/A

1.12.2 Compiler Versions and Distributions

The MPI libraries listed in the preceding section that are included in the release and built with PSM2 support were built with the following compiler versions:

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¹ Formerly known as General Parallel File System (GPFS)

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Table 5. Compiler Versions and Distributions

Compiler	OS Distribution	Compiler Version
(GNU) gcc	RHEL* 7.5	gcc version 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat* 4.8.5-28) (GCC)
(GNU) gcc	RHEL* 7.6	gcc version 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat* 4.8.5-36) (GCC)
(GNU) gcc	SLES* 12 SP3	gcc version 4.8.5 (SUSE* Linux*)
(GNU) gcc	SLES* 12 SP4	gcc version 4.8.5 (SUSE* Linux)
(GNU) gcc	SLES* 15	gcc version 7.3.1 20180323 (SUSE* Linux*)

Note: Refer to the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Host Software User Guide for setup information

when using Open MPI with the SLURM PMI launcher and PSM2.

1.13 Intel Hardware

The following table lists the Intel hardware supported in this release. The table does not include OEM-specific hardware, such as custom adapters and switches.

Note: The Intel® PSM2 implementation has a limit of four (4) HFIs.

Table 6. Supported Hardware

Hardware	Description
Intel® Xeon® Processor E5-2600 v3 product family	Haswell CPU-based servers
Intel® Xeon® Processor E5-2600 v4 product family	Broadwell CPU-based servers
Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors	Skylake CPU-based servers
Next Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors	Cascade Lake CPU-based servers
Intel® Xeon Phi [™] x200 Product Family	Knights Landing CPU-based servers
Intel® Xeon Phi [™] 72x5 Processor Family	Knights Mill CPU-based servers
Intel® Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface 100HFA016 (x16)	Single Port Host Fabric Interface (HFI)
Intel® Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface 100HFA018 (x8)	Single Port Host Fabric Interface (HFI)
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE48Q	Managed 48-port Edge Switch
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE48U	Externally-managed 48-port Edge Switch
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE48UFH	Externally-managed 48-port Edge Switch, hot-swap power and fans
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE48QFH	Managed 48-port Edge Switch, hot-swap power and fans
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE24Q	Managed 24-port Edge Switch
Intel® Omni-Path Switch 100SWE24U	Externally-managed 24-port Edge Switch
Intel® Omni-Path Director Class Switch 100SWD24	Director Class Switch 100 Series, up to 768 ports
Intel® Omni-Path Director Class Switch 100SWD06	Director Class Switch 100 Series, up to 192 ports

1.14 Switch Firmware

The following firmware is supported for Intel® Omni-Path switches:



- Intel® Omni-Path Switch Firmware 10.8.x revision (managed and externally-managed switches)
- Intel® Omni-Path Switch Firmware 10.7.x revision (managed and externally-managed switches)

Refer to the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Release Notes for more information.

1.15 **Document Versions**

The following table lists the end user document versions supported by this release.

Table 7. Supported Document Versions

Title	Doc. Number	Revision
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Quick Start Guide	J57479	6.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Setup Guide	J27600	10.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Hardware Installation Guide	H76456	9.0
Intel [®] Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface Installation Guide	H76466	5.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software Installation Guide	H76467	13.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches GUI User Guide	H76457	10.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide	H76458	10.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite FastFabric User Guide	H76469	13.0
Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager User Guide	H76468	12.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide	H76471	12.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Host Software User Guide	H76470	13.0
Intel® Performance Scaled Messaging 2 (PSM2) Programmer's Guide	H76473	12.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide	H93143	15.0
Intel [®] Omni-Path IP and LNet Router Design Guide (Old title: Intel [®] Omni-Path IP and Storage Router Design Guide)	H99668	8.0
Building Containers for Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabrics using Docker* and Singularity* Application Note	J57474	7.0
Intel® Omni-Path Management API Programmer's Guide	J68876	5.0
Configuring Non-Volatile Memory Express* (NVMe*) over Fabrics on Intel® Omni- Path Architecture Application Note	J78967	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software Release Notes	K54191	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Manager GUI Release Notes	K50769	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Release Notes (includes managed and externally-managed switches)	K38337	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) Release Notes	K50782	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Thermal Management Microchip (TMM) Release Notes	K38341	1.0
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Firmware Tools Release Notes	K38342	1.0

Related Links

Intel Omni-Path Documentation Library on page 25

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1.16 Installation Requirements

1.16.1 Software and Firmware Requirements

Table 1 on page 7 lists the operating systems supported by this release. For the required packages, refer to OS RPMs Installation Prerequisites.

1.16.2 OS RPMs Installation Prerequisites

Ensure that the following requirements are met prior to installing the software.

- In addition to normal OS installation options, OS RPMs must be installed before you can install the Intel® Omni-Path software.
- Refer to the applicable section below to verify that all required RPMs are installed for the specific version of your OS distribution.
- Depending on the packages you choose, there may be additional prerequisites. For additional information, refer to the Release Notes for your specific release and installation type.

Red Hat* Enterprise Linux* OS RPMs

The tables below list the RPMs for each supported RHEL* release.

Notes:

- Some RHEL* rpms are available in a Server-Optional repository. Please install the RHEL* Server-Optional version from Red Hat* which contains additional, required development packages.
- Rdma-ndd is part of rdma-core.

Table 8. RHEL* 7.5 Distribution RPMs

IB/OPA Centric	System Centric		Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
ibacm	atlas	ncurses-libs	bash	expat-devel
infinipath-psm	bc	numactl-libs	irqbalance	libnl3-devel
libibcm	coreutils	openssl	kernel	libpfm
libibmad	expat	openssl-devel	kmod	libuuid-devel
libibumad	expect	openssl-libs	libgcc	numactl-devel
libibverbs	gcc-gfortran	pciutils	perl	opensm-libs
libnl3	glibc	redhat-rpm-config	perl-Getopt-Long	openssl-devel (1.0.1 or higher)
librdmacm	kernel-devel	rpm-build	perl-Socket	valgrind-devel
opensm-libs	libgfortran	sysfsutils	pkgconfig	
perftest	libgomp	tcl	python	
qperf	libquadmath	tcsh	systemd	
rdma-core	libstdc++	zlib		
rdma-core-devel	libstdc++-devel			



Table 9. RHEL* 7.6 Distribution RPMs

IB/OPA Centric	System Centric		Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
ibacm	atlas	ncurses-libs	bash	expat-devel
infinipath-psm	bc	numactl-libs	irqbalance	libnl3-devel
libibumad	coreutils	openssl	kernel	libpfm
libibverbs	expat	openssl-devel	kmod	libuuid-devel
libnl3	expect	openssl-libs	libgcc	numactl-devel
librdmacm	gcc-gfortran	pciutils	perl	opensm-libs
opensm-libs	glibc	redhat-rpm-config	perl-Getopt-Long	openssl-devel (1.0.1 or higher)
perftest	kernel-devel	rpm-build	perl-PathTools	valgrind-devel
qperf	libgfortran	sysfsutils	perl-Socket	
rdma-core	libgomp	tcl	pkgconfig	
rdma-core-devel	libquadmath	tcsh	python	
	libstdc++	zlib	systemd	
	libstdc++-devel		systemd-libs	

SUSE* Linux* Enterprise Server OS RPMs

The tables below list the RPMs for each supported SLES* release.

Note:

Some SLES* rpms are available in SLES* Software Development Kit (SDK). Please install the SLES* SDK iso from SUSE* which contains additional, required development packages.

Table 10. SLES* 12.3 Distribution RPMs

IB/OPA Centric	System Centric		Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements		
ibacm	bc	libopenssl1_0_0	bash	libexpat-devel		
libibcm1	expect	libopenssl-devel	coreutils	libnuma-devel		
libibmad5	gcc-fortran	libquadmath0	glibc	libopenssl-devel (1.0.1 or higher)		
libibumad3	kernel-devel	libudev-devel	grep	libuuid-devel		
libibverbs1	kernel-syms	libz1	irqbalance	opensm-libs3		
libnl3-200	libexpat1	openssl	kmod	valgrind-devel		
libpsm_infinipath1	libgfortran3	rpm-build	libedit0			
librdmacm1	libgomp1	tcl	libgcc_s1			
mpi-selector	libncurses5	tcsh	libstdc++6			
opensm-devel	libnuma1		libudev1			
opensm-libs3			perl			
perftest			perl-base			
	continued					

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IB/OPA Centric	System Centric	Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
qperf		pkg-config	
rdma-core		python-base	
rdma-core-devel		systemd	
rdma-ndd		udev	

Table 11. SLES* 12.4 Distribution RPMs

IB/OPA Centric	System	Centric	Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
ibacm	bc	libopenssl1_0_0	bash	libexpat-devel
libibcm1	expect	libopenssl-devel	glibc	libnuma-devel
libibmad5	gcc-fortran	libquadmath0	grep	libopenssl-devel (1.0.1 or higher)
libibumad3	kernel-devel	libudev-devel	irqbalance	libuuid-devel
libibverbs1	kernel-syms	libz1	kmod	opensm-libs3
libpsm_infinipath1	libexpat1	openssl	libedit0	valgrind-devel
librdmacm1	libgfortran3	rpm-build	libgcc_s1	
mpi-selector	libgomp1	tcl	libstdc++6	
opensm-devel	libncurses5	tcsh	perl	
opensm-libs3	libnuma1		perl-base	
perftest			pkg-config	
qperf			python-base	
rdma-core			systemd	
rdma-core-devel			udev	
rdma-ndd				

Table 12. SLES* 15 Distribution RPMs

IB/OPA Centric	System	Centric	Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
ibacm	bc	libopenssl1_1	bash	kernel-devel
libibmad5	coreutils	libopenssl-devel	glibc	libexpat-devel
libibumad3	expect	libosmcomp3	grep	libnuma-devel
libibverbs1	gcc-fortran	libquadmath0	irqbalance	libopenssl-devel (1.0.1 or higher)
libnl3-200	kernel-devel	libudev-devel	kmod	libuuid-devel
libpsm_infinipath1	kernel-syms	libz1	libedit0	opensm-libs3
libquadmath0	libexpat1	openssl	libgcc_s1	valgrind-devel
librdmacm1	libgfortran4	rpm-build	libncurses5	
libverbs1	libgomp1	tcl	libstdc++6	
		1		continued



IB/OPA Centric	System	Centric	Other/Generally Installed	Build Requirements
mpi-selector	libncurses6	tcsh	perl	
opensm-devel	libnuma1		perl-base	
opensm-libs3			pkg-config	
perftest			python-base	
qperf			systemd	
rdma-core			udev	
rdma-core-devel				
rdma-ndd				

Example

The example below shows the install of a group of OS RPMs on a RHEL* OS server. Not all required OS RPMs are included in this example and some OS RPMs in this example might not be needed.

yum install libibmad libibverbs librdmacm libibcm qperf perftest rdma infinipath-psm expat libstdc++-devel gcc-gfortran atlas tcl expect tcsh sysfsutils pciutils bc libibumad libibumad-devel libibumad libibumad-devel libibverbs-devel libibmaddevel librdmacm-devel ibacm-devel openssl-devel libuuid-devel expatdevel infinipath-psm-devel valgrind-devel libgnome libibverbs* opensm-libs libhfil ncurses-devel hwloc hwloc-qui

Intel recommends that you build your own list of OS RPMs for installation.

1.16.3 **Installation Instructions**

There are two Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software packages:

- IntelOPA-IFS.<distro>-x86 64.<
- IntelOPA-Basic. < distro>-x86 64. < version>.tgz for compute nodes.

The packages in the tgz file are RPMs. Installing individual RPMs is not supported in this release.

Refer to the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software Installation Guide for related software requirements and complete installation procedures. Refer to the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Hardware Installation Guide for related firmware requirements.

1.16.4 **Installation Path Changes in Release 10.4 (and later)**

If you are upgrading an Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software installation (Release 10.3 or earlier), Intel recommends that you perform the following steps before upgrading, due to changes in installation paths for RPMs and configuration files.

Run ./INSTALL -u to uninstall existing packages.

Run ./INSTALL -a to complete the installation.

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Pre-existing configuration files are automatically saved by the RPM as .rpmsave files. (RPM will notify you about these files during removal.) If you want to keep these configuration files, you should move them to their new locations. A mapping of old configuration file locations to new locations is shown in the following table.

Old Location (Release 10.3 and earlier)	New Location (Release 10.4 and later)
/etc/sysconfig/opafm.xml	/etc/opa-fm/opafm.xml
/etc/sysconfig/allhosts	/etc/opa/allhosts
/etc/sysconfig/chassis	/etc/opa/chassis
/etc/sysconfig/esm_chassis	/etc/opa/esm_chassis
/etc/sysconfig/hosts	/etc/opa/hosts
/etc/sysconfig/opafastfabric.conf	/etc/opa/opafastfabric.conf
/etc/sysconfig/opaff.xml	/etc/opa/opaff.xml Changed to /etc/opa/opamgt_tls.xml in 10.7.
/etc/sysconfig/opamon.conf	/etc/opa/opamon.conf
/etc/sysconfig/ports	/etc/opa/ports
/etc/sysconfig/switches	/etc/opa/switches

1.17 Product Constraints

- Power class 2 AOC are supported. You must use 10.5 (or newer) host software and 1.5 (or newer) UEFI for proper operation. Integrated HFI (-F) requires a specific BIOS level to support power class 2 AOC; contact your BIOS vendor for more information.
- Special considerations are required if using Intel® Parallel Studio 2019, Update 2.
 - The libpsm2 library provided in the Intel[®] OPA IFS package has been compiled with Intel[®] Parallel Studio 2019, initial release. Note that it does not compile correctly with the Intel[®] Parallel Studio 2019, Update 2.
 - Please use the *Intel® Parallel Studio 2019 Initial release* compiler if you need to recompile the PSM2 library.
 - When linking OpenMPI against the IFS-provided version of libfabric and Intel[®]
 MPI Library 2019, Update 2 is installed, the following environment variable setting must be made to ensure proper linking with the IFS libfabric:

```
source <IntelMPI installdir>/intel64/bin/mpivars.sh -
ofi internal=0
```

• The Secure boot feature in 10.9.2 requires a minimum UEFI version of 1.9.2.

1.18 Product Limitations

This release has the following product limitations:

- The embedded version of the Fabric Manager supports a maximum of 100 HFI ports involving less than 20 switch ASICs. Calculate the number of switch ASICs in your fabric as follows:
 - One ASIC per Intel[®] Omni-Path Edge Switch 100 Series
 - Two ASICs per Intel[®] Omni-Path Director Class Switch 100 Series Leaf module

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- Two ASICs per Intel[®] Omni-Path Director Class Switch 100 Series Spine module
- Performance Administration (PA) Failover should **not** be enabled with FMs running on differing software versions.
 - To disable PA failover, edit the /etc/sysconfig/opafm.xml file and in the <Pm> section, change <ImageUpdateInterval> to 0.
- Enabling UEFI Optimized Boot on some platforms can prevent the HFI UEFI driver from loading during boot. To prevent this, do not enable UEFI Optimized Boot.

1.19 **Accelerated RDMA Information**

Accelerated RDMA is a Verbs protocol extension to improve the performance of RDMA write and RDMA read operations on Intel® Omni-Path hardware.

This extension improves the efficiency of large message transfers to provide performance benefits for storage protocols and other Verbs-based protocols. The benefits include increased achievable bandwidth with reduced CPU utilization. The Token ID (TID) RDMA protocol accelerates the OpenFabrics Alliance* (OFA) Verbs API with no changes required to API consumers. The acceleration technique is performed by the host driver and the application running over the OFA Verbs API does not need to make any code changes.

Accelerated RDMA is off by default.

To enable it, add cap mask=0x4c09a01cbba to the /etc/modprobe.d/hfi1.conf file. Instructions on how to do this are in the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide, Setting HFI1 Driver Parameters section.

Note:

It is not necessary to enable Accelerated RDMA on all nodes in a cluster. The performance effects of enabling Accelerated RDMA on a subset of nodes has not been characterized. It is highly recommended that you test to see if enabling this feature works best for your applications.

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2.0 Issues

This section lists the resolved and open issues in the Intel® Omni-Path Software.

2.1 Resolved Issues

2.1.1 Issues Resolved in this Release

The following table lists issues that are resolved in this release.

Table 13. Issues Resolved in this Release

ID	Description	Resolved in Release
STL-47578	Due to a SLES* 15 kernel setting, hfi1_eprom cannot work while the HFI driver is loaded. The tool and driver are mutually exclusive.	10.9.2
STL-55620	When Accelerated IPoFabric (AIP) is enabled, less cores are available for HFI driver sdma interrupts. The exact number depends on the number of CPU cores in the system. This could negatively impact send performance.	10.9.2
STL-56600	Using ./INSTALL -n to do a fresh installation will not set the irqbalance policy. This can cause a performance issue.	10.9.2
STL-47546	When an ISL goes down in the middle of an FM sweep (due to a disruption in the fabric such as a reboot), the SA copy of topology becomes invalid when the Fattree routing algorithm is used. SA queries that use this topology (e.g., path record query) fail. Note: A path record query failure can be seen in FM log as "INVALID TOPOLOGY" messages. The issue will resolve after the FM's next successful sweep.	10.9.1
STL-46211 STL-47907	For SLES OSes, when IPoIB is enabled and working, the IFS INSTALL erroneously displays IPoIB as "disabled". When the IFS is upgraded, this display error causes the INSTALL to disable IPoIB in order to keep the same configuration.	10.9.1
STL-48065	In some boot scenarios the BIOS can order the device paths such that it passes the device handle of a device implementing the EFI_NETWORK_INTERFACE_IDENTIFIER_PROTOCOL, which is not a child of the HFI device path. In these cases, the HFI UEFI driver can attempt to obtain access to internal structures based on the physical memory location of the controller name passed. This can result in an unexpected behavior in the BIOS. This is addressed by explicitly confirming that the controller handle passed by the BIOS matches the HFI device controller for child device handles.	10.9.0.1
132207	Kernel crash caused by the ib_srpt module.	10.9.0
139743 143031 143115	Under a very heavy load through the IPoIB interface, the kernel warning NETDEV WATCHDOG: ib0 (hfil): transmit queue 0 timed out, followed by the messages queue stopped 1, tx_head xxx, tx_tail xxx and transmit timeout: latency xxxx msecs may be seen. As of V10.9.0, this issue is no longer valid.	10.9.0
143296	When irqbalance uses the argumenthintpolicy=exact, it applies the policy of setting the hardware interrupts to CPU core mappings according to device drivers preferences. For the HFI1 driver, it is strongly recommended to preserve interrupt locality for low latency and high bandwidth by having a dedicated CPU core per interrupt.	10.9.0



ID	Description	Resolved in Release
141740	Third-Party Issue: Due to the race condition during boot up ipoib driver can miss PKey change event that will leave ipoib interface in disconnected state.	10.9.0
144996	Running workloads with more than 78 ranks with the Open MPI OFI MTL over OFI Verbs;OFI_RXM provider may result in a hang with message sizes larger than 65 KB.	10.9.0
145415	ESM hangs after the first sweep in a configuration that includes all <virtualfabric> sections that are enabled and with QOS =1, where <basesl> is defined in all with values other than 0. Symptoms of this hang are: SA or PA queries to ESM time out (e.g., opareport fails with FTIMEOUT) SM does not resweep after SweepInterval, multicast membership change, or fabric change smControl shutdown is issued but ESM never reaches stopped state</basesl></virtualfabric>	10.9.0
145474	OFI Verbs mpi_stress may cause verbs/MSG provider completion queue overrun that results in dropped completions. They show up as sequence errors in the test.	10.9.0
145585	SLES* 15 ./INSTALL script does not properly run dracut -f.	10.9.0
145623	For systems running on SLES* 15, there is a known issue with irqbalance.	10.9.0
145855	If the Admin VF is not running on VLO, the HSM may get into a state where it is unable to talk to the fabric. The sweep will log the following errors:	10.9.0
	opamgt ERROR: [<pid>] omgt_send_mad2: send failed; Invalid argument, agent id 2 MClass 0x81 method 0x1 attrId 0x11 attrM 0x0 WARN [topology]: SM: sm_send_stl_request_impl: Error Sending to Path:[1] Lid:[0xfffffffff [Can't find node in topology!]. AID:[NODEINFO] TID:[0x00000000000031] Status:[OK (0x00000000)] WARN [topology]: SM: topology main: TT: too many errors during sweep, will re-sweep in a few seconds rc: 108: unrecoverable error</pid>	
146271	When using libpsm2 with PSM2_CUDA=1, workloads may assert() during MPI_Recv or MPI_collective operations where the source buffer is a GPU buffer and located on the same node, i.e., intranode transfer. The destination buffer locality has no influence. This assert() will only affect transfers that are not aligned to the start of the source buffer.	10.9.0
146456	In a fabric with only one Edge switch using the fat tree routing algorithm, a port can get stuck in the Init (LinkUp) state after the port is bounced.	10.9.0
STL-46606 STL-47956 STL-48661	Bouncing a link or rebooting a device under certain fabric conditions may cause a switch in the fabric to be removed from the Fabric Manager's internal view of the topology leading to fabric disruptions and instability.	10.9.0
STL-46790	In cases where GSI services are active and the FM is receiving capability change traps (common after node reboots), FM responsiveness may be impacted. This could result in data traffic disruption or unexpected FM failovers. GSI traffic would include the PM, SA, and DBSync (FM failover).	10.9.0

2.1.2 Issues Resolved in Prior Releases

The following table lists issues that were resolved in prior releases.

Table 14. Issues Resolved in Prior Releases

ID	Description	Resolved in Release
STL-46790	In cases where GSI services are active and the FM is receiving capability change traps (common after node reboots), FM responsiveness may be impacted. This could result in data traffic disruption or unexpected FM failovers.	10.8.0.2
		continued

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ID	Description	Resolved in Release
	GSI traffic would include the PM, SA, and DBSync (FM failover).	
STL-46606 STL-47956 STL-48661	Bouncing a link or rebooting a device under certain fabric conditions may cause a switch in the fabric to be removed from the Fabric Manager's internal view of the topology leading to fabric disruptions and instability.	10.8.0.1
STL-47546	When an ISL goes down in the middle of an FM sweep (due to a disruption in the fabric such as a reboot), the SA copy of topology becomes invalid when the Fattree routing algorithm is used. SA queries that use this topology (e.g., path record query) fail. Note: A path record query failure can be seen in FM log as "INVALID TOPOLOGY" messages.	10.8.0.1
	The issue will resolve after the FM's next successful sweep.	
135981 143631	In RHEL 7.3, irabalance spams messages every ten seconds with snippet below. The HFI driver sets affinity and the Omni Fabric install sets /etc/sysconfg/irabalance to use exact. IRQBALANCE_ARGS=hintpolicy=exact Irabalancer scans the isolopus and nohz_full kernel masks and adds the corresponding CPUs to the banned_cpus mask. This works fine for valid masks, but not for the default, empty masks. In this case, when they read from the sysfs they return empty strings, "\n" or "0x0, \n" Note: RHEL* 7.3 is no longer supported.	10.8
136432	Certain perftest tools such as ib_write_bw do not work on RHEL* 7.3 when using the RDMA CM with UD QPs. Note: RHEL* 7.3 is no longer supported.	10.8
140797 141558 141852 142476	When installing an IFS tar package on a server where the OS-resident OPA software has been installed, the installation may fail to properly update all the RPMs. This is due to the use of Epoch tagging on the OS-resident OPA software which makes the OS-resident RPMs appear to be newer than RPMs in the IFS tar package.	10.8
141263	The GUPS application that is included as part of Sandia Open Shmem apps may fail with more than 1% of error when executed with more that four PEs. Note: GUPs does not use atomic XOR operations given they are not supported in the OpenShmem specification, version 1.3. This is addressed in version 1.4.	10.8
141636	During the Intel OPA installation, the ramdisk may be rebuilt multiple times; however, only the last build is necessary.	10.8
141586	Using SLES* 12 SP2 and SP3, INSTALL -a fails due to dependency issues. The following information to resolve this issue has been added to the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software Installation Guide, OS RPMs Installation Prerequisites section: "Prior to installing Intel OPA, install the SLES SDK iso from SUSE which contains additional, required development packages."	10.8
141793	Use of a static buffer could produce an incorrect device name (hfi1_x) in dmesg logging.	10.8
142330	MPI applications that leverage the PSM2 library's access to the HFI ASICs Memory Mapped IO and that access the MMIO directly (not via PSM2) can potentially cause an "unsupported opcode" error which some servers handle as a critical error. Note: A side effect of this issue is that the hfi1 driver automatically masks the AER Unsupported Request error for the OPA1 HFI device.	10.8
143311	During UEFI pre-boot with the connected switch running 10.7.0.0.134, the OPA link may not complete initialization if the link is bounced or restarted. This behavior is limited to the pre-boot period. There is no exposure once Linux boot has completed.	10.8
143449	PM will scroll LQI=0 and Integrity Exceeded Threshold logs when an additional VF with QoS enabled and a device group that is not "All". Note: This issue does not occur when running against the default opafm.xml configuration file.	10.8
		continued



ID	Description	Resolved in Release
143915	When specific messages that are of non-double word length (not 4 B) and less than 1 MTU in size (10,240 B in most configurations) are sent, they may never complete, causing an application to wait indefinitely.	10.8
	Note: This issue occurs on machines with more than 28 CPU cores (not including hyperthreads) or more than 28 HFI contexts enabled per Intel® Omni-Path HFI.	
144165	Nodes unable to ping on IPoIB. Note: This issue occurs when a host port disappears and reappears from the FM's topology (usually due discovery timeout or major fabric disruption), while the port remains ACTIVE the entire time. This results in the host port not being a member of the IP multicast groups. The primary symptom is the inability to resolve IP addresses via ARP.	10.8
144795	ESM assigns invalid MLIDs. IPoIB and other applications that use multicast will not function correctly with invalid MLIDs.	10.8
145399 146088	Using the ./INSTALL -i command results in errors due to missing dependencies.	10.8
145917	As required by the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification, when the Bus is idle for less than 50 μ s, the HFI card pulls the Bus into low voltage. However, the Bus does not remain in low voltage for a long enough interval.	10.8

2.2 Open Issues

The following table lists the open issues for this release.

Table 15. Open Issues

ID	Description	Workaround
129563 (STL-47095)	Memory allocation errors with MVAPICH2-2.1/Verbs.	 Note: To avoid this issue, use MPIs over PSM. If you are using MPIs over verbs, the following workaround is required: When running MVAPICH2 jobs with a large number of ranks (for example, > 36 ranks but ≤ 72 ranks), you must set the following parameters in /etc/security/limits.conf:
134819	In KNL-F EFI shell, the command ifconfig -l does not correctly display the IP address after being assigned via DHCP.	Driver Module Parameters chapter. Launch a newer version of the EFI shell from the embedded shell.
135028	NVMe over Fabric Protocol is only supported on Intel® OPA with Linux* kernel 4.5 and later versions.	To use NVMe functionality on Intel® OPA, you must patch the kernel.
135830 (STL-46193)	On Intel [®] Xeon Phi [™] systems, failure observed during software upgrade when rebuilding the boot image. Error message contains: Rebuilding boot image with "/usr/bin/dracut -f"	Install parallel gzip (pigz) and make it the default compression tool prior to upgrading the software.
136822	The Intel UEFI driver contained in the server BIOS must be executed for proper support of Active Optical Cables (AOC) in an integrated HFI environment. Some BIOS do not execute the UEFI in Legacy BIOS	Avoid the use of Legacy BIOS boot mode if your platform does not execute the HFI driver in that mode.
		continued



139368 So us im To all The EX	soot mode, and there are BIOS configuration settings hat may prevent the UEFI from executing in any mode. Some applications compiled with older compilers may isse a personality bit that signifies that READ should mply EXECUTE permissions. To improve system security, the hfi1 driver does not allow execute permissions on PSM memory maps. Therefore, applications that use READ implies execute will fail to run. The Subsystem Vendor and Subsystem Device ID in the PCI configuration space of Intel® Omni-Path discrete HFI cards may not indicate the correct OEM endor and device. As a result, the lspci command may show incorrect Subsystem Vendor and Device ID information. This issue affects Intel server boards for intel® Xeon® Processor v3 and v4 Product Family	Avoid BIOS settings or other configuration settings that do not execute the HFI driver during boot. As root, run the execstack tool to clear the executable bit on the binary: execstack -c <binary> Alternatively, recompile the binary to not set this personality bit. Reconfigure the system from Legacy OS boot mode to UEFI boot mode.</binary>
us im To al Th E) 139613 Th th di ve m in In	use a personality bit that signifies that READ should mply EXECUTE permissions. To improve system security, the hfi1 driver does not allow execute permissions on PSM memory maps. Therefore, applications that use READ implies EXECUTE will fail to run. The Subsystem Vendor and Subsystem Device ID in the PCI configuration space of Intel® Omni-Path discrete HFI cards may not indicate the correct OEM endor and device. As a result, the lspci command may show incorrect Subsystem Vendor and Device ID information. This issue affects Intel server boards for	executable bit on the binary: execstack -c <binary> Alternatively, recompile the binary to not set this personality bit. Reconfigure the system from Legacy OS boot mode</binary>
th di ve m in In	he PCI configuration space of Intel® Omni-Path liscrete HFI cards may not indicate the correct OEM rendor and device. As a result, the lspci command may show incorrect Subsystem Vendor and Device ID offormation. This issue affects Intel server boards for	
	onfigured in Legacy OS boot mode.	
sy fo	When installing Intel® Omni-Path Software on a clean ystem (with no prior versions installed), the ollowing error message may be displayed: at: //etc/opa/version_delta: No such file or directory	This message can be safely ignored. The installer is looking for an IFS version file before it has been created on the system. The installation is not impacted.
(STL-47901) nu Th nu de fo Th se arr ww	n 10.8, the output of the module parameter num_user_contexts has been changed. The value of the module parameter num_user_context used at driver init time letermines the number of receive contexts reserved or PSM. The default value of -1 caused the driver init equence to determine how many CPUs are available, and assigned the context count to that value. It would then update the module parameter num_user_contexts with that value. This incorrect behavior has been fixed.	Do not use <pre>num_user_contexts</pre> to determine how many context can be used. To determine the number of available user contexts, refer to the sysfs file: /sys/class/infiniband/hfil_ <port>/nctxts</port>
(STL-47003) w	Oue to a SLES* 15 kernel setting, hfidiags cannot work while the HFI driver is loaded. The tool and lriver are mutually exclusive.	Boot the kernel with iomem=relaxed. This turns of the resource exclusivity check.
ap re is	Due to changes in the SLES* 15 kernel, a user space pplication cannot access a hardware resource if that esource is being used by a kernel driver. The result is that the hfi1_eprom cannot access the EEPROM on in HFI when hfi1 kernel driver is using the device.	Perform the following workaround: 1. Unload hfi1 kernel driver: rmmod hfi1 2. Run hfi1_eprom commands. 3. Reload hfi1 kernel driver: modprobe hfi1
m	n FM running on SLES* 12.3 on certain older CPUs nay experience instability due to a CPU hardware errata.	Follow instructions provided by SUSE to disable hardware lock elision at: https://www.suse.com/support/kb/doc/?id=702228
do re	SLES 12.2 shipped with an old version ibacm that loes not include the unit file. Since IFS INSTALL elies on systemd to turn on/off services, enabling pacm with IFS INSTALL fails.	Manually create the ibacm.service file.
dι	n rare cases, a program crash may be experienced luring process cleanup when running with the OpenMPI PSM2 MTL (Matching Transport Layer).	Restart the workload
ps	since libfabric 1.6 (which is included in IFS 10.8), the ism2 provider maps OFI endpoints directly to HFI ontexts instead of multiplexing multiple OFI	Set PSM2_MULTI_EP=0.



	Description	Workaround
	endpoints to a single HFI context. This relies on the multi-EP feature of the PSM2 library and thus the provider automatically sets PSM2_MULTI_EP=1 if it has not been set. However, enabling the multi-EP feature also disables context sharing. As the result, applications may experience the following runtime error when trying to oversubscribe CPU cores (which is usually the same as available HFI contexts).	Note: This only works for applications that open only one OFI endpoint per process.
	hfi_userinit: assign_context command failed: Device or resource busy PSM2 can't open hfi unit: -1 (err=23)	
	Note: Applications that don't use libfabric are not affected.	
STL-48480	When running workloads with Intel® MPI or OpenMPI using OFI RXM and Verbs providers, if more than 100 ranks are running, it is possible for the workload to hang during message passing.	If Verbs messaging is not required, use one of the following methods to run with the PSM2 provider: • Intel® MPI: -genv I_MPI_OFI_PROVIDER 'psm2' • OpenMPI:mca mtl_ofi_provider_include 'psm2'
STL-48921	If you attempt to unload or restart the hfi1 driver while the ib_ipoib driver is loaded, it may fail with a message similar to this:	To avoid this issue, unload the ib_ipoib driver before unloading or restarting the hfi1 driver.
	modprobe: FATAL: Module hfil is in use	
STL-49210	For RHEL* 7.5 and newer and SLES* 15, SLES* 12.4 and newer, when Accelerated IP (AIP) is disabled and IPoFabric is configured in datagram mode, no bulk traffic will occur if the configured ib0 MTU size is larger than what default (non-AIP) IPoFabric can support.	Enable AIP or reduce the locally configured ib0 MTU size to a size that default IPoFabric can support (e.g., 4092 bytes).
STL-49313	On OS versions (RHEL* 7.5 and newer and SLES* 15, SLES* 12.4 and newer) where it is available, configuring IPoIB module parameter ipoib_enhanced=0 disables AIP on same node.	To run with AIP, ensure enhanced IPoIB is enabled (ipoib_enhanced=1).
STL-56236	When running workloads with OpenMPI using the OFI RXM and Verbs providers, a rare segmentation fault may be encountered during message processing with many ranks. This issue will result in the workload failing and will require the workload to be rerun.	If Verbs messaging is not required, PSM2 messaging can be used to workaround this issue by running:mca mtl_ofi_provider_include 'psm2'
STL-56557	The primary IPoIB network device associated with any RDMA device may fail to join certain multicast groups. This can prevent IPv6 neighbor discovery and possibly other network ULPs from working correctly. Note that the IPv4 broadcast group is not affected as the IPoIB network device handles joining that multicast group directly. This problem does not affect IPoIB child network devices.	Perform one of the following workarounds: Do not use IPv6 over a parent IPoIB device. Only load the IPoIB module after the HFI link is ACTIVE with a valid pkey assigned. Bounce (unload, then load) the IPoIB module anytime a pkey change occurs.
STL-56887	When installing OPA with CUDA, openmpi_gcc_cuda_hfi is required.	For non-CUDA installations, when you run the recommended command from the opacreaterepo script, remove openmpi_gcc_cuda_hfi from the command line.



ID	Description	Workaround
	When creating a repository for OPA without CUDA, opacreaterepo script recommends openmpi_gcc_cuda_hfi by mistake.	
STL-57040	If Intel® MPI 2019, Update 2 and OpenMPI are installed on the same cluster, OpenMPI jobs could link to the Intel® MPI internal libfabric library after running Intel® MPI mpivars.sh.	Before running an OpenMPI job, perform the following to reset the libfabric environment variables that had been previously set by Intel® MPI.
		source <installdir>/intel64/bin/mpivars.sh - ofi_internal=0</installdir>
STL-57127	Restarting the irqbalance service while the HFI1 driver is loaded may cause improper or inconsistent distribution of interrupts, which may result in low network transfer performance.	Irqbalance must be stopped before starting the HFI1 module. Perform the following command sequence:
		systemctl stop irqbalance modprobe -r ib_ipoib modprobe -r hfil modprobe hfil modprobe ib_ipoib systemctl start irqbalance

2.2.1 Third Party Open Issues

The following table lists the third party open issues for this release.

Table 16. Third Party Open Issues

ID	Description	Workaround
133604	Bonding driver shows incorrect hardware address of IPoIB interfaces.	This workaround applies to SLES* 12 SP3 (and earlier) distributions: Use the opainfo command to retrieve the PortGUID and ip addr show ib0 to get the correct 20-byte hardware address of OPA network interface.
139924	For SLES*, the ibacmp provided in the OS distribution uses incorrect address information when joining multicast groups. This causes name resolution to fail. The dsap provided in the OS distribution works correctly.	The fix for this issue is available in the library rdma-core-15-2.el7. • Do not use the OS distribution ibacmp. • Install rdma-core-15-2.el7 manually.
140310 (STL-46700)	On RHEL* 7.5, if an ipofabric interface name is non-standard, the ifcfg file is not read correctly. For example, if you are using the ipofabric interface name opa_ib0, and the connected mode and MTU size is specified in the ifcfg-opa_ib0 file, when you bring up the interface with ifup, the settings do not take effect.	You must manually enter: echo connected > /sys/class/net/opa_ib0/ mode for the settings to take effect.
141273 (STL-46935)	The in-distro version of perftests has bugs.	Use the upstream version of perftest from https://github.com/linux-rdma/perftest.



3.0 Related Information

3.1 Intel® Omni-Path Documentation Library

Intel® Omni-Path publications are available at the following URLs:

- Intel® Omni-Path Switches Installation, User, and Reference Guides http://www.intel.com/omnipath/SwitchPublications
- Intel[®] Omni-Path Software Installation, User, and Reference Guides (includes HFI documents)
 - http://www.intel.com/omnipath/FabricSoftwarePublications
- Drivers and Software (including Release Notes)
 http://www.intel.com/omnipath/Downloads

Use the tasks listed in this table to find the corresponding ${\sf Intel}^{\circledR}$ ${\sf Omni-Path}$ document.

Task	Document Title	Description	
Key: Shading indicates the URL to use for accessing the particular document.			
Intel® Omni-Path S	Switches Installation, User, and Reference	Guides: http://www.intel.com/omnipath/SwitchPublications	
	Intel® Omni-Path Software Installation, User, and Reference Guides (includes HFI documents): http://www.intel.com/omnipath/FabricSoftwarePublications (no shading)		
• Drivers, Software,	and Firmware (including Release Notes): I	http://www.intel.com/omnipath/Downloads	
Using the Intel® OPA documentation set	Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabric Quick Start Guide	A roadmap to Intel's comprehensive library of publications describing all aspects of the product family. This document outlines the most basic steps for getting your Intel® Omni-Path Architecture (Intel® OPA) cluster installed and operational.	
Setting up an Intel® OPA cluster	Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabric Setup Guide	Provides a high level overview of the steps required to stage a customer-based installation of the Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabric. Procedures and key reference documents, such as Intel [®] Omni-Path user guides and installation guides, are provided to clarify the process. Additional commands and best known methods are defined to facilitate the installation process and troubleshooting.	
Installing hardware	Intel [®] Omni-Path Fabric Switches Hardware Installation Guide	Describes the hardware installation and initial configuration tasks for the Intel® Omni-Path Switches 100 Series. This includes: Intel® Omni-Path Edge Switches 100 Series, 24 and 48-port configurable Edge switches, and Intel® Omni-Path Director Class Switches 100 Series.	
	Intel [®] Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface Installation Guide	Contains instructions for installing the HFI in an Intel® OPA cluster.	
Continued			

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Installing switch Installing switch Installing as witch Using Chassis Viewer GUI Installing switch User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite FastFabric User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite FastFabric User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Managing a fabric Using Fastre Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide Provides instructions for using the set of fabric management tools designed to simplify and optimize common fabric commands and be accessed as console help in the Fabric Manager GUI. The Fabric Manager uses a well defined management protocot to communicate with management agents in every Intel® Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface (FIT) and switch. Through these interfaces the Fabric Interface (FIT) and switch. Through these interfaces the Fabric Interface (FIT) and switch. Through these interfaces the Fabric Interface (FIT) and switch. Through these interfaces the fabric Manager is able to discover, configure, and monitor the fabric. Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Host Software User Guide Configuring and administering Intel® HFI and IPolB driver Running MPI applications on Intel® OPA Writing and running middleware that uses Intel® OPA Provides instructions for using the set of fabric management tools designed to simplify and optimize on the Fabric Commands can be accessed as console help in the Fabric to communicate with management agents in every Intel® Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface (HIT) and switch. Through these i	Task	Document Title	Description
User Gull Installing switch firmware (managed switches) Managing a switch Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Command Line Interface Reference Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Host Software Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Intel® Omni-Path Intel® Omni-Path Intel® Omni-Path Intel® Omni-Path Intel®	software Installing HFI firmware Installing switch firmware (externally-		you through the installation process. You have the option of using command line interface (CLI) commands to perform the
Describes the command line interface (CLI) task information for the Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager gus a fabric using Fabric Manager User Guide	using Chassis Viewer GUI Installing switch firmware (managed		Omni-Path Fabric Chassis Viewer GUI. This document provides task-oriented procedures for configuring and managing the Intel® Omni-Path Switch family.
Managing a fabric using FastFabric Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager (III) menus and command line interface (CLI) commands. Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager (III) menus and command line interface (CLI) commands. Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager (III) menus and command line interface (III) menus and command line interface (CLI) commands can be accessed as console help in the Fabric Manager (III. The Fabric Manager uses a well defined management protocol to communicate with management agents in every Intel® Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface (IFI) and switch. Through these interfaces the Fabric Manager is able to discover, configure, and monitor the fabric. Provides an intuitive, scalable dashboard and set of analysis tools for graphically monitoring fabric status and configuration. This document is a user-friendly alternative to traditional command-line tools for day-to-day monitoring of fabric health. Help: Fabric Manager GUI embedded help files Describes how to set up and administer the Host Fabric Interface (HFI) after the software has been installed. The audience for this document is a user-friendly application programmers. Provides a reference for programmers working with the Intel® papilications on Intel® OPA Writing and running middleware that uses Intel® Performance Scaled Messaging 2 (PSM2 P) Programmer's Guide Describes BIOS settings and parameters that have been shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance or your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance routers old the first. Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB router solution (Linux* IP or ILNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a leaver. InfiniBadr4 fabric.	using the CLI Installing switch firmware (managed	Command Line Interface Reference	for the Intel [®] Omni-Path Switch family.
Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager User Guide Manager GUI User Guide Provides an intuitive, scalable dashboard and set of analysis tools for graphically monitoring fabric status and configuration. This document is a user-friendly alternative to traditional command-line tools for day-to-day monitoring of fabric health. Help: Fabric Manager GUI embedded help files			tools designed to simplify and optimize common fabric management tasks. The management tools consist of Text-based User Interface (TUI) menus and command line interface (CLI) commands. Help: -help and man pages for each CLI. Also, all host CLI commands can be accessed as console help in the Fabric
Using Fabric Manager Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Suite Fabric Manager GUI embedded help files Configuring and administering Intel® HFI and IPOIB driver Running MPI applications on Intel® OPA Writing and running middleware that uses Intel® OPA Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Scaled Messaging 2 (PSM2) Programmer's Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide Describes how to set up and administer the Host Fabric Interface (HFI) after the software has been installed. The audience for this document includes cluster administrators and Message-Passing Interface (MPI) application programmers. Provides a reference for programmers working with the Intel® PSM2 Application Programming Interface (API). The Performance Scaled Messaging 2 API (PSM2 API) is a low-level user-level communications interface. Describes BIOS settings and parameters that have been shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB router solution (Linux* IP or LNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a legacy InfiniBand* fabric.			Omni-Path Host Fabric Interface (HFI) and switch. Through these interfaces the Fabric Manager is able to discover,
administering Intel® HFI and IPoIB driver Running MPI applications on Intel® OPA Writing and running middleware that uses Intel® OPA Describes how to set up and administer the Host Fabric Interface (HFI) after the software has been installed. The audience for this document includes cluster administrators and Message-Passing Interface (MPI) application programmers. Provides a reference for programmers working with the Intel® PSM2 Application Programming Interface (API). The Performance Scaled Messaging 2 API (PSM2 API) is a low-level user-level communications interface. Optimizing system performance Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide Describes how to set up and administer the Host Fabric Interface (HFI) after the software has been installed. The audience for this document includes cluster administrators and Message-Passing Interface (MPI) application programmers. Provides a reference for programmers working with the Intel® PSM2 Application Programming Interface (API). The Performance Scaled Messaging 2 API (PSM2 API) is a low-level user-level communications interface. Describes BIOS settings and parameters that have been shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Designing an IP or LNet Omni-Path IP and LNet Router Design Guide (Old title: Intel® Omni-Path IP and Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB performance of the performance interested in Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB performance of the performance interested in Describes how to install, configure, and administer and IPoIB performance interested in Describes how to install, configure, and administer and IPoIB performance interested in Describes how to install, configure, and administer and IPoIB performance interested in Describes how to install, configure, and administer and IPoIB performance i			tools for graphically monitoring fabric status and configuration. This document is a user-friendly alternative to traditional command-line tools for day-to-day monitoring of fabric health.
Intel® Performance Scaled Messaging 2 (PSM2) Programmer's Guide PSM2 Application Programming Interface (API). The Performance Scaled Messaging 2 API (PSM2 API) is a low-level user-level communications interface. Describes BIOS settings and parameters that have been shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Describes BIOS settings and parameters that have been shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB router solution (Linux* IP or LNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a legacy InfiniBand* fabric.	administering Intel® HFI and IPoIB driver Running MPI applications on		Interface (HFI) after the software has been installed. The audience for this document includes cluster administrators and Message-Passing Interface (MPI) application
Optimizing system performance Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Performance Tuning User Guide Shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Designing an IP or LNet router on Intel® Omni-Path IP and LNet Router Design Guide OPA OPA OPA Shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system, these tips may help you obtain better performance. Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB router solution (Linux* IP or LNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a legacy InfiniBand* fabric.	middleware that		Performance Scaled Messaging 2 API (PSM2 API) is a low-
Designing an IP or LNet router on Intel® Control of title: Intel® Omni-Path IP and Describes how to install, configure, and administer an IPoIB router solution (Linux* IP or LNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a legacy InfiniBand* fabric.			shown to ensure best performance, or make performance more consistent, on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture. If you are interested in benchmarking the performance of your system,
continued	LNet router on Intel®	Design Guide (Old title: Intel® Omni-Path IP and	router solution (Linux* IP or LNet) for inter-operating between Intel® Omni-Path and a legacy InfiniBand* fabric.



Task	Document Title	Description	
Building Containers for Intel® OPA fabrics	Building Containers for Intel® Omni- Path Fabrics using Docker* and Singularity* Application Note	Provides basic information for building and running Docker* and Singularity* containers on Linux*-based computer platforms that incorporate Intel® Omni-Path networking technology.	
Writing management applications that interface with Intel® OPA	Intel® Omni-Path Management API Programmer's Guide	Contains a reference for programmers working with the Intel® Omni-Path Architecture Management (Intel OPAMGT) Application Programming Interface (API). The Intel OPAMGT API is a C-API permitting in-band and out-of-band queries of the FM's Subnet Administrator and Performance Administrator.	
Using NVMe* over Fabrics on Intel® OPA	Configuring Non-Volatile Memory Express* (NVMe*) over Fabrics on Intel® Omni-Path Architecture Application Note	Describes how to implement a simple Intel® Omni-Path Architecture-based point-to-point configuration with one target and one host server.	
	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Software Release Notes		
Learning about new	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Manager GUI Release Notes		
release features, open issues, and resolved issues for a particular release	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Switches Release Notes (includes managed and externally-managed switches)		
	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) Release Notes		
	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Thermal Management Microchip (TMM) Release Notes		
	Intel® Omni-Path Fabric Firmware Tools Release Notes		

3.1.1 How to Search the Intel® Omni-Path Documentation Set

Many PDF readers, such as Adobe* Reader and Foxit* Reader, allow you to search across multiple PDFs in a folder.

Follow these steps:

- 1. Download and unzip all the Intel® Omni-Path PDFs into a single folder.
- Open your PDF reader and use CTRL-SHIFT-F to open the Advanced Search window.
- 3. Select All PDF documents in...
- 4. Select **Browse for Location** in the dropdown menu and navigate to the folder containing the PDFs.
- 5. Enter the string you are looking for and click **Search**.

Use advanced features to further refine your search criteria. Refer to your PDF reader Help for details.

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